

Konzepte objektorientierter Programmierung

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Software Component Technology

Exercises 9: Ownership

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Questions?

Type Scheme Combinator

$$* : \text{TypeScheme} \times \text{TypeScheme} \rightarrow \text{TypeScheme} \cup \{\text{undef}\}$$

	grndS(C)	repS(C)	roS(C)	boolS	intS	nullS
grndS(D)	grndS(C)	repS(C)	roS(C)	boolS	intS	nullS
repS(D)	repS(C)	<i>undef</i>	roS(C)	boolS	intS	nullS
roS(D)	roS(C)	roS(C)	roS(C)	boolS	intS	nullS

Object Creation

Compilation Error!

```
readonly T v = new readonly T ();
```

Objects have to be created in a specific Universe – this is needed e.g. for dynamic casts from readonly to readwrite types.

$$TS \preceq_S [v], TS \text{ is } grndS \text{ or } repS$$

$$\vdash v = \text{new } TS();$$

Attribute Access on **this**

```
rep T f;
```

```
T v = this.f;
```

```
this.f = new rep T ();
```

Compilation Error!

$$[\text{this}] * [f] \preceq_S [v]$$

$$\vdash v = \text{this}.f;$$

$$[\text{this}] \text{ is no } roS, [e] \preceq_S [\text{this}] * [f]$$

$$\vdash \text{this}.f = e;$$

Attribute Access

```
class C { rep T f; ... }
```

```
C w = ...;
```

```
rep T v;
```

```
v = w.f;
```

Compilation Error!

$$[f] \text{ is } repS \Rightarrow [w] \text{ is } roS, [w] * [f] \preceq_S [v]$$

$$\vdash v = w.f;$$

$$[v] \text{ is no } roS, [f] \text{ is no } repS, [e] \preceq_S [v] * [f]$$

$$\vdash v.f = e;$$

Method Calls

```
class C { T m( T par ); ... }
```

```
rep C w = ...;
```

```
rep T v;
```

```
v = w.m( new rep T() );
```

*m is not functional,
 par(m) is no repS, res(m) is no repS,
 [w] is no roS,
 $[e] \preceq_S [w] * \text{par}(m), [w] * \text{res}(m) \preceq_S [v]$*

$\vdash v = w.m(e);$

Functional Method Calls

```

class C {
    functional rep T m( readonly T par ); ... }

rep C w = ...;
rep T v;
v = w.m( new rep T () );

```

Compilation Error!

$$\begin{array}{l}
 m \text{ is functional}^5, \\
 res(m) \text{ is } repS \Rightarrow [w] \text{ is } roS, \\
 [e] \preceq_S [w] * par(m), [w] * res(m) \preceq_S [v] \\
 \hline
 \vdash v = w.m(e);
 \end{array}$$

Parameters of Functional Methods

```
class C {  
    functional void m( rep T par ); ...  
}  
  
readonly C w = ...;  
w.m( new rep T() );
```



➔ all parameters of functional methods have to be
readonly

Method Calls on **this**

```
class C { rep T m( rep T par ); ... }
```

```
rep T v;
```

```
v = this.m( new rep T () );
```

m is not functional,

$$[e] \preceq_S [\text{this}] * \text{par}(m), [\text{this}] * \text{res}(m) \preceq_S [v]$$

$$\vdash v = \text{this}.m(e);$$

Functional Method Calls on **this**

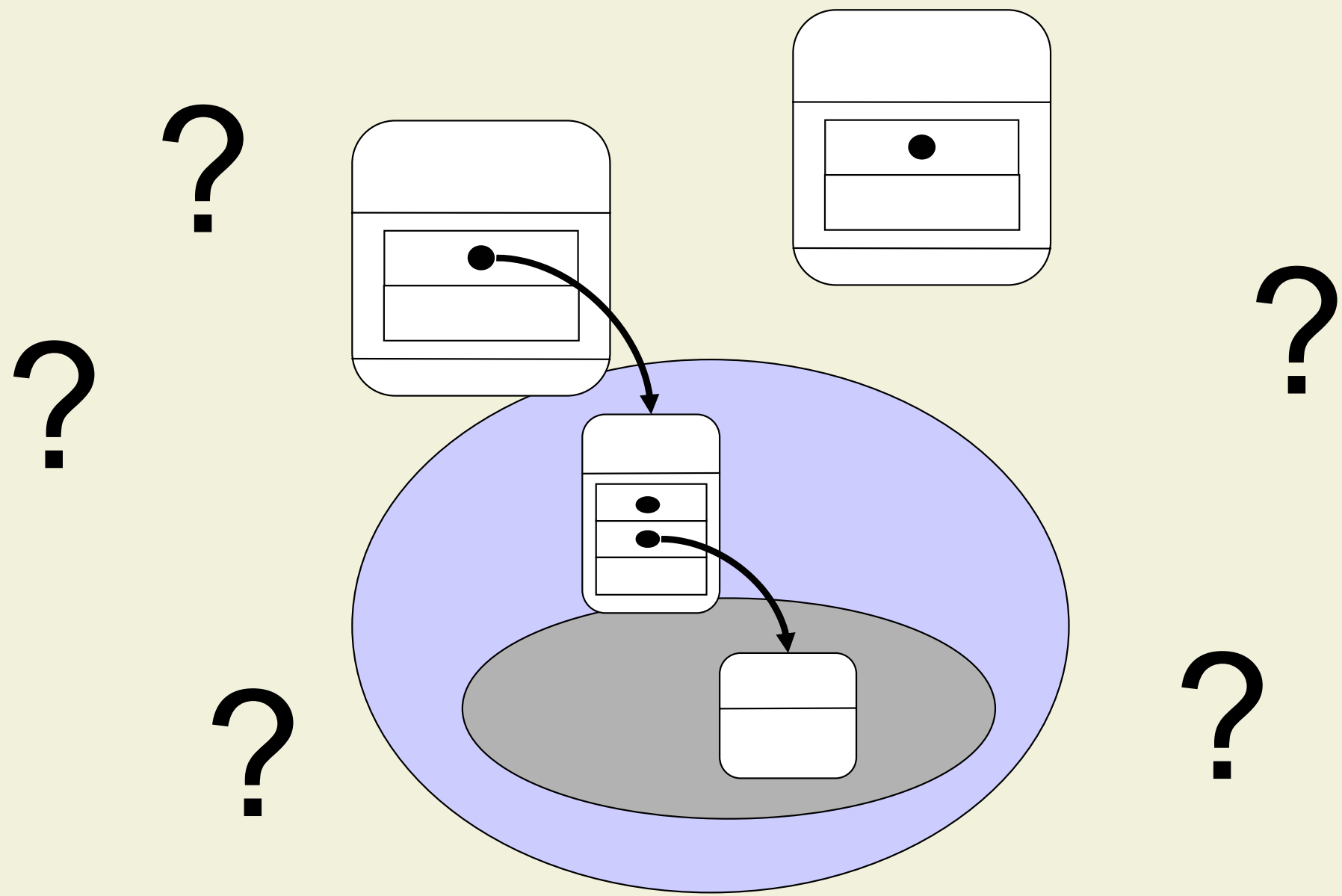
```

class C {
    functional rep T m( readonly T par );
    ... }

rep T v;
v = this.m( new rep T ( ) );

```

$$\begin{array}{l}
 m \text{ is functional,} \\
 [e] \preceq_S [\text{this}] * \text{par}(m), [\text{this}] * \text{res}(m) \preceq_S [v] \\
 \hline
 \vdash v = \text{this}.m(e);
 \end{array}$$



Questions?