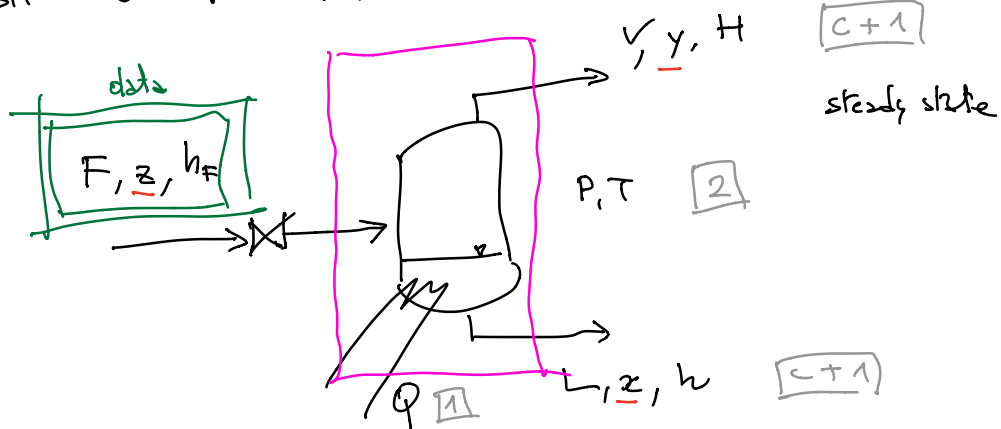


FLASH EVAPORATION

$i = 1, \dots, C$

$i = 1, \dots, C$

$\underline{z} = [z_1, \dots, z_C]^T$



mst. balances

stoichiometric conditions

$$Fz_i = Lz_i + Vy_i \quad [C] \quad i = 1, \dots, C$$

$$\begin{cases} \sum_{i=1}^C z_i = 1 \\ \sum_{i=1}^C y_i = 1 \end{cases} \quad [2]$$

\sum_i mst. bal.

$$F = L \sum_i z_i + V \sum_i y_i = L + V$$

L.V.E.

$$Py_i = p_i^v(T) x_i f_i(T, P, z)$$

$$L \rightarrow y_i = K_i z_i \quad [C]$$

$$K_i(P, T, z) = \frac{p_i^v(T) f_i(T, P, z)}{P}$$

Energy bal.

$$Fh_F + Q = Lh + VH \quad [1]$$

$(2C+3 \text{ equations}) - (2C+5 \text{ variables}) = 2 \text{ d.o.f.}$

(I) Isenthalpic flash \rightarrow fixed P and T

\rightarrow ideal liq-3 phase $\Rightarrow f_i = 1$

$$K_i(T, P) = \frac{p_i^v(T)}{P} = \text{const} = K_i \geq 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^C (y_i - z_i) = 0$$

$$1 = \frac{L}{F} + \frac{V}{F}$$

$$\varphi = \frac{V}{F}$$

$$\frac{L}{F} = 1 - \varphi$$

$$0 \leq \varphi \leq 1$$

(1)

$$z_i = (1-\varphi)x_i + \varphi y_i \stackrel{WS}{=} ((1-\varphi) + \varphi K_i) x_i$$

$$x_i = \frac{z_i}{1-\varphi + \varphi K_i}$$

$$y_i = \frac{K_i z_i}{1-\varphi + \varphi K_i}$$

$$F(\varphi) = \sum_{i=1}^C \frac{z_i (K_i - 1)}{1-\varphi + \varphi K_i} = 0$$

single nonlinear algebraic equation

$$\varphi \rightarrow V \rightarrow L \rightarrow x_i, y_i \xrightarrow{F.B.} Q$$

numerical solution: half-interval method, Newton method, secant method.

$$F'(\varphi) = \sum_{i=1}^C \frac{-z_i (K_i - 1)^2}{(1 + \varphi(K_i - 1))^2} < 0$$

$\Rightarrow F(\varphi)$ monotonically decreasing

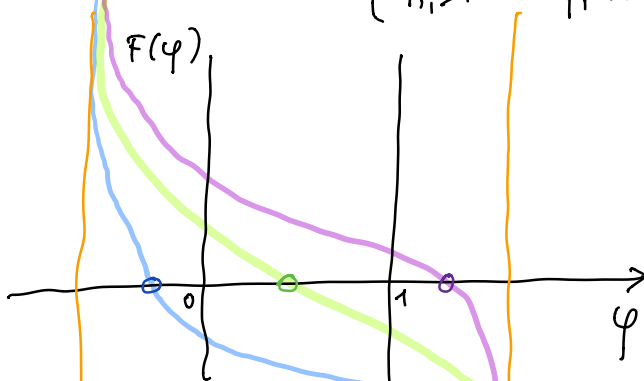
where are the vertical asymptotes? \rightarrow outside $\phi \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\varphi_i = \frac{1}{1 - K_i}$$

$i = 1, \dots, C$

$$0 < K_i \quad K_i \geq 1$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} K_i < 1 & \varphi_i > 1 \\ K_i > 1 & \varphi_i < 0 \end{array} \right.$$

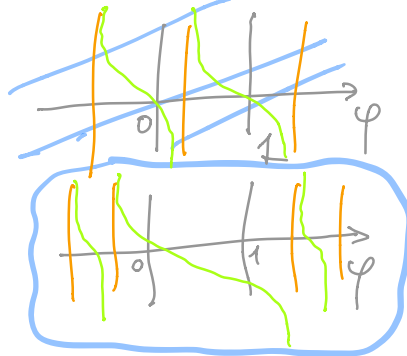


$$F(0) = \sum_i z_i (K_i - 1) > 0$$

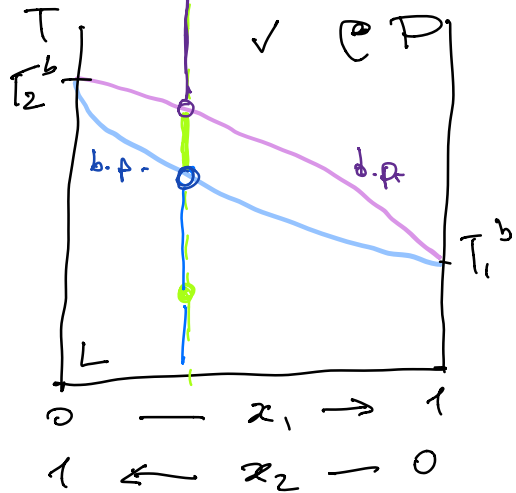
$$F(1) = \sum_i z_i \left(1 - \frac{1}{K_i}\right) < 0$$

$$F(0) < 0 \Rightarrow \varphi < 0$$

$$F(1) > 0 \Rightarrow \varphi > 1$$



binary



T_{bp} is the minimal T where $\varphi = 0$

T_{dp} is the maximal T where $\varphi = 1$ (2)

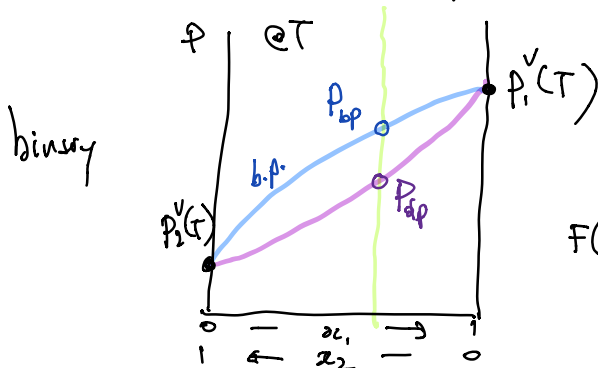
$\varphi < 0$ another-cooled L
 $\varphi = 0$ bubble point
 $0 < \varphi < 1$ flash w/ LVE
 $\varphi = 1$ dew point
 $1 < \varphi$ superheated V

(I) bubble point calculation @ P \Rightarrow flash $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} P \\ V=0=\varphi \end{array} \right.$
 $F(0, T_{bp}) = \sum_{i=1}^C z_i (k_i(T_{bp}) - 1) = 0 \rightarrow T_{bp} < T_{flash}$

dew point calculation @ P \Rightarrow flash $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} P \\ \frac{V}{F} = 1 = \varphi \end{array} \right.$
 $F(1, T_{dp}) = \sum_{i=1}^C z_i \left(1 - \frac{1}{k_i(T_{dp})} \right) = 0 \rightarrow T_{dp} > T_{flash}$

to determine the pressure: flash $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} T \\ \varphi = 0 \text{ or } \varphi = 1 \end{array} \right.$

P_{bp}, P_{dp} are weighted averages of $p_i^v(T)$



$$F(0, P_{bp}) = \sum_i z_i \left(\frac{p_i^v(T)}{P_{bp}} - 1 \right) = 0$$

$$P_{bp} = \sum_i z_i p_i^v(T)$$

$$F(1, P_{dp}) = \sum_i z_i \left(1 - \frac{P_{dp}}{p_i^v(T)} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{P_{dp}} = \sum_i \frac{z_i}{p_i^v(T)}$$

(3)

(III)

flash: design. (1) @ T

(2) $0.9 Fz_6 = Lx_6$

$\hookrightarrow C=6$

1 is the most volatile
6 is the least volatile

split factor: $S_i = \frac{Vy_i}{Lx_i} = \frac{V p_i^v(T)}{L P}$

mat. bal. $\begin{cases} Fz_i = Lx_i + Vy_i \\ (Lx_i) = \frac{Fz_i}{1+S_i} \\ (Vy_i) = Fz_i \frac{S_i}{1+S_i} \end{cases} \quad \frac{Fz_i}{Lx_i} = 1 + S_i$

$Lx_6 = 0.9 Fz_6 = \frac{Fz_6}{1+S_6}$

$1 + S_6 = \frac{1}{0.9}$

$S_6 = \frac{0.1}{0.9}$

$\frac{S_i}{S_6} = \frac{p_i^v(T)}{p_6^v(T)}$

$S_i = \frac{0.1}{0.9} \frac{p_i^v(T)}{p_6^v(T)}$

$\Rightarrow (Lx_i), (Vy_i) \quad (i=1, \dots, C)$

$\sum_{i=1}^C Lx_i = L$

$\sum_{i=1}^C Vy_i = V \sum_{i=1}^C y_i = V$

$x_i = \frac{(Lx_i)}{L}$

(IV)

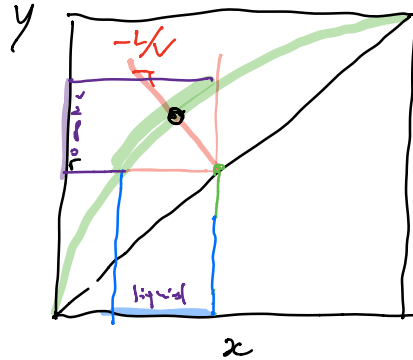
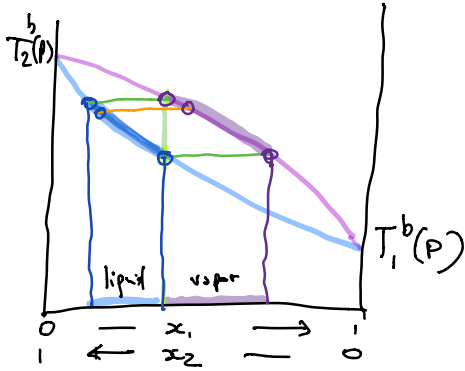
Non-ideal flash, $K_i(T, P, \underline{x}) = \frac{p_i^v(T) \gamma_i(T, P, \underline{x})}{P}$

\hookrightarrow iterative procedure

BINARY MIXTURES

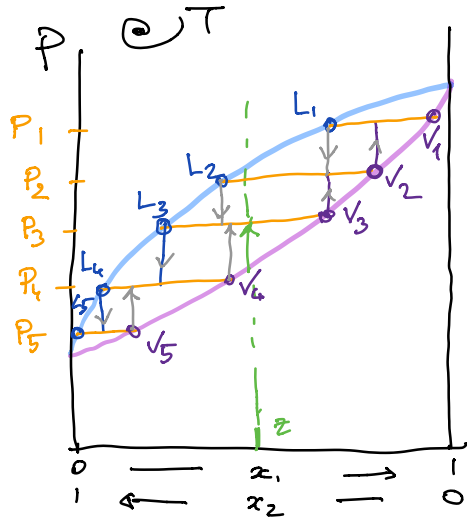
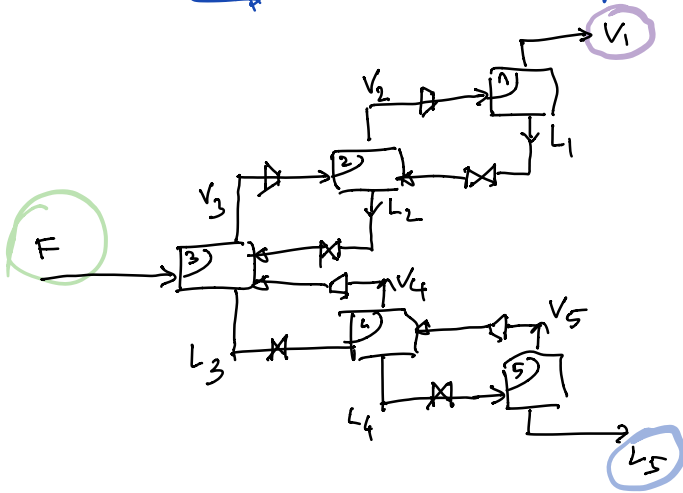
comp. 1 more volatile
comp. 2 less volatile

② P



⇒ Limitations in terms of achievable compositions, or purities

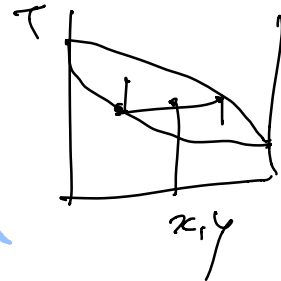
↳ cascade concept



cascade of flash operations at constant P

Ex. 5 flashes @ P

↳ distillation column



⑤