



Assessing the impact of research-based active-learning materials on student conceptual understanding

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ENGINEERING EDUCATION RESEARCH GROUP AT THE CENTER FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING (TUHH)

Introduction

Prior research:

Conceptual understanding
and Concept Inventories

Recent work at TUHH:

Evaluating the effectiveness
of instructional materials

Open questions:

Identifying general technical skills
and introducing AI in assessment

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WHAT WE DO:

- Research on conceptual understanding in introductory engineering courses such as *Engineering Mechanics*, *Electric Circuits*, and *Control Theory* (e.g. through interviews)
- Development of instructional materials for these courses on the basis of our research results
- Support for university instructors in implementing these materials
- Research on their effectiveness (e.g. through *Concept Inventories*), including validation of used instruments



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ACTIVATING STUDENTS IN SMALL-GROUP SETTINGS

TUTORIALS (CONCEPTUAL COLLABORATIVE-GROUP WORKSHEETS)

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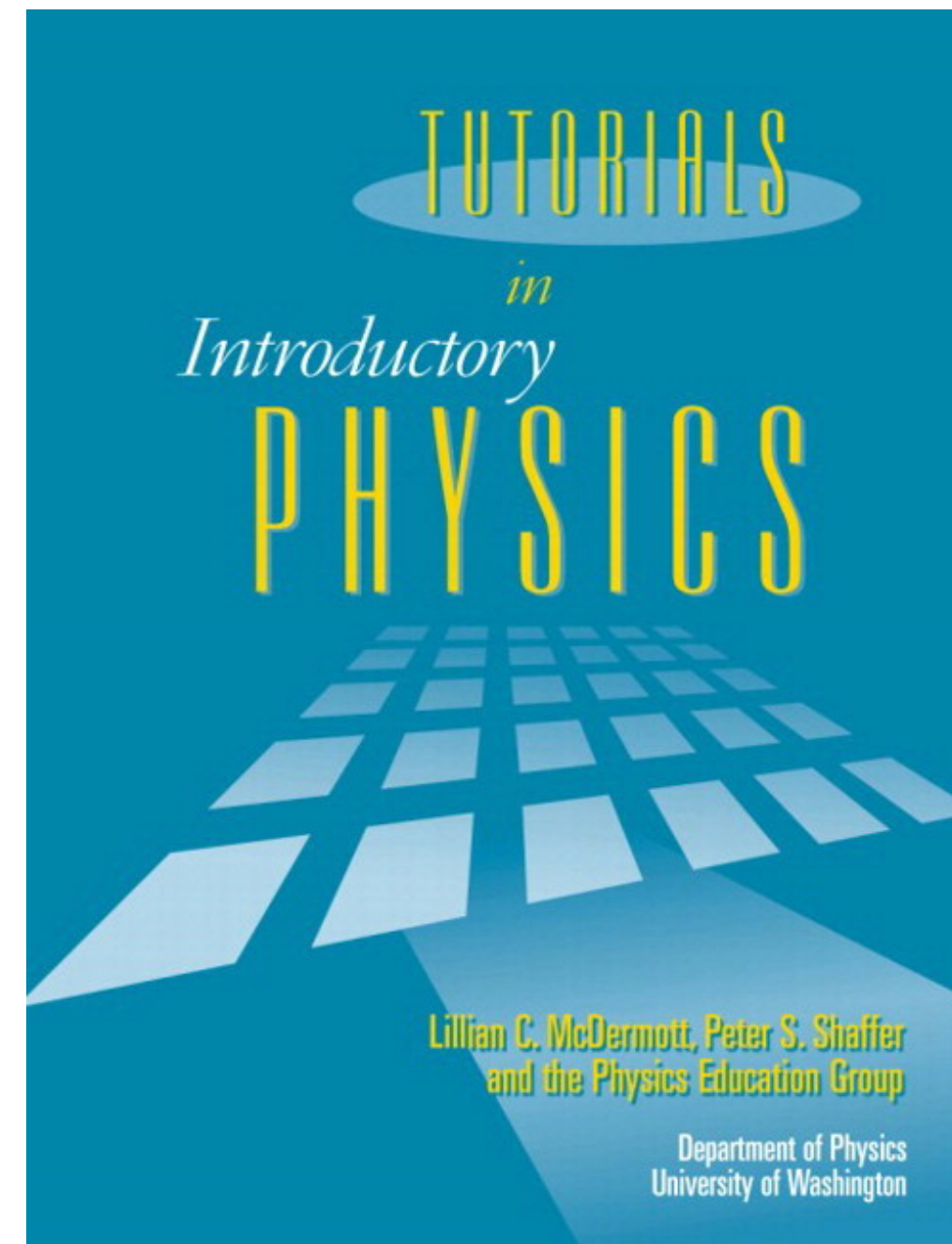
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**Physics Education Group
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PRIOR RESEARCH: **IDENTIFYING STUDENT CONCEPTUAL DIFFICULTIES AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF CONCEPT INVENTORIES**



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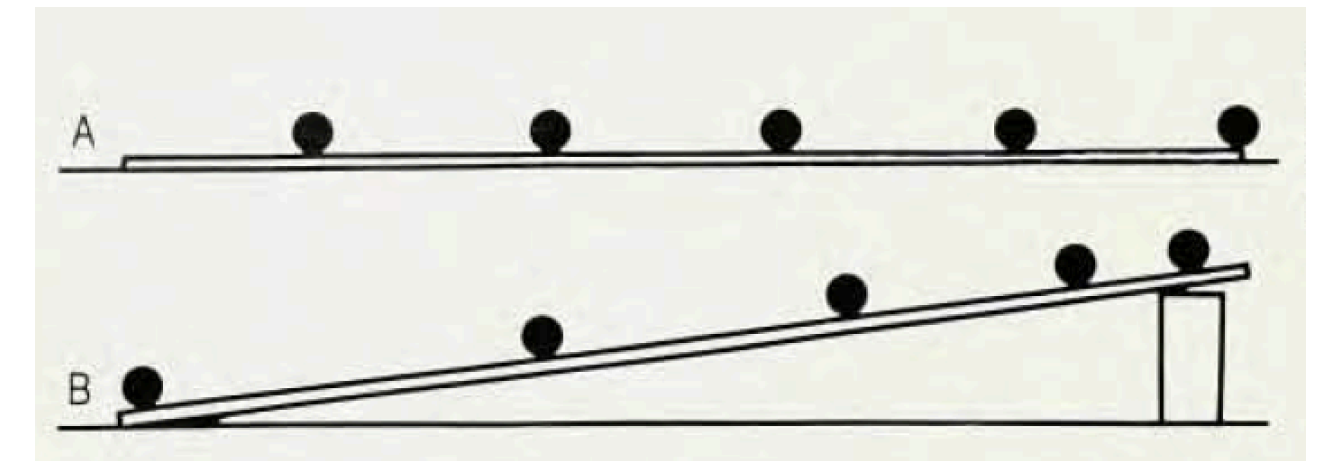
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IDENTIFYING CONCEPTUAL DIFFICULTIES IN MECHANICS

TROWBRIDGE & MCDERMOTT (1980, 1981):

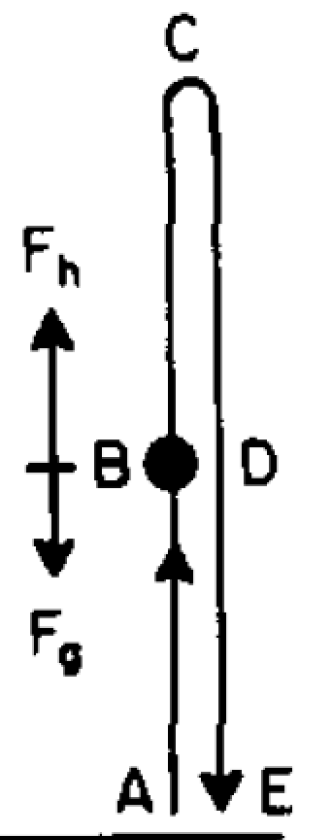
- using “individual demonstration interview”
(semi-structured, clinical interview)
- replication and extension of
PIAGETIAN motion tasks
- “position criterion to determine relative velocity”



CLEMENT (1982)

- using written test and problem solving interviews
- “motion implies a force” preconception

similar work by DISSA; DRIVER; MINSTRELL; SJØBERG; VIENNOT.





DEVELOPING A CONCEPTUAL DIAGNOSTIC TEST: THE FORCE CONCEPT INVENTORY

HESTENES et al. ([1985], 1992, 1995)

- 6 key Newtonian concepts related to force
- 29-item multiple-choice test
- inventory referred to as a “probe of belief systems”
- almost one-to-one correspondence
 - items to concepts
 - distractors to misconceptions
- sample item (# 13 [FCI29])
 - *Third Law* (for continuous forces)
 - “most active agent produces greatest force” (N2 vs. N3)



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D. Hestenes, M. Wells & G. Swackhamer,
Force Concept Inventory,
The Physics Teacher **30**, 141 (1992).



DEVELOPMENT OF CONCEPT INVENTORIES IN ENGINEERING (2000 – 2004)

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- eight “engineering coalitions” funded by US National Science Foundation
- *Foundation Coalition (FC)* subprojects focusing on foundational years in the engineering curriculum
- many including CI development
- mostly started in 2000; *FC* website in 2004 lists 12 CIs in: Thermodynamics; Strength of materials; Signals and systems; Electromagnetics; Circuits; Fluid mechanics; Materials; Chemistry; Dynamics, Heat transfer; Computer engineering; Electronics.
- development seems to have slowed down once funding ended

<https://web.archive.org/web/20040602200017/http://www.foundationcoalition.org/home/keycomponents/concept/index.html>



USING CONCEPT INVENTORIES TO MEASURE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF TEACHING: THE NORMALIZED GAIN

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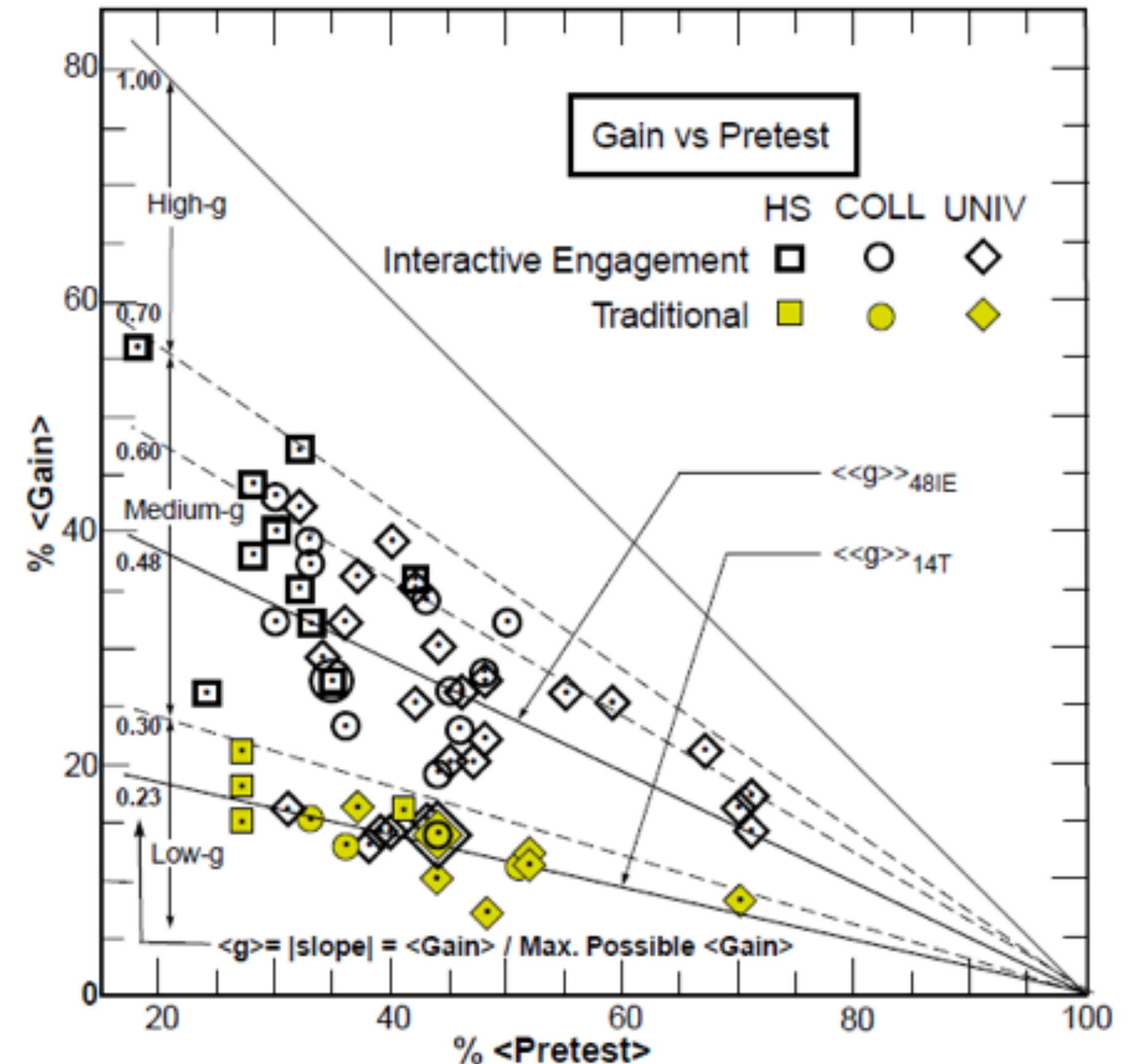
Hake, R.; „Interactive-engagement versus traditional methods: A six-thousand-student survey of mechanics test data for introductory physics courses. Am. J. Physics 66, 64-74 (1998).

HAKE (1998)

- data from 62 US high-school, college and university courses
- total $N = 6542$ students
- normalized learning gain:

$$g = \frac{(x_{\text{post}} - x_{\text{pre}})}{(1 - x_{\text{pre}})}$$

- $g \approx 0.23 (\pm 0.04)$ for trad.,
- $g \approx 0.48 (\pm 0.14)$ for interact. instruction





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RECENT WORK AT TUHH:

ASSESSMENT OF CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING FOR THE EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS IN ENGINEERING MECHANICS



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ADDED CHALLENGE IN ENGINEERING COURSES: USING NON-IDENTICAL PRE- AND POST-TESTS

- Strength of FCI and similar tests in introductory physics (including mechanics, electricity, optics)
 - items use scenarios from everyday life (more or less)
 - virtually no technical language or symbolism necessary
 - items can be *interpreted* correctly by novices
 - tests can be administered as pre-tests
 - in most introductory engineering courses, some technical terminology and formalism is introduced (FBDs, circuit symbols, block diagrams)
 - instruments that are useful as post-tests are not valid when used as pre-tests
- ➔ non-identical pre- and post-tests (NIPPs)
- ➔ normalised learning gain cannot be used



INTERPRETING RESULTS OF NON-IDENTICAL PRE- AND POST-TESTS

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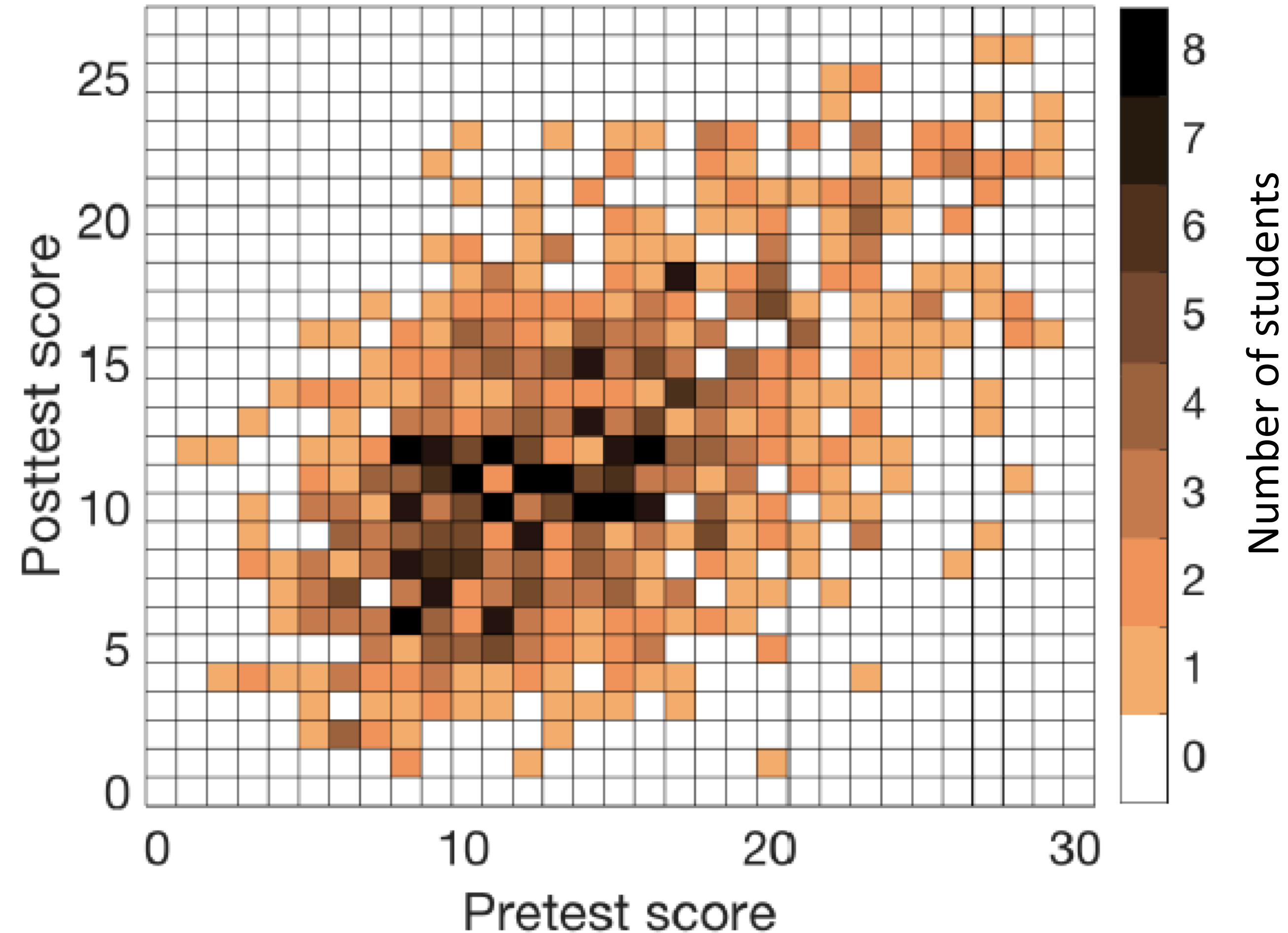
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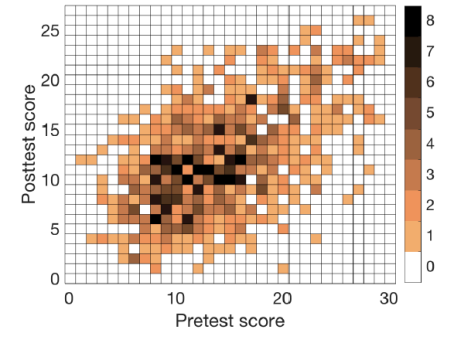
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J. Direnga, D. Timmermann, F. Kieckhäfer, and
C. Kautz, 'Refining the WLR: Quantifying the
difference in learning success between courses',
in *Research in Engineering Education
Symposium 2017 (REES2017)*, Bogotá,
Columbia, 2017.



“DISCRIMINATIVE LEARNING GAIN”



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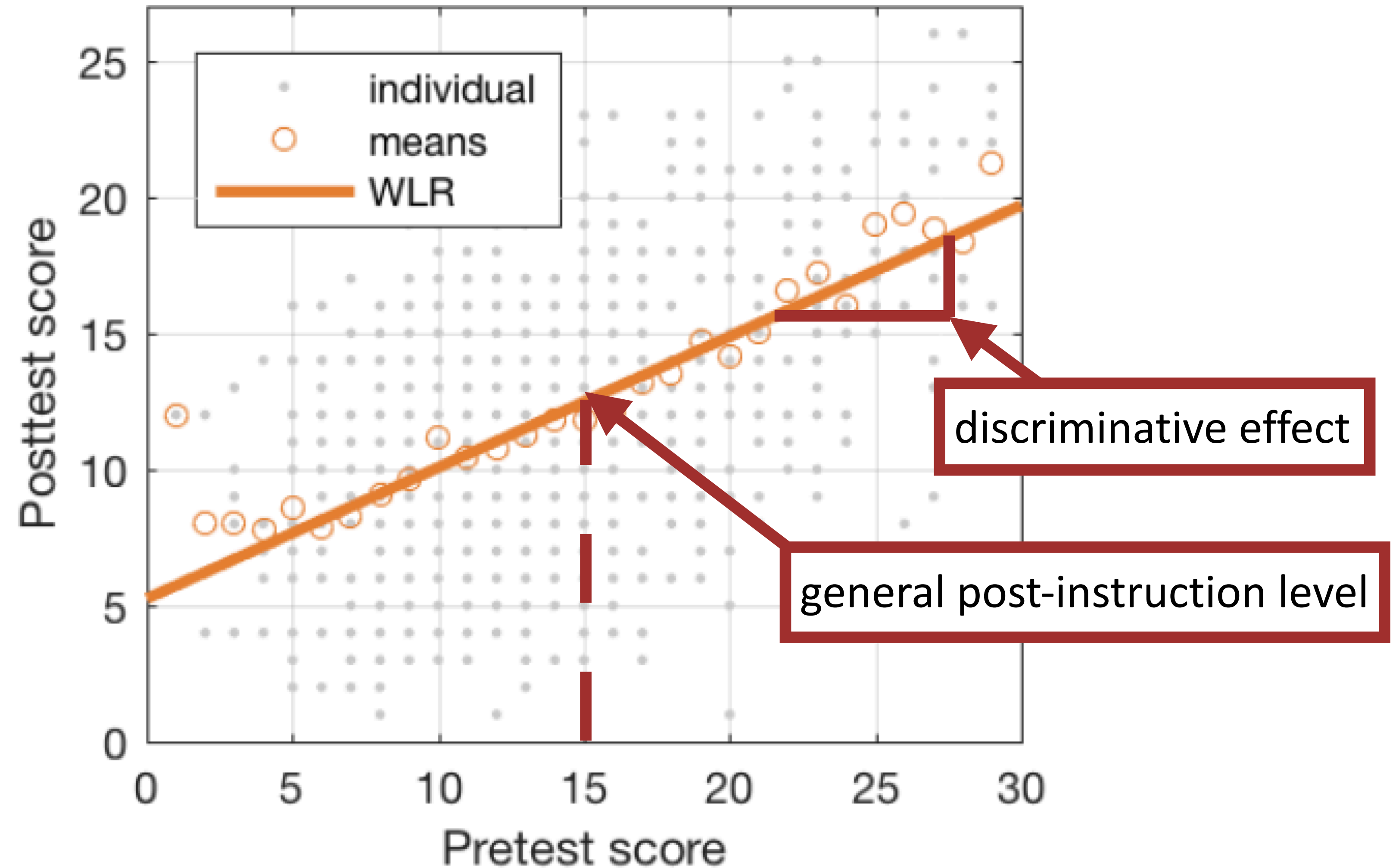
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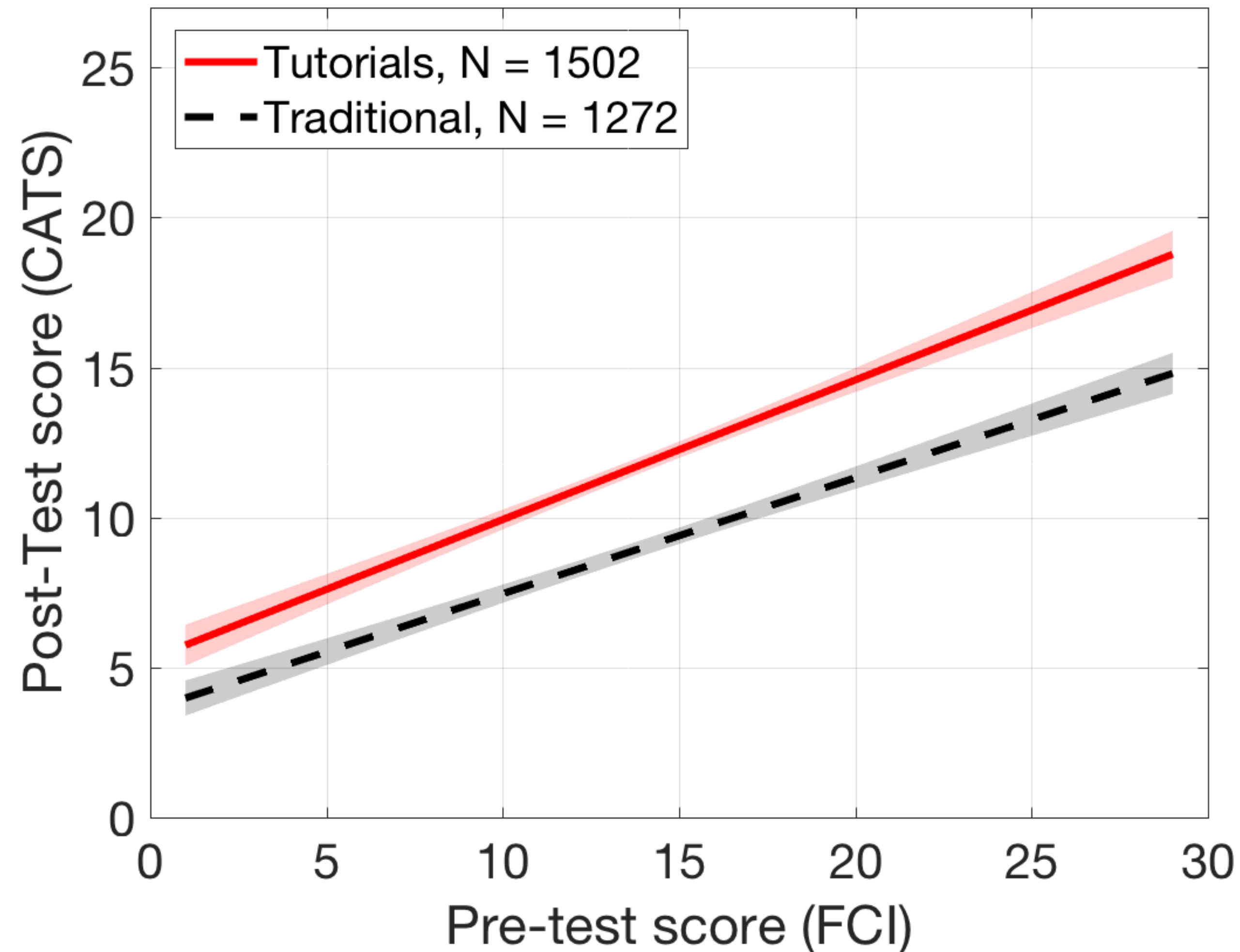
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- General post-instruction level: + 2,9 pts
- Discriminative effect: + 0,08 pts/pt
- No overlap



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OPEN QUESTIONS:

- ***IDENTIFYING GENERAL BASIC SKILLS IN TECHNICAL FIELDS***
- ***USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN STEM EDUCATION***



IDENTIFYING *GENERAL* BASIC SKILLS IN TECHNICAL FIELDS

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- Are there general basic engineering skills that are ...
 - ... *more general* than those applying to specific subjects (mechanics, electrical circuits, thermodynamics, control theory)?
 - ... *more discipline-specific* than general academic key competences (self-regulatory skills such as time management etc., study skills, interpersonal skills)?
- If so, to what extent are these *mathematical* in nature?
- If mathematical in nature, are these skills developed in typical mathematics instruction? Are they more about a physicist's or engineer's (rather than mathematicians) way of using mathematics?



ADAPTIVE GENERATION OF TASKS FOR CONCEPTUAL LEARNING AND ASSESSMENT

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- Can an automated system create *new* tasks that ...
 - ... test for (or help to develop) conceptual understanding ?
 - ... are not merely variations of existing tasks by variation of order or value of given variables?
- How do we represent conceptual understanding in a form that can be read by a machine?
- Can a (machine-readable) ontology that uses an underlying taxonomy of learning outcomes (such as Bloom's taxonomy) help?



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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Discussion





EFFECTIVENESS OF TUTORIALS: DOES TIME PLAY A ROLE?

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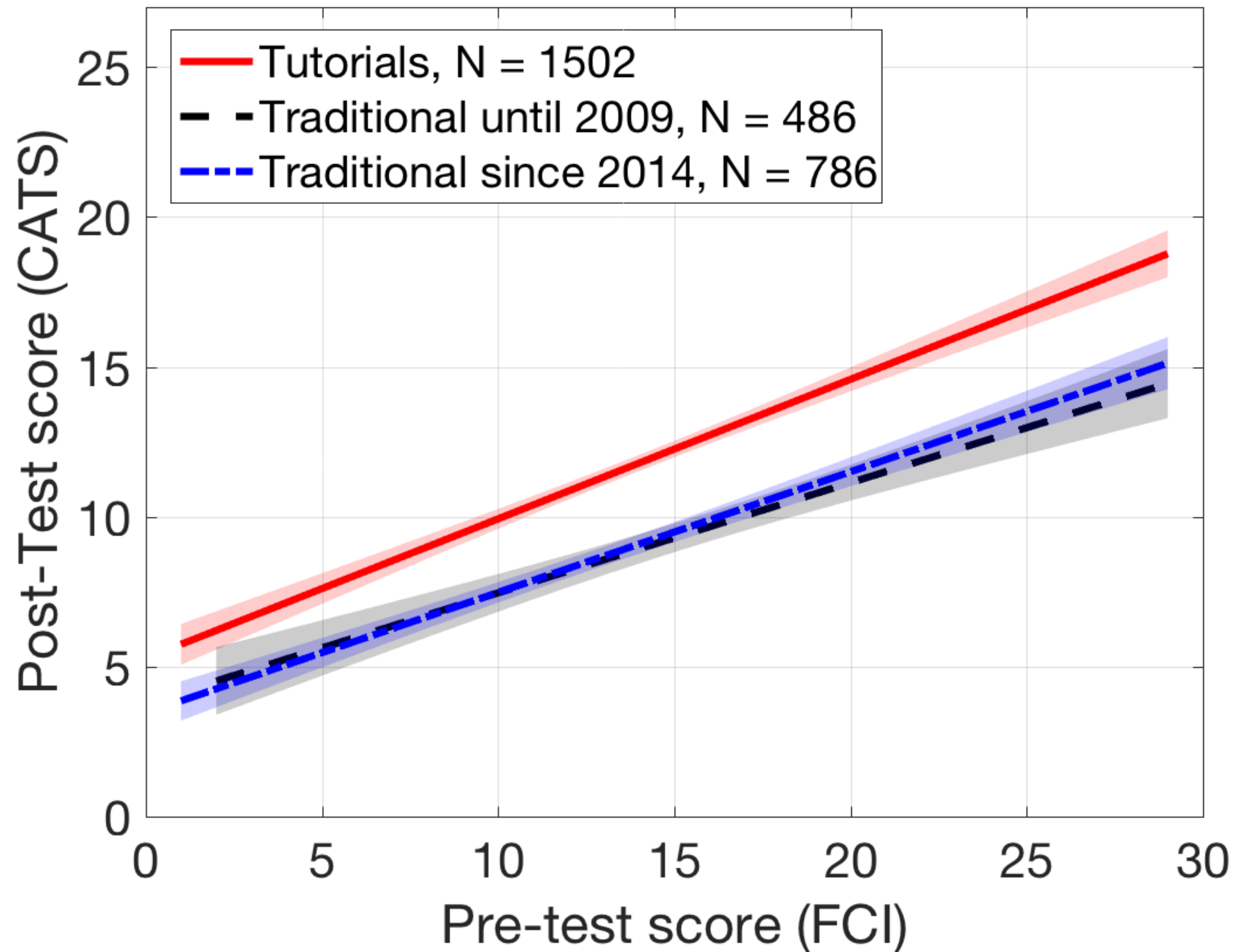
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No distinction
between
earlier and
later years of
traditional
instruction



EFFECTIVENESS OF TUTORIALS: HOW STRONGLY DO RESULTS DEPEND ON THE INSTRUCTOR?

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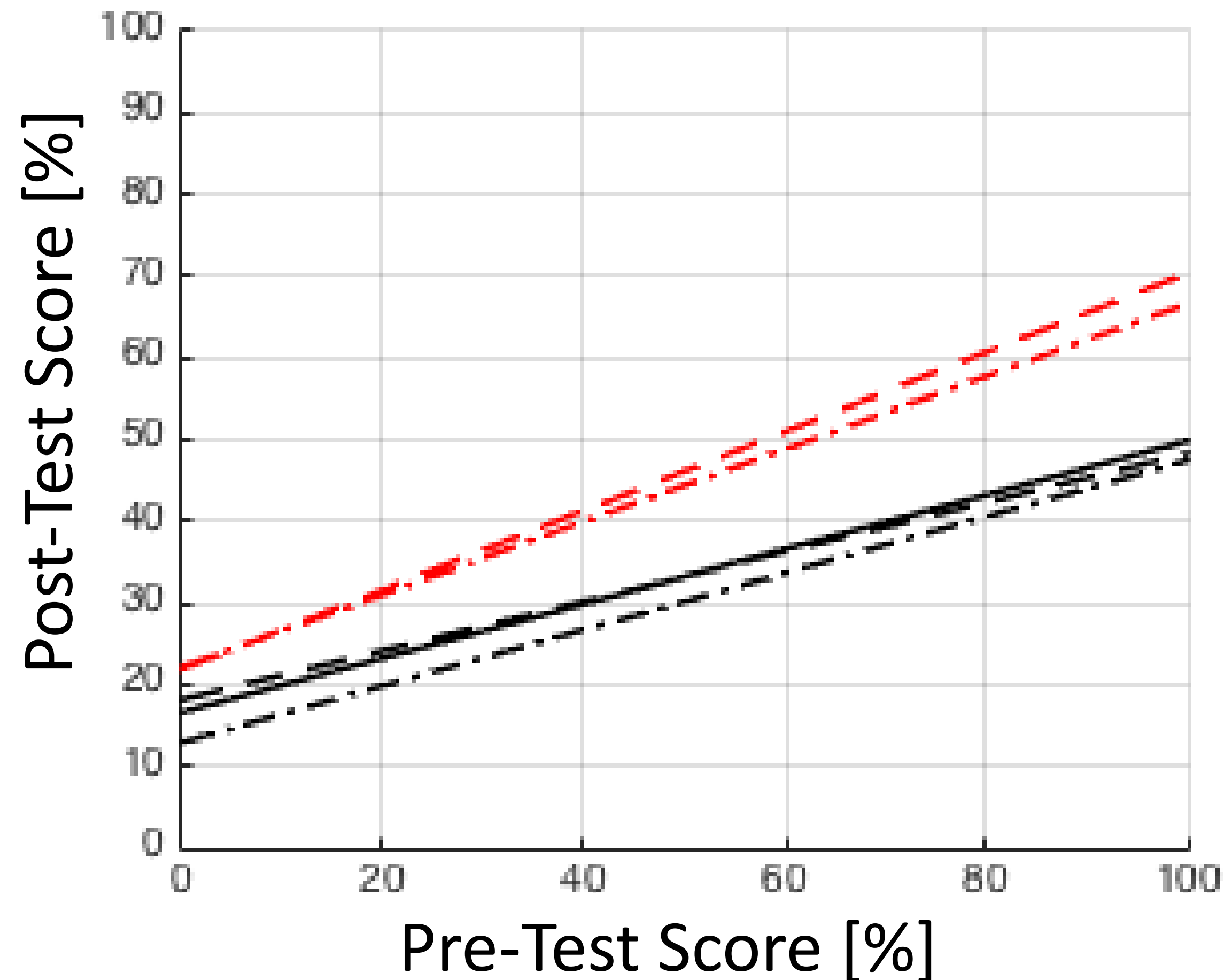
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Results by instructor

