

Konzepte objektorientierter Programmierung

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Software Component Technology

Exercises 11: Concurrency and Distribution

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Solution

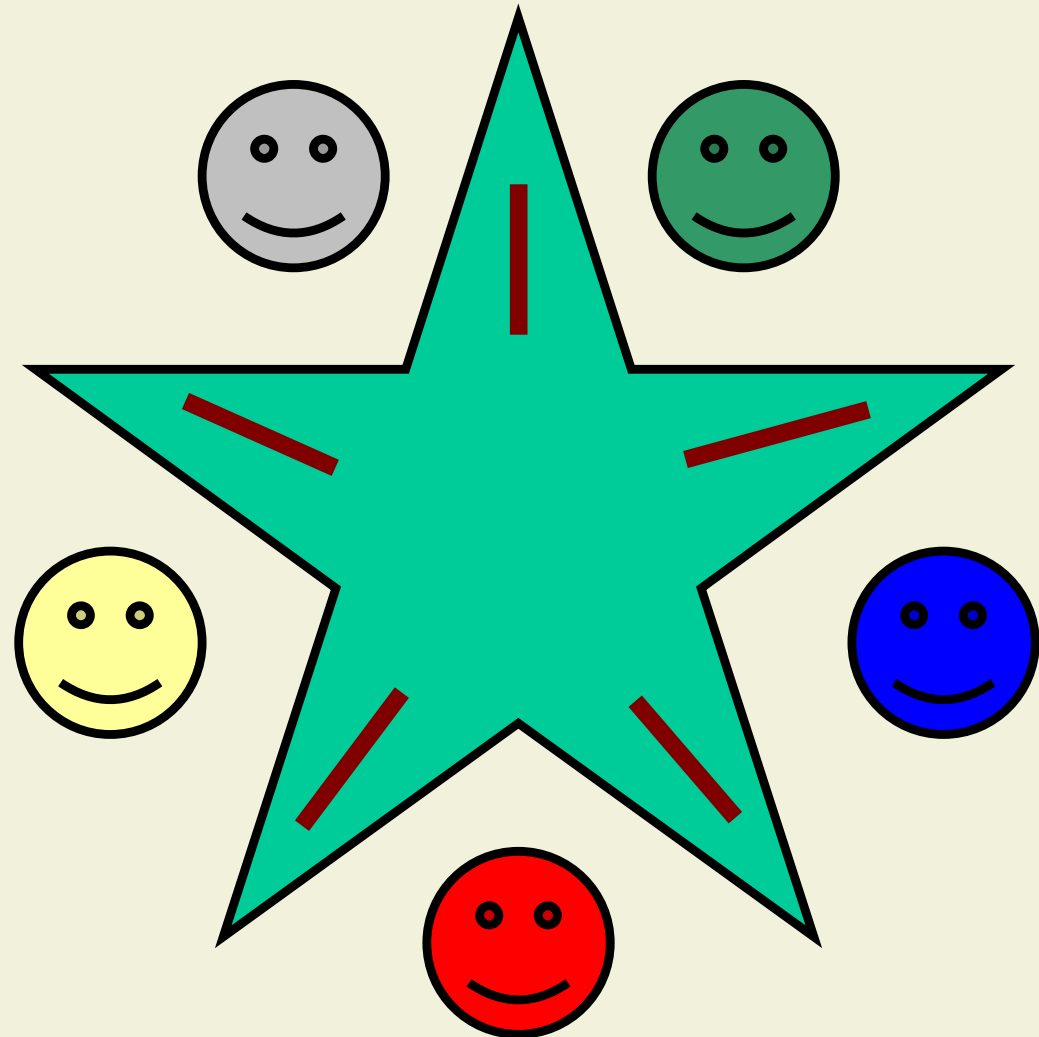
```
public synchronized void put( Prd p ) {  
    while( isFull() ) {  
        wait();  
    }  
    ...  
    notifyAll();  
}
```

notify VS. notifyAll

- `java.lang.Object: final void notify()`
Wakes up a single thread that is waiting on this object's monitor. If any threads are waiting on this object, **one** of them is chosen to be awakened. The choice is **arbitrary** and occurs at the discretion of the implementation. A thread waits on an object's monitor by calling one of the wait methods.
- `java.lang.Object: final void notifyAll()`
Wakes up **all** threads that are waiting on this object's monitor. A thread waits on an object's monitor by calling one of the wait methods.

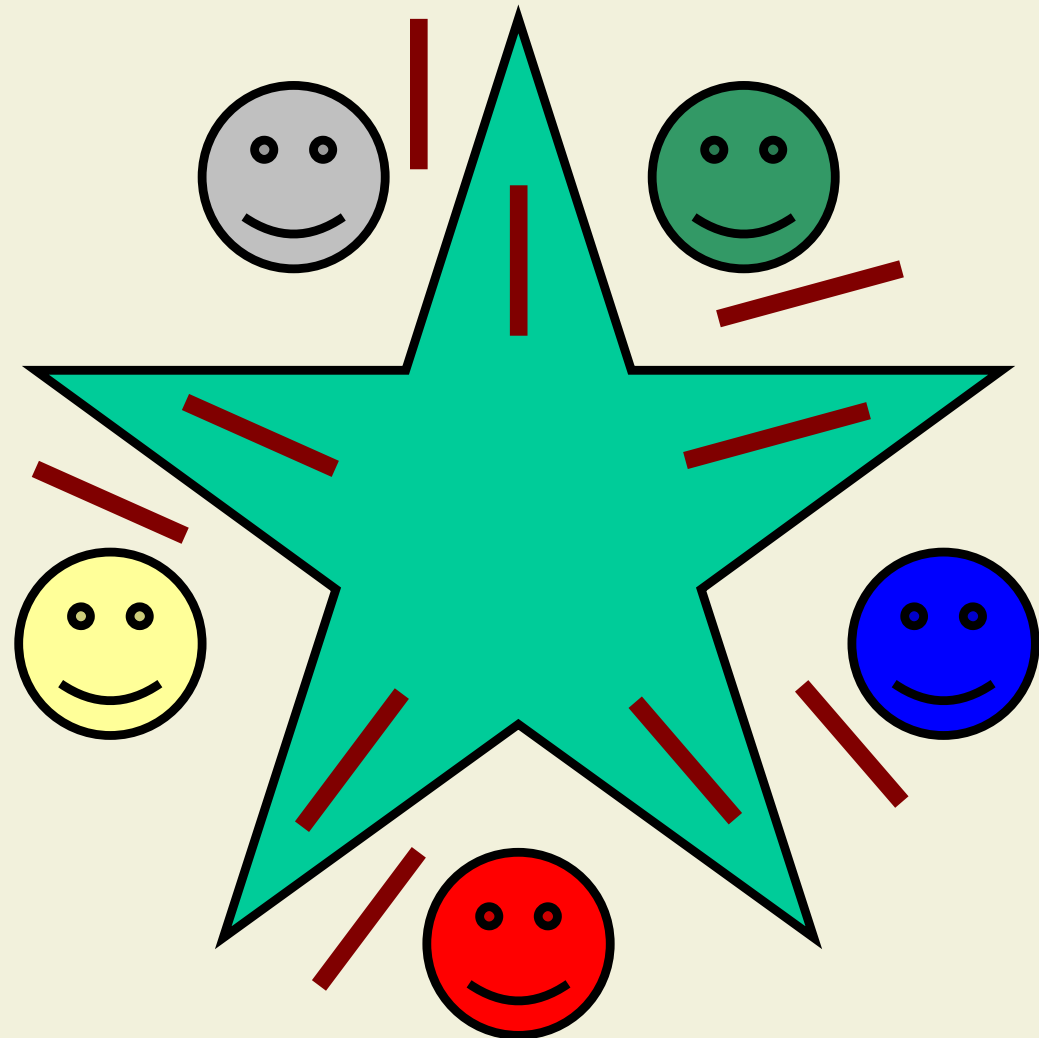
Dining Philosophers Problem

- n Philosophers
- n Chopsticks
- 2 Chopsticks needed for eating



Problem: Deadlock

Everybody picks
the left chopstick
and then waits
forever to get
the right chopstick.

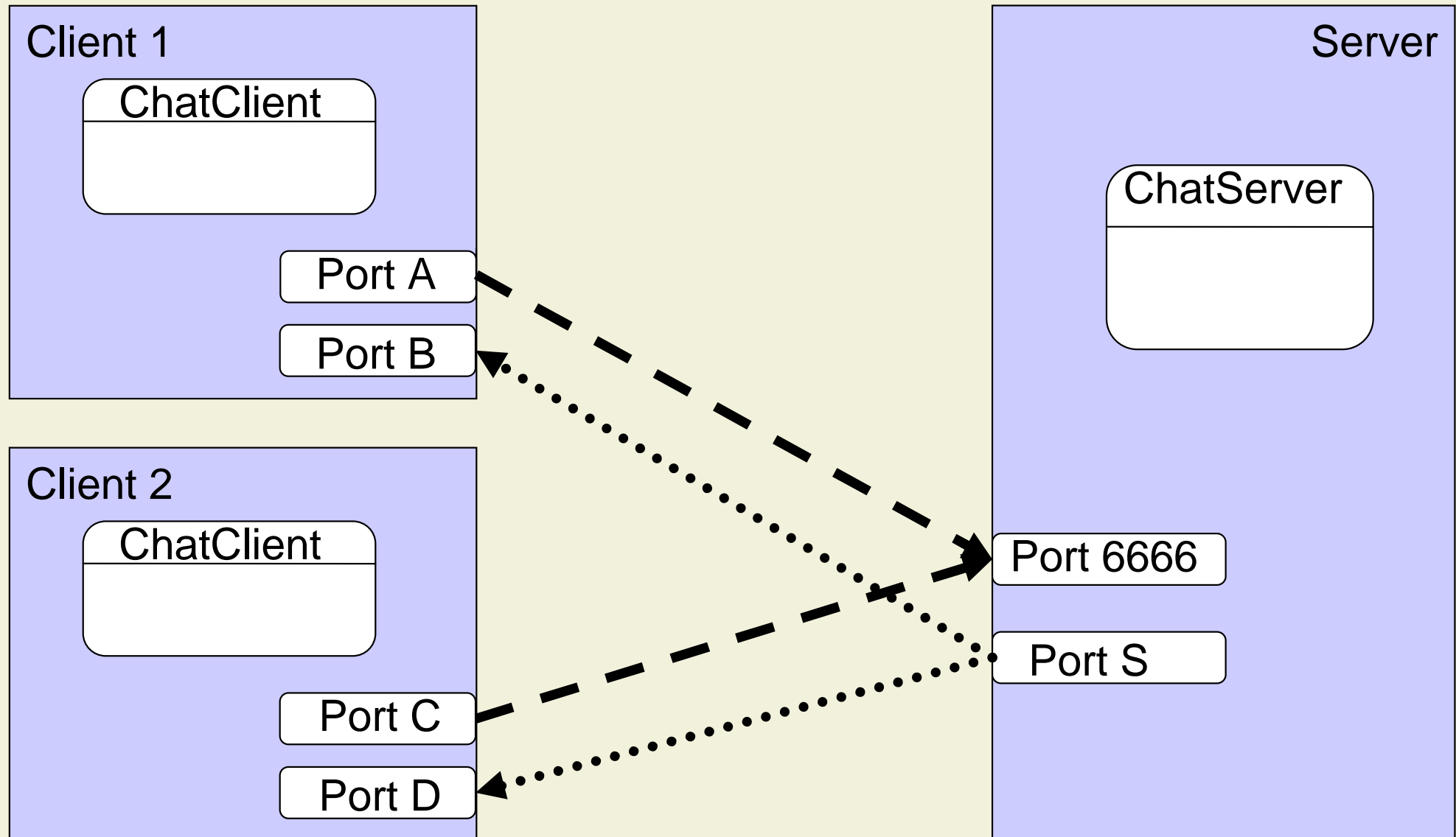


Problem: Starvation

Some philosophers
Never get a chance
to pick up both
chopsticks and
“starve”.



Homework 11 – Chat Application



Messages

- Register: Client → Server
Client host and port
- Bcast: Client → Server
Message
- Msg: Server → Client
Message
- Deregister: Client → Server
Client host and port

Which Threads do we need?

- Client:
 - Keyboard handler
 - Connections from server

- Server:
 - Multiple connections from clients

Questions?