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KOF

Questionnaire 2011

Knowledge and technology transfer between universities and the business sector in Switzerland

Survey of academic institutes

		•	All information provided will be handled in st confidence.	rictest
		•	Unless otherwise specified, answers relate to locations in Switzerland only	
		•	If anything is unclear, please consult the expla	anatory notes
		•	Please place a cross in the relevant field \boxtimes or appropriate figure	enter the
		•	The address for return is printed on the final p	age
			Please return the questionnaire	by
		- 1	april 30, 2011	
			at the latest. (Please return the questionnaire evalue to answer all the questions, or can only su	
•	Information about your institute	1.4	a) Share of third-party funds in your institu budget for 2010:	te's total
.1	Average number of staff at your institute (incl. director) during the year 2010 (part-time employees to be expressed as full-time equivalents):			33
			b) What was the breakdown of third-party	funds in 2010?
	4		 Proportion of third-party funds from business sector 	9
.2	At the end of 2010 the estimated breakdown into categories of employees , expressed as a proportion of total employment at your institute was as follows (part-time employees to be		 Proportion of funds from foundations for the promotion of research and similar (e.g. KTI/CTI, SNF) 	36
	expressed as full-time equivalents): - Professors		Total third-party funds	100
	- Academic staff with doctorate and 'habilitation' %	1.5	What are the focal areas of research for your (brief indications)	institute?
	- Academic staff without doctorate %		(and management)	
	- Technical staff with university degree %			
	- Staff carrying out other supporting and administrative functions 23			
	Total staff 1 0 0			
.3	Total budget (including third-party funds) for your institute in the year 2010:			
	CHF CHF			

2.	Teaching and research		2.8	What percentage of the working in your institute is devoted to the average (estimations if necessary	followin					
2.1	Number of theses (at Swiss 'Diplom' level) com three years 2008-2010:	pieted in the		- teaching);		1		%	
		41		- basic research					%	
	Percentage of these theses conducted in collab with the business sector :	ooration		- more applied research					%	
		45		- other tasks					% 92	
2.2	Number of postgraduate degrees (after Swiss 'I completed in the three years 2008-2010:	Diplom')		Total working hours			Ē	1 0	0 %	
2.3	Number of doctoral dissertations completed in	the three	3.	Forms of knowledge and to between institutes and the and channels used						
	years 2008-2010:		3.1	Did your institute conduct activities designed to promote kno ledge and technology transfer to Swiss companies						
	Percentage of these doctoral dissertations cond	ducted in col -		a) in the three years 2005-2007		•	yes		no	
	laboration with the business sector:	54		b) in the three years 2008-2010		,	yes 94 🗌		no	
2.4	Number of research publications in the three years 2008-2010:	J-1		c) Were there any activities in 200 knowledge and technology tr outside Switzerland?		forei	gn co —			
	- in academic journals			If yes:		y.	es 🔛	nc	, []	
	- in magazines, newspapers etc.	60		96 ☐ EU ☐ USA 98 ☐ Japan ☐ Other countr	ies:					
2.5	Has your institute (or individual staff members) research results that led to a patent application three years 2008-2010?	achieved		Knowledge and technology transfinstitutes and the business sector shactivities aimed at transferring know may help either the company or the pending on the directing of transf	ould be u ledge an e acader	inders d tech mic ins	tood a inolog stitute	as any gy tha e - de	t :-	
	If yes, how many? approx.:			Knowledge and technology transfe ferent activities. These are listed in c			range	of di	<u>-</u>	
	- Percentage of these patent applications achie boration with the business sector:	eved in colla- 8		→ If the answer to a) and b) is no,	please pr	oceed	to qu	estio	16.	
2.6		res no	3.2	What forms does knowledge and teclinstitute and the business sector t these forms for your institute (more	ake, and	how ii	mpor	tant a	are	
	If yes, how many? approx.:			Informal contacts, personal netwo	ork of cor not important				extremely important	
2.7	Did your research results lead to spin-offs/star three years 2008-2010?			 informal contacts (e.g. by phone, email) with employees from business sector for information exchange 	1	2	3	4	5 100	
	76	es no		 attending business sector conferences, exhibitions, workshops etc. 						
	If yes, how many? approx.: 77			- reading or quoting the academic publications of business sector research						

laboratories

	not extremely important				3.3	How important are the following institutions in mediating formal contacts with the business sector?					g	
Technical facilities	1	2	3	4	5			not			e	xtremely
- joint laboratories					103			importar 1	nt 2	3		mportant 5
 use of technical facilities or research centres at business sector R&D 							 your university's technology transfer office 			3		<u></u>
departments							 the Swiss Innovation Promotion Agency (KTI/CTI) 		Ш			Н
Training, further education, staff mo	bility						- the Swiss National Science Foundation (SNF)					
 contacts with graduates employed in the business sector 					105		- European Union (EU) Framework Programmes					
- contacts with former staff employed in the business sector							 other EU research programmes other institutions, i.e 		_			123
- student participation in corporate R&D					107	3.4	How important are the following technology transfer with the bus	siness sector?				
projects								not importar	nt	_		extremely mportant
- allocating thesis projects in collaboration with the		Ш	Ш				- academic publications			3	4	124
business sector - allocating doctoral projects							- patents					
in collaboration with the business sector		Ш					- licenses - spin-offs/start-ups					
 engagement of business sector scientists in your institute's own R&D 						4.	Motivation and objectives	for kno	_ wle	dge a	and	
projects							technology transfer with t	he busi	ness	sect	or	
 joint teaching courses or programmes 					111	4.1	What is your motivation and wh going into knowledge and techi					ents
 teaching assignments for business sector staff 							with private companies, and hor activities of your institute? (more	w importa	ant ar	e they	for th	he
- attendance of specialised courses or training pro-												
grammes of the institute by							Financial motives	not importar	nt			xtremely nportant
business sector scientists	4					/	- cost savings in research projects	1	2	3	4	5 128
Research							- time savings in research					
- research projects in collaboration with the business sector					114		projects					
(partially or fully funded by the business sector)							 resources for expanding basic research 					
- longer-term research contracts with the business							 resources for extending research facilities 					
sector (contract research)							- commercial success					
- research consortiums (with at least one com- pany participating)							 resources from business can be used more flexibly than public funding 					
Consulting							- collaboration with business as a reference when					
- Expertises/reports for the business sector					117		as a reference when applying for more public funding					
- Consulting for the business sector							 certain applied research projects can only be carried out in collaboration with companies 					135

Access to human capital, person-related knowledge 5. Impact of knowledge and technology ('tacit knowledge') transfer with the business sector not extremely important important Has the financial position of your institute changed as a 136 - access to specific capabilities result of the knowledge and technology transfer? to supplement expertise within the institute <u>____</u>152 - no change - additional resources for research - new research impetus - additional resources for teaching - exchange of ideas and expe-- additional resources for technical riences with industrial researchers facilities practical experience for institute staff and/or Has the research orientation of your institute changed as students a result of the knowledge and technology transfer? - gaining additional research - no change ___156 insight in the institute's own area of research - more geared to applied research - more geared to basic research Access to business sector research findings ('codified knowledge') Has the knowledge and technology transfer affected teaching, 141 further education or further training activities at your institute? - patents, licenses - gaining knowledge about - no impact 159 practical problems for - education provided is more curriculum geared towards practice - less time available for teaching and student Access to business sector R&D facilities support - access to business sector П Has the scientific reputation of your institute changed as a technological equipment or result of the knowledge and technology transfer? specialised technology <u>___</u>162 - no change - opportunity to test own research findings in - better reputation practice - worse reputation Institutional or organisational motives Obstacles to knowledge and technology 145 securing good job prospects transfer with the business sector for students and/or institute 6.1 What obstacles prevent knowledge and technology transfer with staff in the business sector business companies and/or what obstacles prevent your institute - securing the presence from intensifying the process of knowledge and technology of business representransfer? (more than one answer possible) tatives in the university's academic consultant not Lack of information extremely hodies important important - extending the university's mission П 165 - difficult to get informed about research activities - promoting the diffusion of a in the business sector particular technology (confidentiality) - diffusing key R&D findings П - difficult to find an amongst the public appropriate partner in the business sector - promoting regional - interface to the business development sector poorly equipped ____151 - improving the image (e.g. technology transfer of science offices lack capacity) Problems in the areas of teaching, basic research - other motives, i.e. - teaching requires too much time - scientific independence impaired - hindrance to academic publication activities

neglecting basic research

Necessary conditions for transfer of know-how lacking						Organisational, institutional obstacles					
amongst potential partners in the b	not		-	e	xtremely	not important			xtreme nporta		
	importa 1	nt 2	3	ir 4	mportant 5	- resource-intensive administrative	2 3	4	5		
 lack of qualified staff on the part of companies 					<u> </u>	and approval procedures, legal restrictions		7			
 lack of technical facilities on the part of companies 						- lack of project administration support on the part of the					
 lack of interest in scientific projects on the part of companies 						academic institution (e.g. through technology transfer offices)			4		
- insufficient interesting research questions in the business sector for our institute						- lack of support for the commercialisation of research findings on the part of the academic					
Necessary conditions for transfer of in our institute	know-h	ow lac	king			institution					
- lack of academic specialists					176	- Property Rights problems			Ш		
for knowledge and technology transfer (capacity)					176	- project management problems on the part of the academic institution (e.g.					
 approach of institute staff not entrepreneurial enough 						coordination or com- munications problems)					
 our research focus is not interesting enough for the industry sector 						- different views on urgency with regard to the scheduling of projects					
- no possibility of commercialising our research findings						- lack of confidence					
Costs, risks, uncertainty						- risk of putting a reputation			1		
- uncertainty about R&D results					180	at stake - other obstacles, i.e					
- industry has different ideas on costs and/or productivity											
- R&D budgets of potential business partners are too low											
	**	* Th	ank	you	for you	r valuable assistance ***					
Contact person at institute:						Phone no:					
Position:					E-mail:						
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Comments on the questionnain	е										
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