How to Build a Simple Stateflow Model

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EECS 461: Embedded Control Systems
Introduction

• This set of slides will show you how to build a simple model using Simulink and Stateflow.

• We will use 32-bit Matlab release 2011b, the same version of Matlab as currently used in the EECS 461 Embedded Control Lab.

• Instructions for installing 32-bit Matlab 2011b on your laptop are contained in the “Course Logistics” document on CTools.

• Recently Matlab has changed from models with a .mdl suffix to models with a .slx suffix. (The underlying software is different, and enables additional features.)

• If you insist on using a more recent version of Matlab, and you want me to examine your model for debugging, then you should save your model as a .mdl file in Matlab 2011b. Look for a “save as” command, or perhaps an “export” command. (Different versions of Matlab do this differently.)
Power Switch Simulink Model

- Simulink model of a power switch that toggles on and off at zero crossing of a sine input.
- At each switch, a counter is incremented
Inside the State Chart

- Two states of the power switch: on and off
- Transitions between the States happen whenever the event “switch” occurs.
- When a transition occurs, the variable “counter” is incremented
- By default, the initial state is “off”
To Run Simulation

- Open Scope by clicking on it
- Run simulation by selecting “start” from the Simulation menu

- If the Scope does not display the entire sine waveform, go to the Scope parameters menu, navigate to the History submenu, and turn off the “Limit data points” option.
- Change the size or colors of the plotted lines using the Graphics submenu
Create Simulink Model

• Create a new Simulink model by selecting File/New/Model in the Matlab command window.
• Save the model with a name, e.g. “my_switch”
• In the View Menu, select “Library Browser” and navigate down to Stateflow
Add Statechart to Simulink Model

- Drag Statechart to the Simulink model
- Change name from “Chart” to “On_off”
Adding States to a Statechart

- Open Statechart “On_off” by double-clicking
- Drag two states from the menu at left into the chart.
- Name them “Power_on” and “Power_off” by editing the ? In the upper left corner
- NOTE: to delete a state, highlight it and select “Cut” from the “Edit” menu
Creating Transitions between States

- To create a transition between states, hold the cursor over the border of the starting state – it will turn into crosshairs.
- Hold down the mouse button drag the mouse to the terminal state – this will create a transition (denoted by an arrow) connecting the states.
- Click on the transition and replace the resulting ? with the name of the event that causes the transition.
Add a Default Transition

• Specify the initial state (Power_off in this case) by adding a default transition
Adding an Event

• Add an event that is “Input from Simulink”
• A window will open allowing you to name the event (call it Switch), and to specify what triggers the event. In our case, use rising edges of a sine wave.
• If you add multiple events input from Simulink, the Port menu will have more than one option.
The Model Explorer

- Open the Model Explorer by selecting the Tools/Explore option from the Statechart menu
- This menu allows you to edit the event you have just defined, and to add new events
- On a small screen, you may need to scroll the menu left and right to see the “Trigger” option
Adding the Sine Input

- Return to the top-level Simulink diagram
- The Statechart “On-off” now has an arrow entering it.
- Add a Sine Wave input from the View/Library Browser/Sources menu
- Add a Scope from the View/Library Browser/Sinks menu
- Use the mouse to connect these blocks.
- Double click on the Sine Wave block and specify the parameters as shown.
Configuration Parameters

• From the Simulink model “my_switch”, select Simulation/ConfiguraFon Parameters/Solver
• Specify Start time = 0; Stop time = 100; Fixed Step Solver with Step size 0.001;
• Use a discrete solver since we only have states that take discrete values (on or off)
• Apply the changes and close the window.
Running the Simulation

- Execute the simulation by selecting Simulation/Start
- The state changes from “Power_on” to “Power_off” at each rising zero crossing of the sine wave.
Counting Transitions

- Add data that is “Output to Simulink”
- A window will open allowing you to name the data (call it “counter”), and to specify its data type: leave it set to the default “double”.
- Leave “initial value” blank to use the default value of zero
Increment the Counter

- Increment the counter every time the event “Switch” occurs by placing “counter++” in curly braces following each occurrence of Switch.
- Don’t forget to use a semicolon to prevent the value of counter from being printed to the screen each time it is incremented.
Count the Transitions

- Add a display block from the View/Library Browser/Sinks menu
Toggle a Bit

- Add a new data variable “light”: initial value 0, data type double
- Set “light = 0;” in the Power_off state
- Set “light = 1;” in the Power_on state
Change Port Values

- The output “light” is assigned port 2 by default
- To connect it to the scope requires signal flow lines to cross → bad modeling practice.
- To make model more readable, change port value for “light” from 2 to 1
- Note port value for “counter” is now 2
Display a Square Wave

• Connect the output “light” to the scope used to display the sine wave using a “Mux” block from the Library Browser/Signal Routing Menu

• Running the simulation shows a square wave that toggles between 0 and 1 at rising zero crossings of the sine wave

• To make thicker lines on the plots, double-click the Scope. In the Parameters/Graphics menu, set lineweight to 2.