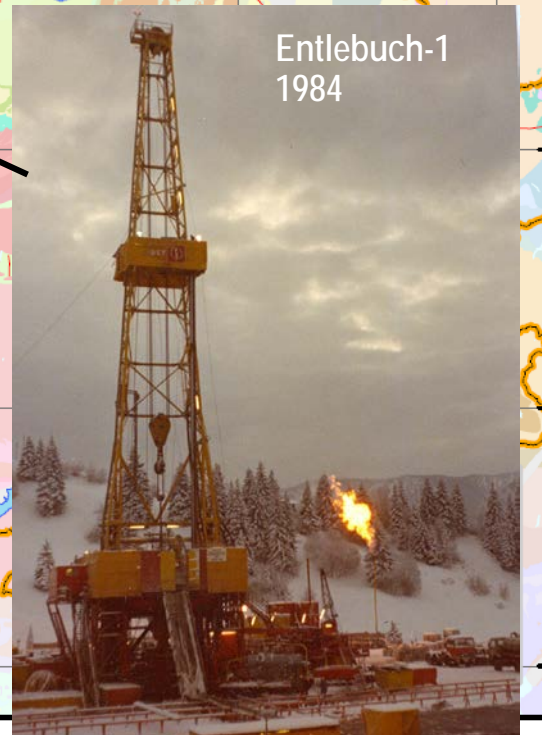
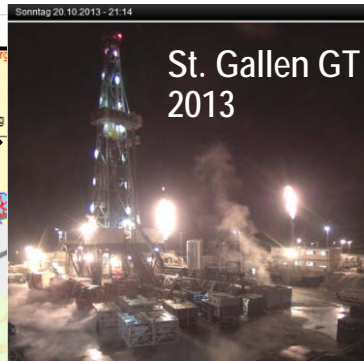
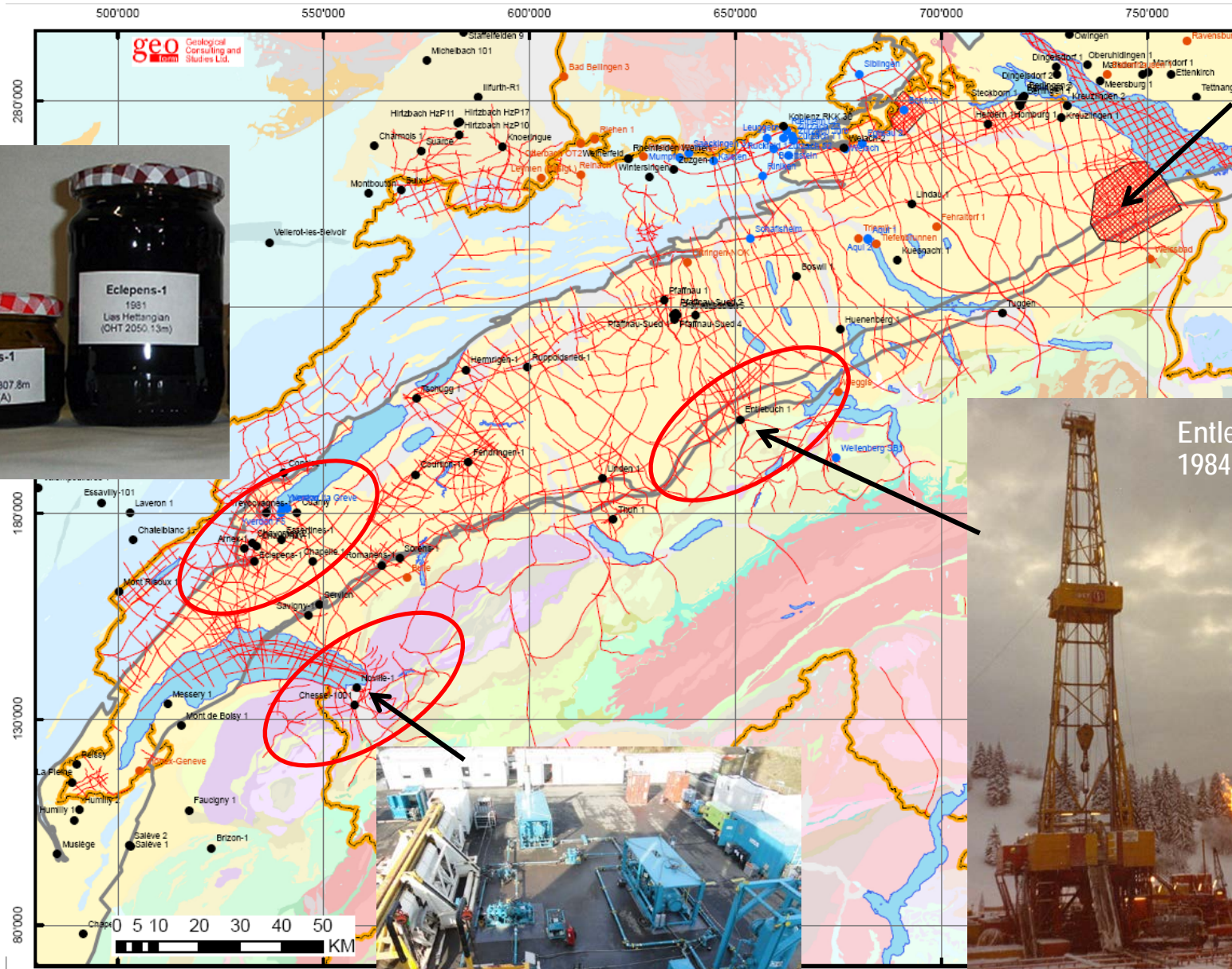


# Resources and perspectives for Switzerland



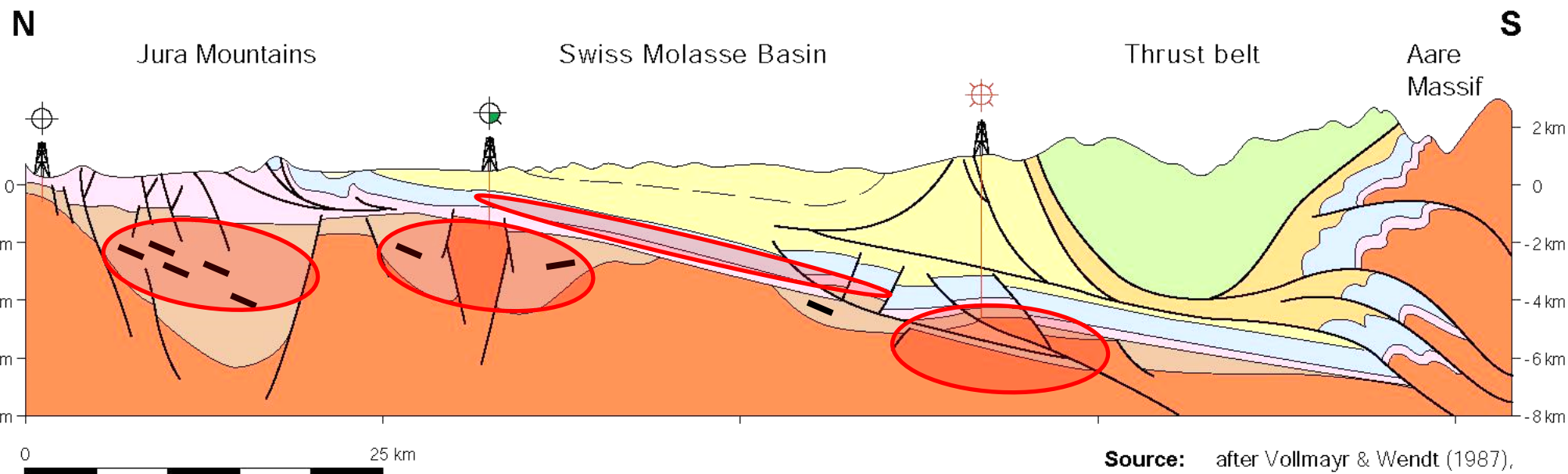
- ❑ Unconventional exploration activities of the past in Switzerland
- ❑ Potential shale gas formations of Switzerland
- ❑ Data base and resource assessment
- ❑ Regulatory constraints
- ❑ The way forward

# Exploration results to date



Shale gas & fracking: sta

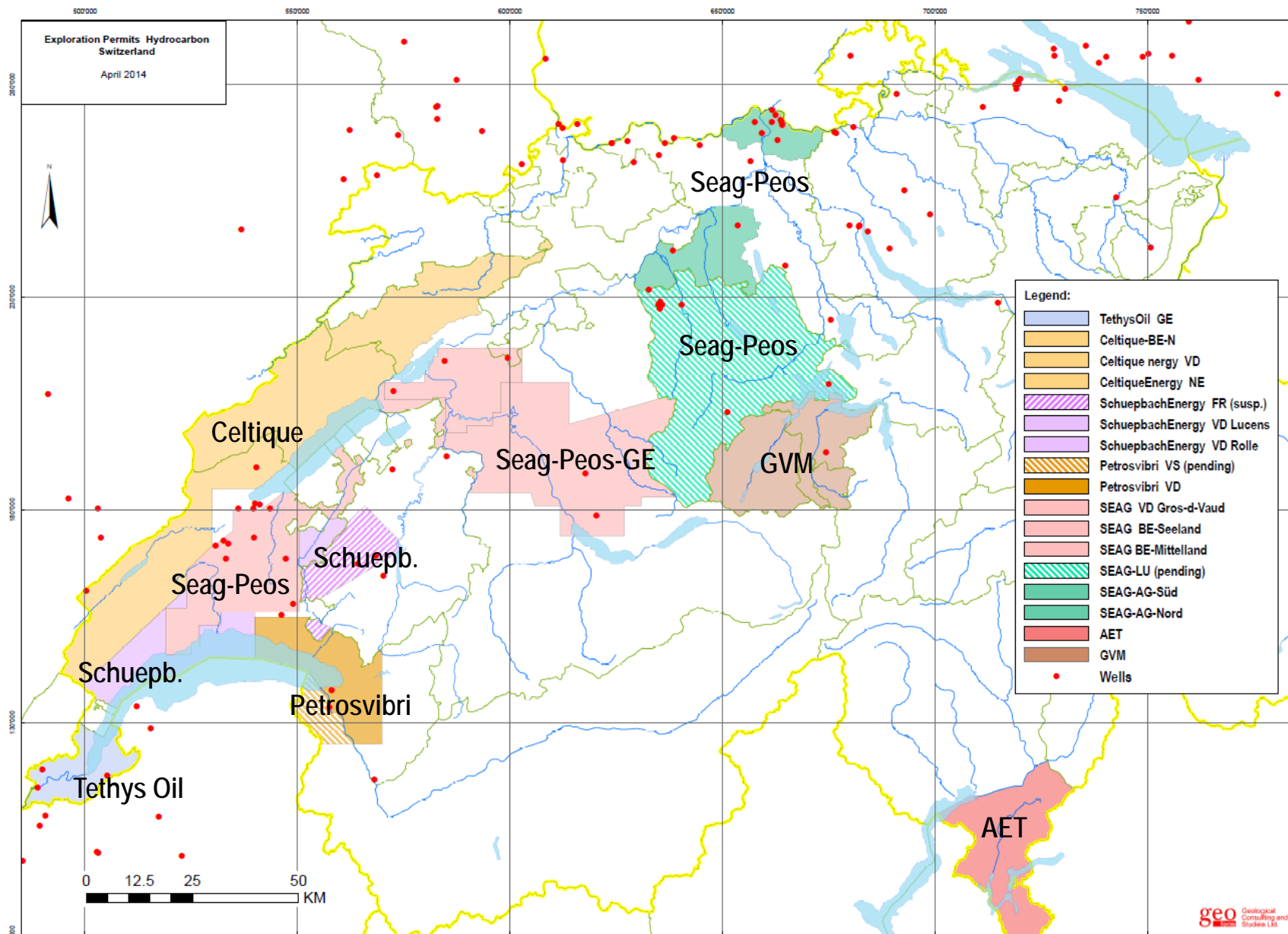
Resources and perspectives for Switzerland (Werner Leu)



**Source:** after Vollmayr & Wendt (1987), Ziegler (1990) and PROSEIS AG

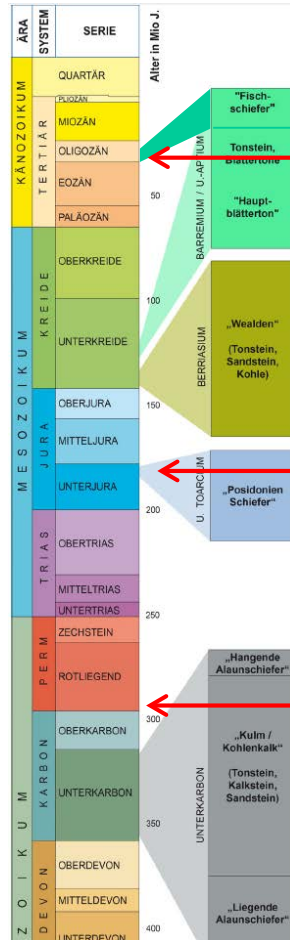
- Weiach (Nagra well):
  - Coal seams in Carboniferous
  - SEAG & Partners evaluate CBM potential
  - Concerns on economics (depth, water disposal, data)
- Weiach-2 (SEAG/ForestOil/Peos):
  - Basin centered gas play (tight sandstones in Permian/Carboniferous)
  - Planned and simulated 3 hydraulic fracs
  - Project is abandoned after initial neg. Data Frac
  - Questions on well location





# Shale gas activities Germany (BGR 2012)

Formation	Erdgas (GIP) gesamt (Bill. m <sup>3</sup> )			Norm-Menge Erdgas (m <sup>3</sup> /t Gestein)	
	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Min	Max
Unterkarbon	2,5	8,3	17,7	3,3	5,9
Posidonienschiefer	0,9	2	3,8	2,8	14,5
Wealden	1,1	2,4	4,4	2,8	10,5



## Southern Germany:

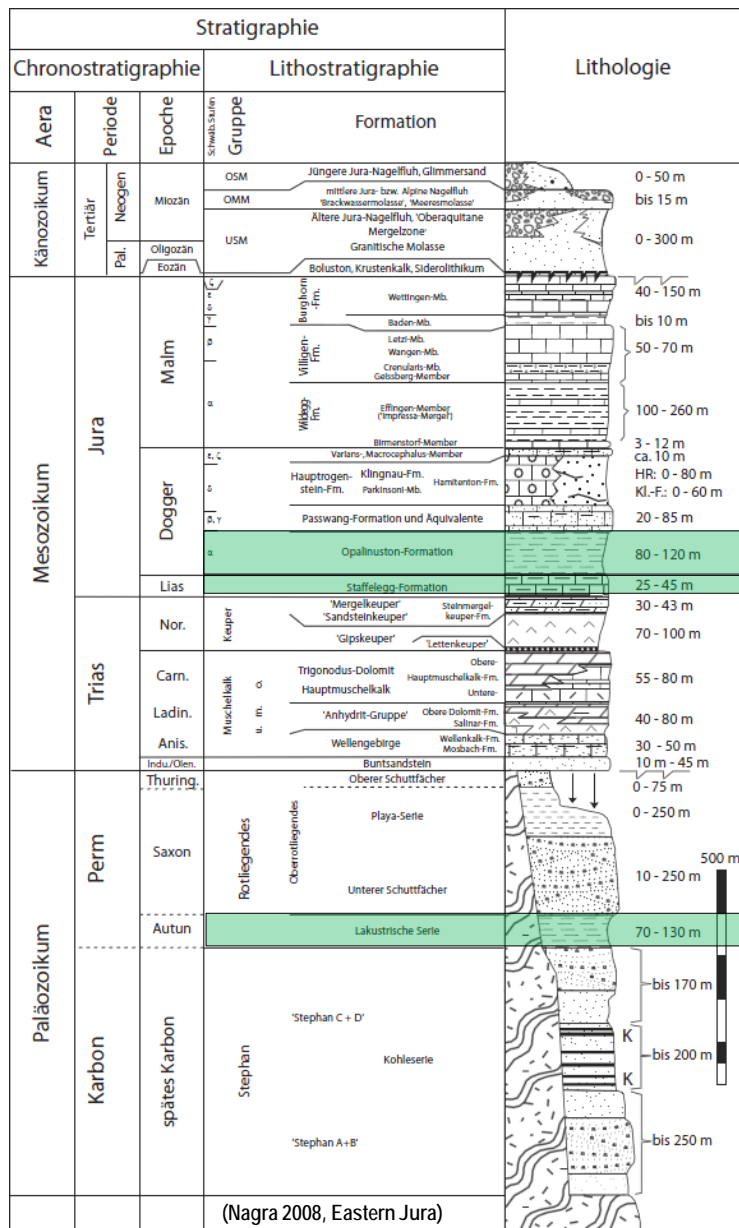
Fish Shale (Tertiary)

Posidonian Shale (Lias)

Autonian Shale (Permian)



# Potential shale gas formations Switzerland

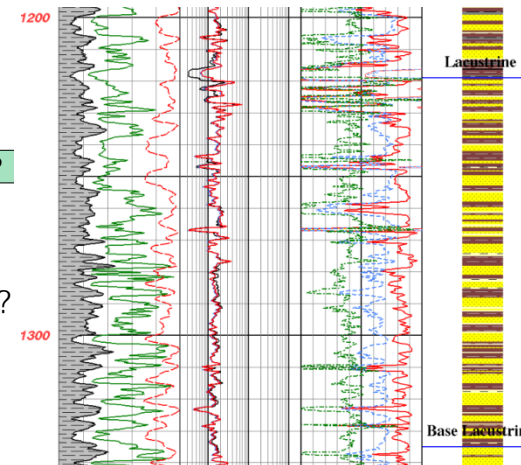


Aalenian (Opalinus Clay)

Toarcian (Posidonia Shale) ??

Autunian (Permian, lakustrine shales) ??

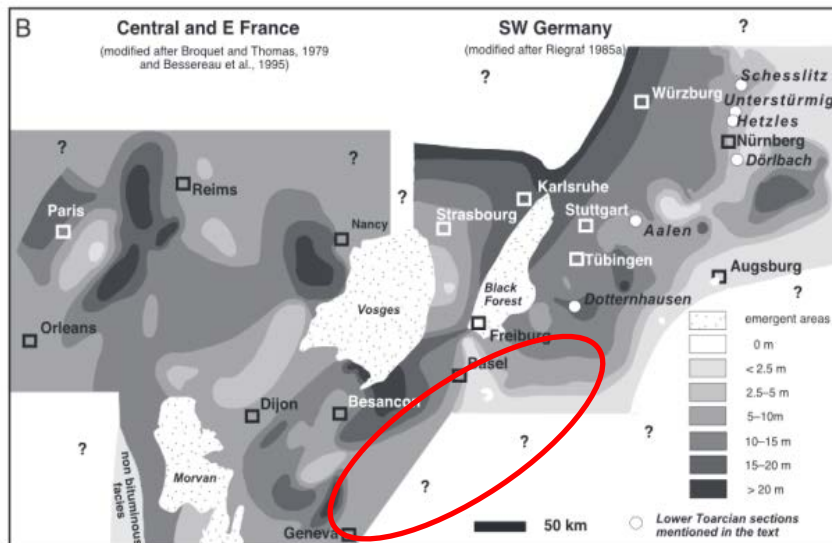
- thickness shales?
- lateral extent?
- PC grabens, where?
- well control ?



(Nagra 2008, Eastern Jura)

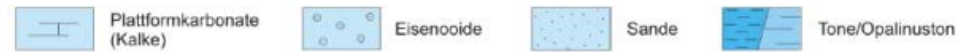


## Toarcian isopach



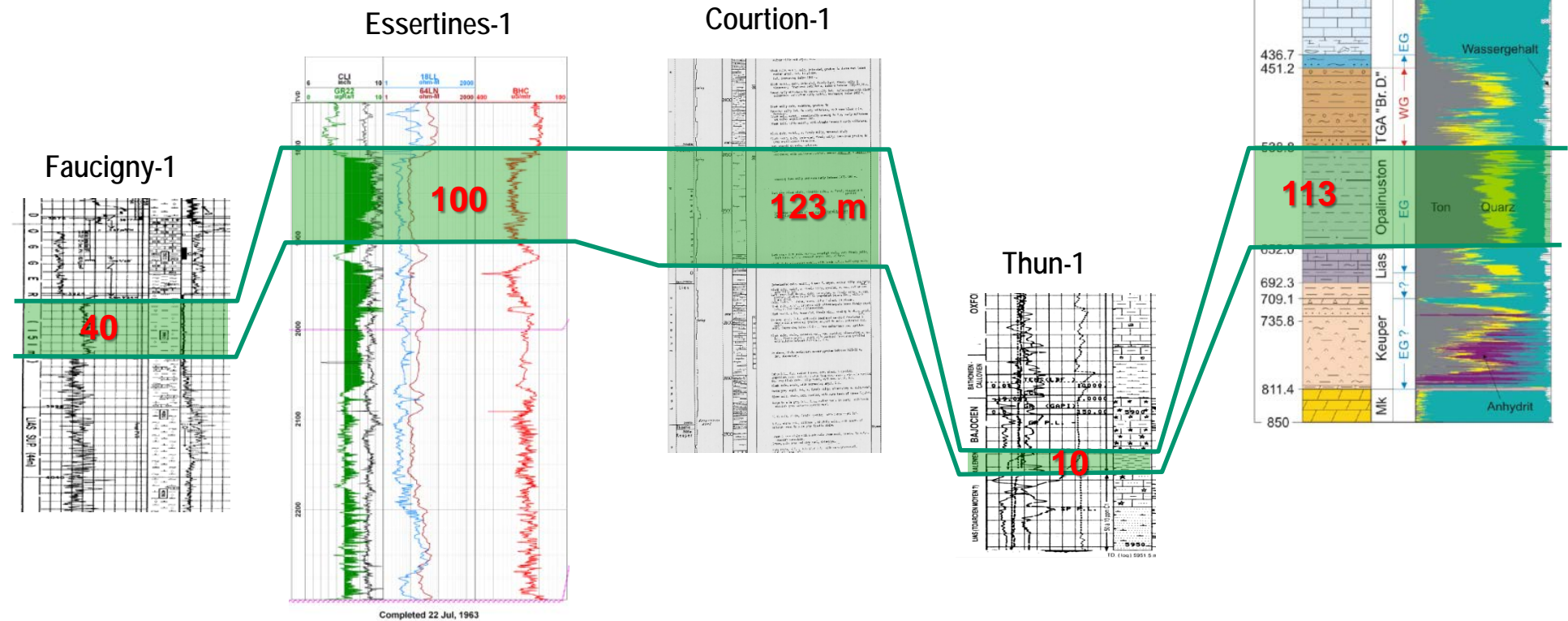
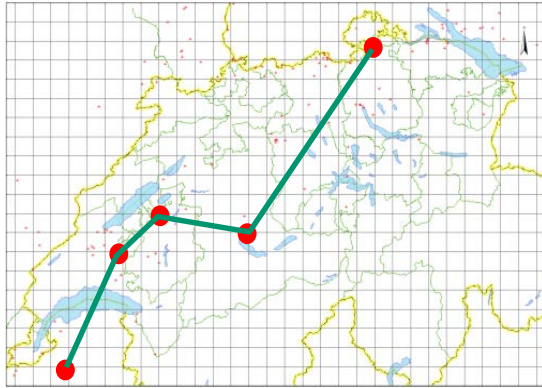
(Röhl & Schmidt-Röhl 2005)

## Aalenian (Opalinus Clay) Facies



(Nagra 2008)

# Potential shale gas formations: Thickness Aalenian (m)



Benken

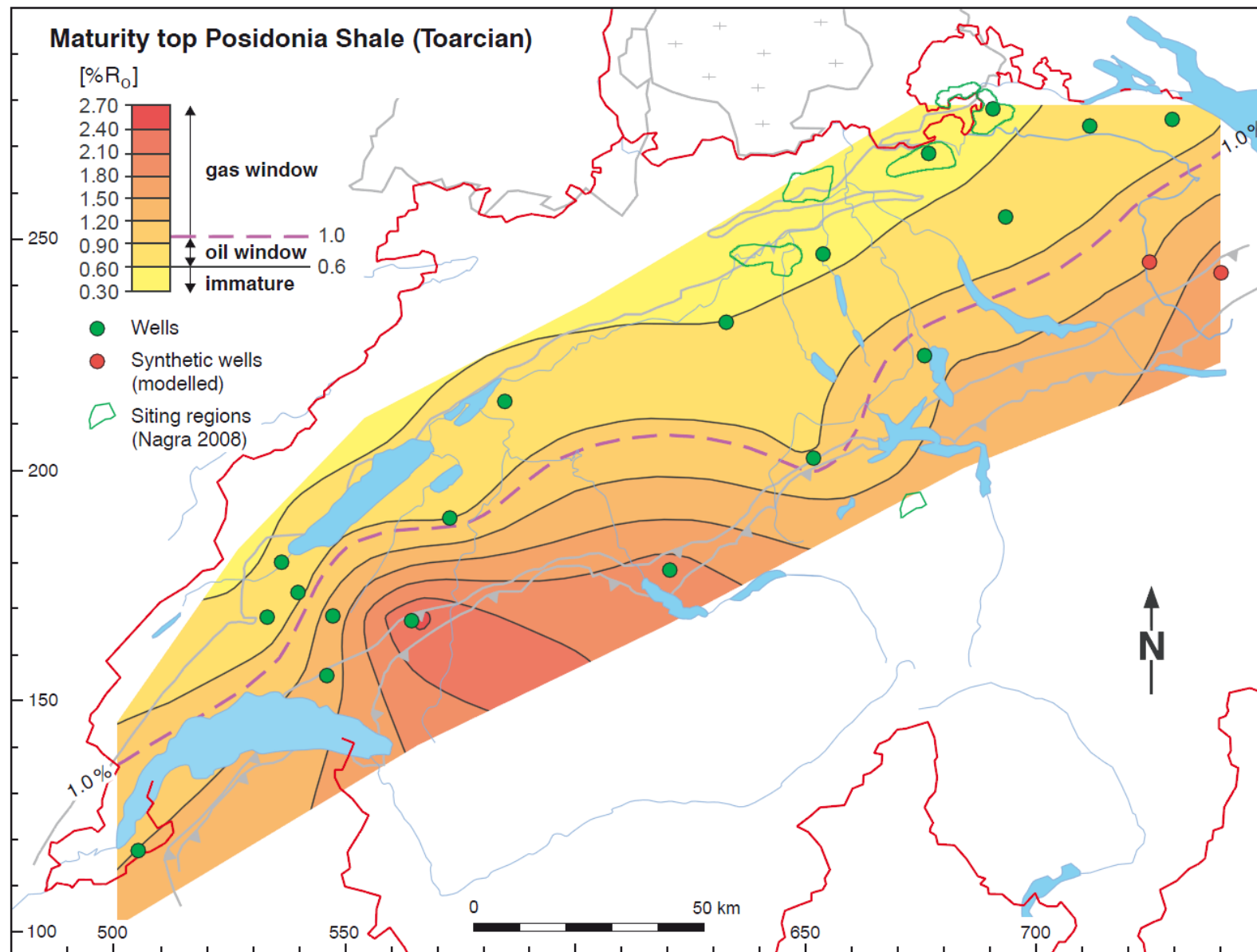
Essertines-1

Courtion-1

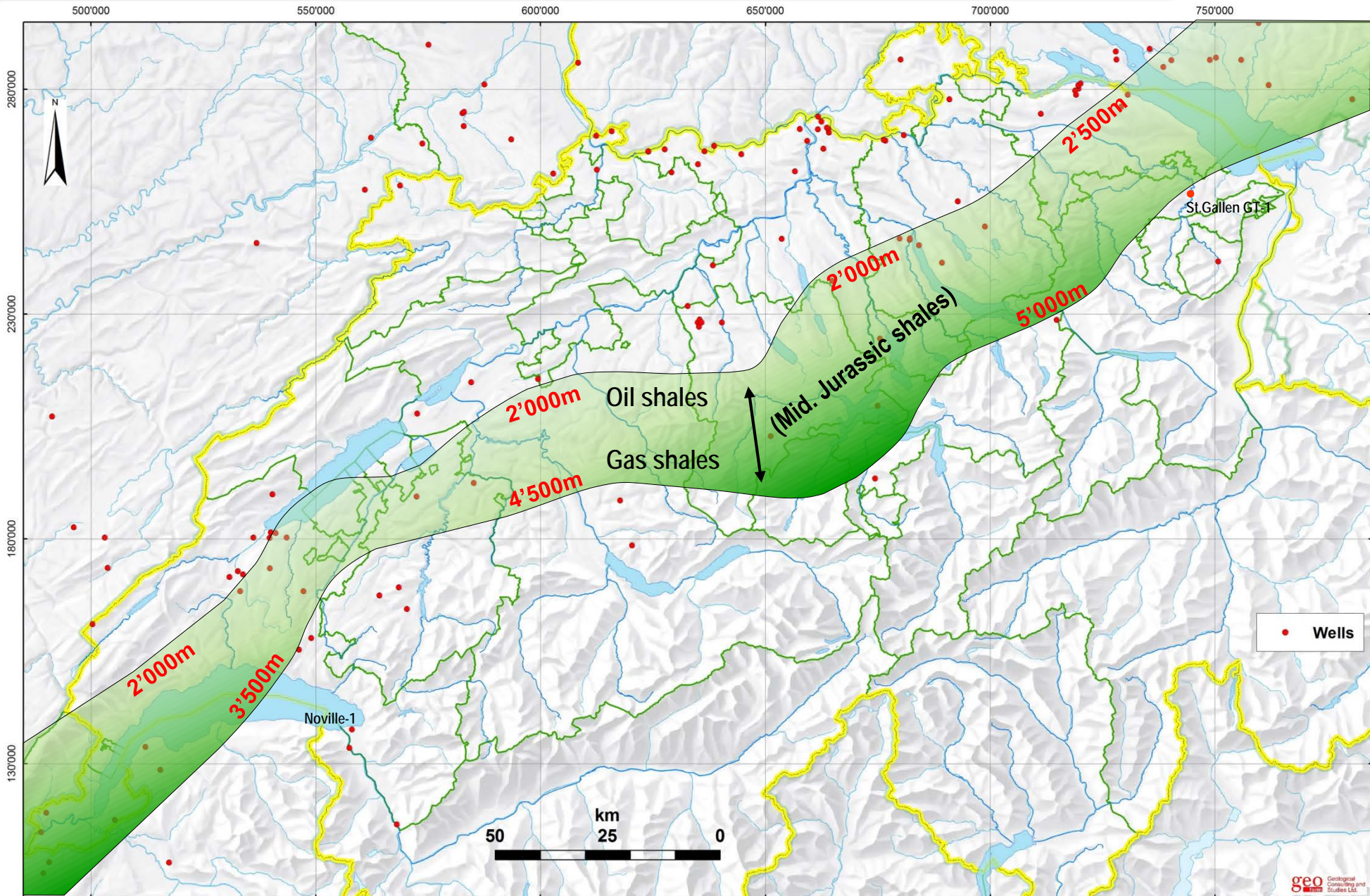
Faucigny-1

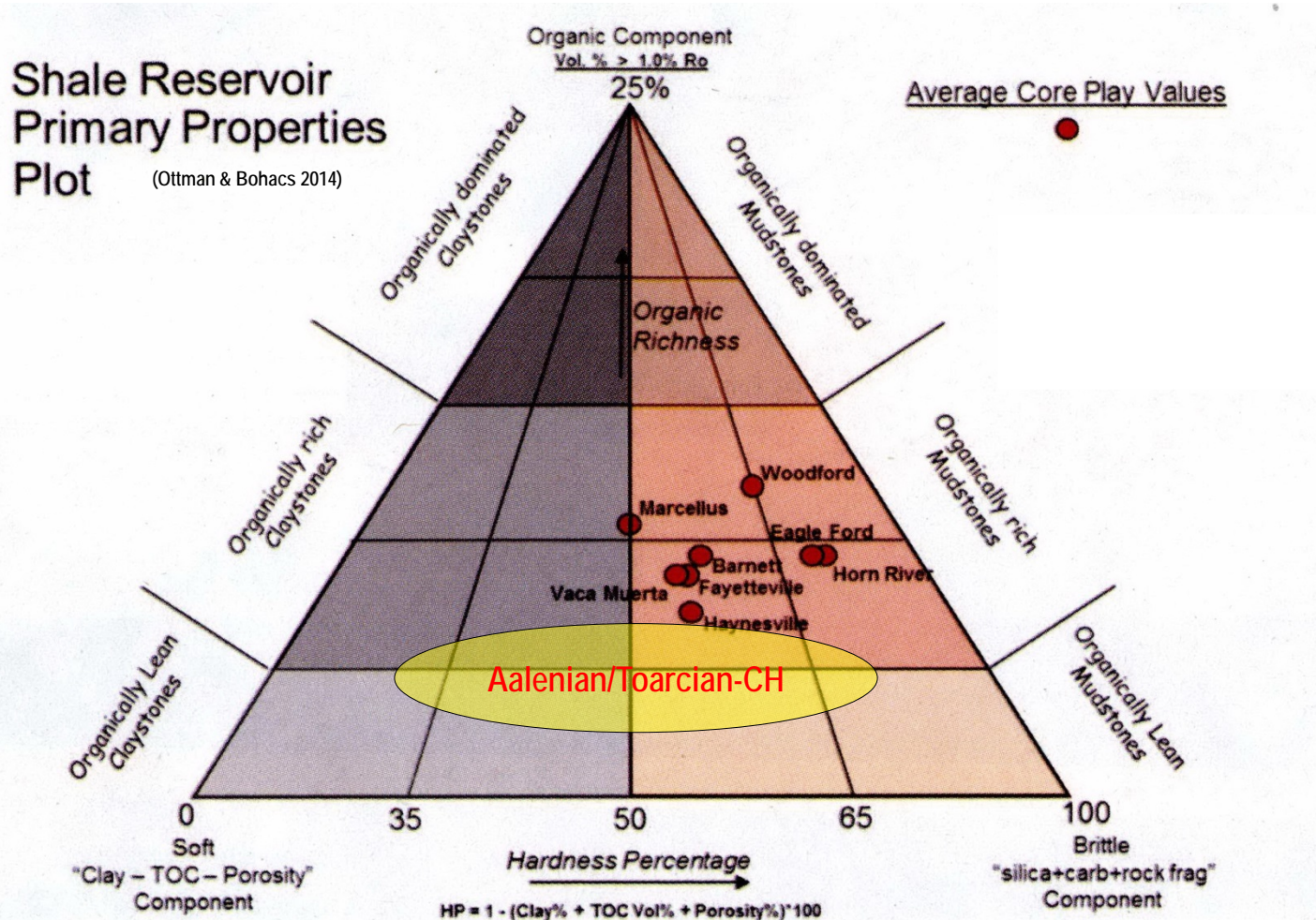
Thun-1

Completed 22 Jul, 1963  
TT: 24.16 1h mtr



# Jurassic shale (Aalenian): Potential resource trend

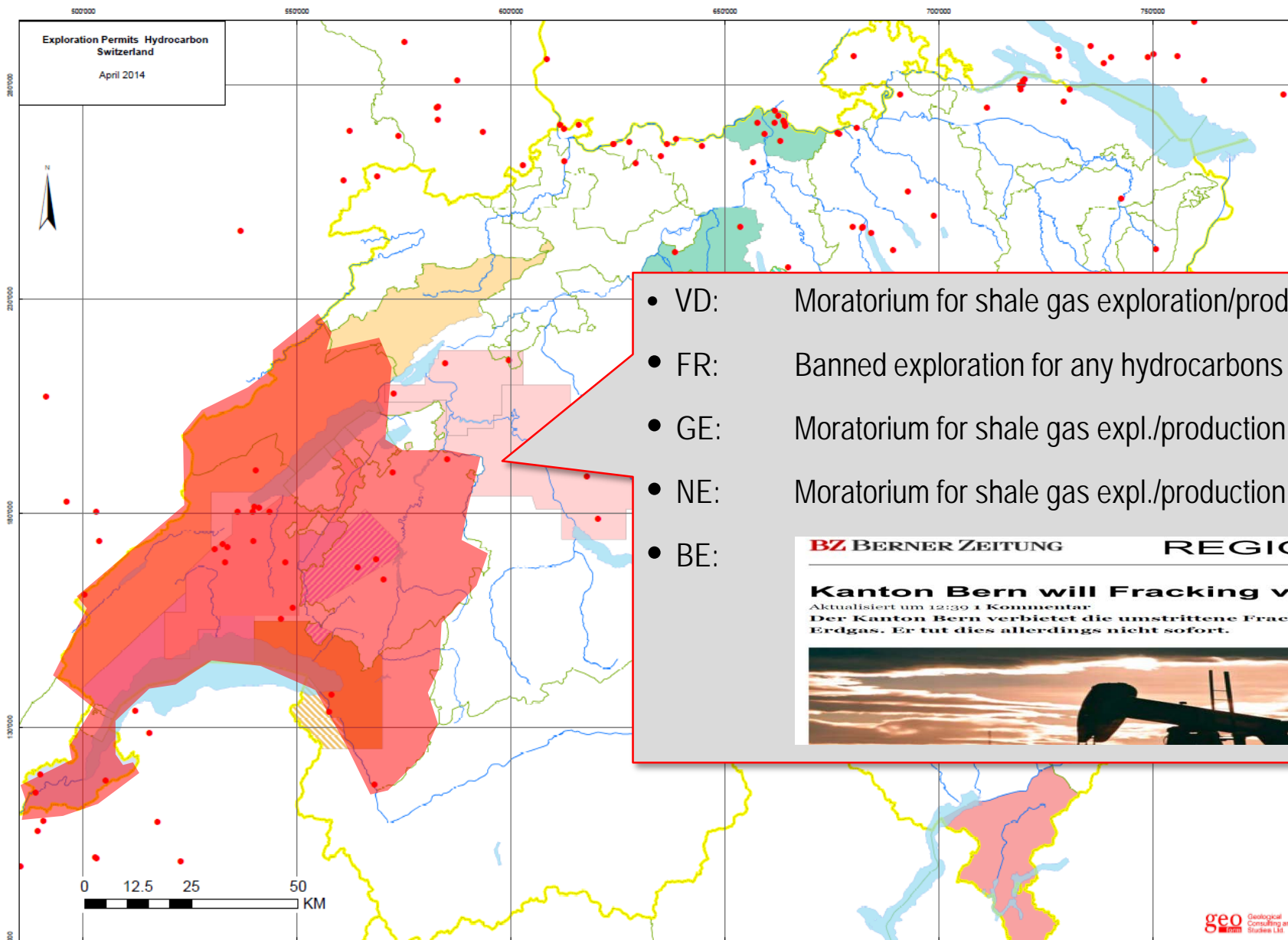




		lowest	mid/likely	highest
<b>GIP/unit</b>	(m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup> )	7	10	30
<b>Thickness</b>	(m)	20	40	100
<b>Area</b>	(km <sup>2</sup> )	1'000	3'000	5'000
<b>Recovery factor</b>	(%)	5	10	20
<b>Gas recoverable</b>	(Mrd. m <sup>3</sup> )	7	120	3'000
	(tcf)	0.3	4	107

- Data base for this estimate is small (shale properties/gas content)
- But these are estimates, that cannot be speculated away
- .....and you need to stimulate

Jahresverbrauch (Mrd. m <sup>3</sup> )	
100	Deutschland
3.5	Schweiz




- VD: Moratorium for shale gas exploration/production
- FR: Banned exploration for any hydrocarbons
- GE: Moratorium for shale gas expl./production is discussed
- NE: Moratorium for shale gas expl./production in evaluation
- BE:

**BZ BERNER ZEITUNG REGION**

**Kanton Bern will Fracking verbieten**

Aktualisiert um 12:39 | Kommentar

**Der Kanton Bern verbietet die umstrittene Fracking-Methode zu Erdgas. Er tut dies allerdings nicht sofort.**



geo Geological Consulting and Studies Ltd

- After almost 100 years of disappointing exploration results, also Switzerland is facing the unconventional gas resource revolution.
- First estimates indicate that the Aalenian Shales could hold substantial recoverable gas volumes of ~100 Mrd. m<sup>3</sup> (mid/likely case). Focus on Central-Western Switzerland.
- There are many geological uncertainties related to the small data base. Proper evaluation of existing data (petrophysical well logs, core samples, geochemistry etc.).
- Before banning technologies to test and produce (fracking) it would be reasonable to check if the resource is really below our feet.



# Resources and perspectives for Switzerland

Thank you