Vietnam's scientific landscap

Dinh Ngoc Linh Embassy of Vietnam in Berne Switzerland



- China's Confucian influence (1000 years, end in 939 AD),
- Second, French colonial influence (1885-1945, 1954).
- > Soviet model of education and science research (in the North).
- French and US influences (short time in the South, end in 1975).
- Doi moi (renovation) policy from 1986 (considerable achivement but limit still to Know-why not Know-how

CHARACTERS: KNOW – WHY KNOW – HOW

- Government Strategies and Policies on S&T
 - Acknowledgement of the importance of S&T in ecosocialdevelopment.
 - Strategies for S&T development 2011-2020 (No418/QD-TTG 2012)
 - "Development of S&T together with education and training are the top national policies and key motivations for the country's fast and sustainable development"
 - Push up the socialization and mobilization from all resources (especially from enterprises to invest in S&T.
 - Develop S&T market, linked with enforcement of law of intellectual property.
 - Realize the role the International integration on S&T can plays on VN' S&T future (focus on IP rights, standards, metrology, quality and S&T services).

STRATEGIES AND POLICIES

- MOSTE (Ministry of Science and Technologies State management on S&T)
 - Provincial administrations
 - National Foudation for Science & Technology Development (NAFOSTED 3/2008)
- VAST (Vietnam Academy for Science and Technology)
- R&D (different ministerial organizations)

Major Governmental bodies and agencies for s&T

- Up to day, Vietnam has S&T collaboration with about 70 countries, international organizations and territories.
- > 80 S&T agreements at the governmental and ministerial levels has been concluded and being implemented.
- Vietnam is a member of 100 international and regional organizations on S&T.
- Vietnam has representative office for S&T in different countries (France, Japan, Australia, US...).

ACHIEVEMENTS



30% tổng dự án R&D toàn TG Đứng đầu TG về đổi mới công 17/11/2000: HĐ hợp tác KH&CN 17/11/2000: HĐ hợp tác KH&CN 2001: Khoá họp I. 2/2008: Khoá NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN hop 6 2010: Khoà EU Hỗ trợ VN tham gia FP7 -Chương trình khung 7, 53 tỷ Euro

Political Map of the World, April 2005

EU tài trợ nếu có 2 cơ quan EU và 2 nước ASEAN tham gia

HĐ hợp tác toàn diện với EU (Lập quan hệ NG 11/1990) TTCP đồng ý cho thành lập Tiểu ban hợp tác KH&CN VN-EC trực thuộc UBHH VN- Đã ký Hiệp cính HTKH&CN, SHTT và Năng lượng nguyê tử vì hoà bình. XD Trung tâm nhiệt đới Việt Nga.
30/3/2003 Putin " Những nền tảng của chính sách LB Nga về p/t KH&CN tới 2010 và những năm tiếp theo" (KHCB là nhận tế chiếu những năm tế chiếu những năm tế chiếu nhận tế chiếu những năm tế chiếu nhận tế chiế

NORTH

PACIFIC

OCEAN

RUSSIA

tiếp theo" (KHCB là nhân tố chiến từợc + tạo lập HTĐMQG) 2006 thông qua " Chiến lược p/t Khoa học và đổi mới ở Nga đến năm 2015" hiện đại hoá công

SOUTHERNOCEAN

Antarctica

- Switzerland
- ► Finland
- German
- Sweden
- Denmark
- Japan
- ► France
- ► US
- Russia

MAJOR PARTNERS



- Promote international collaboration on S&T in both bilateral and multilateral frameworks
- Enforcement of law and commitment on IP within the scope of WTO, APEC, ASEAN and with WIPO.
- Extend international cooperation on standards, metrology and quality (harmonizing VN standards to regional and the world).
- Establishment of the excellent institution for S&T funded by external sources.



- International coorperation in sicence & technology is understood to be a key component of plans for achievement of national goals in Vietnam.
- ► TFS report



- In the past, S&T of Vietnam is influenced of the Confucian, French colonial, Japanese and Soviet.
- The languages mastered by scholars during the first half of the 20th century (Chinese, Japanese, French, and Russian) have had significant consequences for the kinds of international networks of Vietnamese science.
- Despite the above influences, contemporary Vietnamese science is dynamic, experimenting with new forms of organization, as well as domestic and international partnerships. The new freedom with which individuals, teams and institutions in science can communicate and collaborate with foreign programs and institutions creates many opportunities for initiatives in the field of scientific capacity building.

Conclusion

- The theme of today semina and courses falls completely winthin our need.
- Represents for Vietnam in Switzerland, Embassy commits to provide our best services in connecting, facilitating and promoting scientific collaboration between universities, institutions, entrepreneurs, scientists, physicians...of the two sides.



VIETNAM-SWITZERLAND

Special program of cooperation in the field of intellectual property rights between Vietnam and Switzerland (based on bilateral agreement in July 1999), helped Vietnam in accession to WTO in 2007.

Recently, EPFL Leading House mandate belongs to the research cooperation programmes of the State Secretariat for Education, Research and Innovation (SERI).



THANK YOU !