COVID-19 Confirmed Cases and Cumulative Mortality Predictions as of April 23, 2020

Jointly published by

¹ Chair of Entrepreneurial Risks, D-MTEC, ETH Zurich

² Institute of Risk Analysis, Prediction and Management (Risks-X), Academy of Interdisciplinary and

Advanced Studies, Southern University of Science and Technology (SUSTech)

³ Gavekal Intelligence Software

Contacts: Dr. Ke WU (kwu@ethz.ch) and Prof. Dr. Didier SORNETTE (dsornette@ethz.ch)

Summary of the situation:

- Europe reached 1.23 million confirmed cases today with a 2.7% growth rate, compared with 2.8% yesterday. The decay of the after-peak trajectory continues slowly, as shown from the small estimated parameter "a" (=0.23) in the generalized Richards model. It is also important to understand that confirmed infections undershoot actual infections by a very large margin (see Supplements to COVID-19 Confirmed Cases Prediction This version: April 15, 2020¹). Figure 1 allows us to suggest that the distributions of final confirmed numbers in all rich cool north countries are converging, while hot north and S hemisphere countries are not. However, the distributions of final deaths have not converged in most countries, as the number of deaths is lagging behind confirmed cases.

- The US reached 843K total confirmed cases today, with a 2.1% growth rate, compared with 4.7% yesterday. The epidemic in the USA seems to be maturing and reaching an inflection point², although the daily mortality curve has not reached the inflection point. Similar to Europe, the decay of after-peak trajectory is expected to be slow, likely linked to large numbers on patients on ventilators that continue to die for several weeks. See ¹ for further analysis on US test numbers and confirmed case numbers.

- Austria, Switzerland, Spain, Italy, Ireland, Germany, France and Portugal are the countries with most mature outbreaks with strong signs that inflection points have been passed. They all have an outbreak progress larger than 80% in medium scenario. The mortality numbers in these countries also supports an after-peak trajectory. Austria and Switzerland, identified as the two most mature countries, have been the first countries to publish the lift of the lockdown measures³.

- Belgium, Netherlands, UK and Turkey are less matured with outbreak progress in the range 60-80% in medium scenario. They may continue to follow the generalized exponential model, resulting in high uncertainties. Apart from Turkey, the other three countries have their distributions of final confirmed cases and deaths converged.

- Russia, Brazil, Sweden, Turkey and Japan continue their previous exponential growth, indicating highly uncertain future projections, as shown by their non-converged or highly dispersed ensemble distributions of final confirmed cases (Figure 1). The transmission in Japan seems to slow down. The sudden jump in today's death is because deaths that are pending to be confirmed cases are included in the statistics. In terms of per capita deaths, Russia, Brazil and Japan do not yet have real epidemics compared to West European countries.

- Our predictions for confirmed cases yesterday are correct in all countries except, again, an undershot in Russia (see figure 2).

³ Switzerland has announced on April 16 its three-phase plan to rollback coronavirus lockdown: phase 1=April 17, phase 2= May 11, phase 3=June 8. Austria started reopening non-essential stores since April 13.

(https://www.admin.ch/gov/en/start/documentation/media-releases.msg-id-78818.html)

¹https://ethz.ch/content/dam/ethz/special-interest/mtec/chair-of-entrepreneurial-risks-dam/documents/Covid-19 /Covid Supplements 15April2020.pdf

²On a logistic curve, the inflection point indicates where the curvature changes its sign. As we model the total number of confirmed cases, it is equal to the peak of the daily increase curve, after which the daily number of cases is decreasing. If the inflection point has been passed, the worst of the outbreak is over.

⁽https://www.theguardian.com/world/2020/apr/14/austria-reopens-small-shops-and-parks-as-coronavirus-lockdown-is-relaxed)

Method:

This report updates predictions for the number of COVID-19 confirmed cases and deaths at four time horizons (1-day, 5-day, 10-day and end of the outbreak) and for various countries/regions, based on a phenomenological approach detailed in [1]. We employ 4 versions of the generalized logistic growth equation to model the total number of confirmed cases and deaths, resulting in a positive, medium and negative scenario for the final expected number of cases/deaths as explained in the last page. Note that, for countries/regions at early growth stages, the predictions for long-term horizon (10-day and end of the outbreak) are highly uncertain and will vary a lot as the situation changes. The predicted ranges overlap and, as time passes, we anticipate our methodology to zero in on more reliable numbers. As mortality data, also from ECDC, is much noisier in many countries than the infection numbers, since today we use 7 days moving average for the fitting and simulations to account for weekly seasonality, instead of 3 days moving average. The data is neither normalized by population nor time-shifted for the calibrations.

Data source: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) [2] updated every day at 1pm CET, reflecting data collected up to 6:00 and 10:00 CET. Thus the daily data in some countries is one day delayed compared to other online live sources.

Key Figures & Tables:

-In Table 1, we report the latest confirmed cases per million population and the estimated outbreak progress in the positive and medium scenario (today's confirmed cases divided by the estimated total final confirmed case in positive and now additionally in medium scenarios).

-In Table 2 and Table 3, we report the prediction results of confirmed cases (Table 2) and deaths (Table 3) in each selected country/region at four time horizons (1-day, 5-day, 10-day and end of the outbreak) in three scenarios. The detailed fitting results for each country/region are plotted in the figures at the end of this report.

-In Figure 1, we present a distribution of the estimated final total confirmed cases and deaths per million population based on the positive and medium scenario.

-In Figure 2, we show the 1-day prediction error of yesterday's report.

- At the end of this report, we present two figures for each country, where the total number of confirmed cases/deaths are in the upper panel (log scale), the daily confirmed cases / deaths in the middle panel, and the daily growth rate of confirmed cases / deaths in the lower panel (log scale), respectively. The empirical data is marked by the empty circles. The blue, red, purple and green lines in the upper, middle and lower left panels show the fits with the Logistic Growth Model, Generalized Richards Model (GRM), Generalized Growth Model (GGM) and Generalized Logistic Model (GLM) respectively.

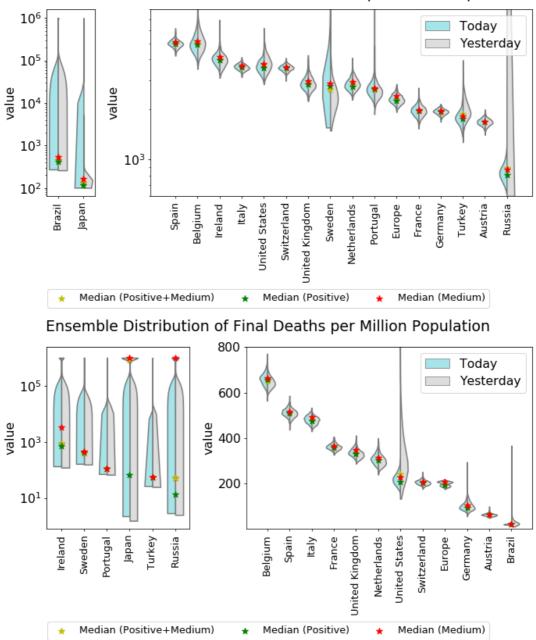
Comment: We need to emphasize that reported confirmed cases are a leading indicator that is subject to a large number of extraneous variables such as sampling rate⁴, sample targeting and reliability of testing. See note at end of this report. The real number of cases in the population is likely to be many multiples higher than those computed from confirmed tests.

⁴ For instance, The UK is experiencing issues with raising the testing rate linked to a global shortage of certain key reagents and swabs. From April 1st, all testing is to be targeted at health sector staff and this will obviously bias future data compared with past data.

Table 1. Current confirmed cases per million population and estimated outbreak progress in positive and medium scenarios (today's confirmed cases divided by the estimated total final confirmed cases in positive and medium scenario). **The ranking is in terms of outbreak progress in medium scenario (fourth column from left).** Numbers in brackets are 80% confidence intervals. As positive scenarios predict a smaller final number of total infected cases, the outbreak progress is thus larger in the positive scenario. Note that the estimated final confirmed numbers tend to underestimate the final results, thus the estimated outbreak progress serves both as a lower bound for future developments and as a guide of the dynamics of the evolution of the epidemics⁵. The number of tests per million population and confirmed cases per test are presented in the last two columns based on the information from Wikipedia [3].

	Confirm	ned per	Outbreak Progress	Outbreak Progress	Tests per Million	Confirmed Cases
		Population	in Positive	in Medium	Population (update	
	(Apr-2		Scenario	Scenario	date in brackets)	date in brackets)
			100%	99.7%	,	,
Austria		1687	(93.6%, 100%)	(94.4%, 100%)	23121 (Apr 23)	7.3% (Apr 23)
			03.3%			
Switzerland		3310	(88.1%, 98.9%)	(88.5%, 97.0%)	26948 (Apr 22)	12.1% (Apr 22)
<u>_</u>		4705	01.0%		0.4007 (4 04)	0.0% (001)
Germany		1785	(87.5%, 97.1%)	(86.7%, 94.8%)	24927 (Apr 21)	6.9% (Apr 21)
France		1779	90.2%	89.6%	5455 (Apr 12)	25.7% (Apr 12)
Fidlice		1/19	(82.7%, 98.2%)	(81.8%, 98.1%)	5455 (Apr 12)	25.7% (Apr 12)
Spain		4460	89.7%	87.9%	19905 (Apr 13)	17.8% (Apr 13)
Spann		4400	(84.0%, 95.4%)	(83.4%, 92.2%)	10000 (Apr 10)	11:0% (Api 10)
Italy		3100	86.4%		24025 (Apr 21)	12.5% (Apr 21)
,			(82.4%, 90.5%)	(80.4%, 88.2%)	,	
Ireland		3435	86.5%		23433 (Apr 20)	13.7% (Apr 20)
			(77.4%, 95.3%)	(74.7%, 90.5%)	,	· · · /
Portugal		2138	80.3%	79.6%	22953 (Apr 23)	7.3% (Apr 23)
			(71.8%, 89.2%)	(68.6%, 90.3%)		
Belgium		3667	74.4% (63.7%, 82.7%)	71.6% (59.0%, 84.7%)	14059 (Apr 20)	23.8% (Apr 20)
			73.7%			
Netherlands		2022	(68.1%, 78.5%)	(62.2%, 77.4%)	9470 (Apr 20)	19.8% (Apr 20)
_			72.8%	68.6%		
Europe		1649	(67.6%, 77.2%)	(63.6%, 73.4%)	NA	NA
Linite of Charters		0570	72 5%	· · · · · ·	10000 (4	10 5% (Ama 22)
United States		2576	(65.3%, 79.9%)	(62.0%, 77.1%)	13620 (Apr 22)	18.5% (Apr 22)
United Kingdom		2008	71.1%	67.6%	8639 (Apr 23)	22.9% (Apr 23)
Onited Kingdom		2008	(64.8%, 77.1%)	(59.4%, 76.3%)	0039 (Apr 23)	22.9% (Apr 23)
Turkey		1199	68.0%	66.2%	9031 (Apr 22)	12.7% (Apr 22)
Тапксу		1155	(55.0%, 78.9%)	(60.5%, 71.6%)	5051 (Apr 22)	12.7% (Api 22)
Japan		94	82.1%	56.6%	1035 (Apr 22)	8.8% (Apr 22)
			(77.1%, 86.9%)	(43.0%, 64.0%)	/	,
Sweden		1572	56.8%		9150 (Apr 21)	15.6% (Apr 21)
			(30.5%, 83.5%)	(37.7%, 66.3%)	,	,
Russia		401	49.7%		16366 (Apr 22)	2.2% (Apr 22)
			(41.4%, 57.0%) 52.4%	(33.2%, 51.0%) 39.9%		
Brazil		218	(36.2%, 64.6%)	(1.6%, 58.5%)	2266 (Apr 16)	5.9% (Apr 16)
-						
Iran		1051	Not reliable	Not reliable	4397 (Apr 21)	22.8% (Apr 21)
o			N	N	44000 (4	1.0% (1
South Korea		207	Not reliable	Not reliable	11293 (Apr 23)	1.8% (Apr 23)

⁵One uncertainty with Italy (and other countries) is whether the main outbreak that is focused on the North may spread through other parts of the country. In other words, does the dynamics aggregated over a whole country represent correctly the dynamics in different parts?



Ensemble Distribution of Final Confirmed Cases per Million Population

Figure 1. Violin plot of the distributions of the final total number of confirmed cases (upper panel) and deaths (lower panel) per million derived by combining the distributions of the positive and medium scenarios. The left side of each violin in cyan is today's distribution, while the right side of each violin in grey is yesterday's distribution. The model setup in the negative scenario does not incorporate a maximum saturation number and thus cannot be used. The yellow star indicates the median prediction for the combined distribution, while the green and red stars indicate the median of the positive and of the medium scenarios respectively. Note that, where we have >1 million infections or deaths per 1 million of population, the results are deemed to be unreliable (Table 2 & 3).

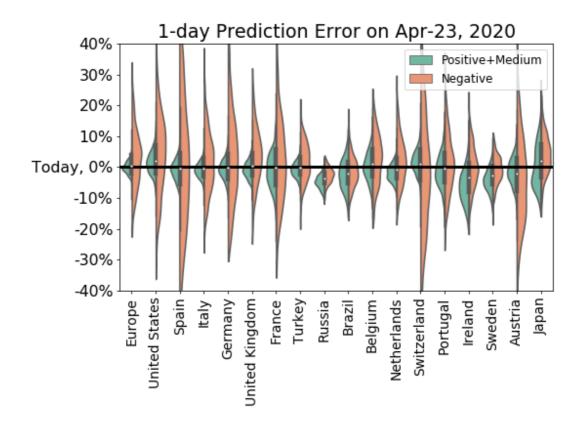


Figure 2. One-day prediction error of the forecast performed yesterday (April 21) for the total number of confirmed cases for the 13 countries/regions. The horizontal line corresponds to today's empirical data. We show the full distribution of errors for each of the two scenarios.

Table 2. Predictions for the number of confirmed cases at four time horizons (1-day, 5-day, 10-day and end of the outbreak) and for various countries/regions. The values in parentheses are 80% prediction intervals based on 500 simulations using a negative binomial error structure. In Today's validation column, today's empirical data is presented below yesterday's 1-day predictive interval. "Not reliable" is declared if more than 10% of the simulations produce extreme numbers (larger than total population). All numbers are in thousands.

Country	Scenario*	Today's validation	24-Apr	28-Apr	3-May	Final Total Confirmed
	Positive	(1190, 1270)	1270	1360	1460	1690
	Positive	1230	(1230, 1300)	(1310, 1400)	(1400, 1510)	(1590, 1820)
Europo	Medium	(1200, 1260)	1260	1360	1460	1790
Europe	Medium	1230	(1230, 1290)	(1320, 1390)	(1420, 1510)	(1680, 1930)
	Nogativo	(1120, 1420)	1290	1470	1720	Not Poliable
	Negative	1230	(1140, 1460)	(1300, 1660)	(1520, 1950)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(812, 904)	871	951	1020	1160
	FOSILIVE	843	(827, 914)	(901, 1000)	(961, 1090)	(1050, 1290)
United	Medium	(821, 888)	866	949	1030	1230
States	Medium	843	(837 <i>,</i> 899)	(913 <i>,</i> 987)	(979, 1080)	(1090, 1360)
	Negative	(722, 1020)	884	1040	1260	Not Reliable
	Negative	843	(733, 1050)	(869, 1250)	(1050, 1540)	NOT Reliable
	Positive	(196, 218)	211	219	224	232
	FOSILIVE	208	(200, 224)	(207, 231)	(211, 238)	(219, 248)
Spain	Medium	(198, 214)	210	218	225	237
Spain	Medium	208	(203, 219)	(210, 227)	(216, 235)	(226, 250)
	Negative	(153, 277)	214	243	283	Not Reliable
	Negative	208	(153, 281)	(180, 326)	(208, 389)	
Italy	Positive	(180, 193)	190	197	203	217
Italy	FUSILIVE	187	(183, 197)	(189, 204)	(195, 211)	(207, 227)

1	I	(180, 191)	189	196	203	223
	Medium	(180, 191) 187	(183, 194)	(190, 202)	(196, 210)	(212, 233)
		(166, 215)	193	213	239	(212, 255)
	Negative	(166, 215) 187				Not Reliable
			(165, 219)	(183, 242)	(204, 271)	101
	Positive	(141, 154)	150	154	157	161
		148	(143, 156)	(146, 161)	(149, 164)	(152, 169)
Germany	Medium	(142, 152)	149	154	158	163
		148	(143, 155)	(148, 160)	(151, 164)	(156, 171)
	Negative	(124, 181)	153	173	197	Not Reliable
	Hegative	148	(124, 186)	(141, 209)	(161, 239)	Hot Heliable
	Positive	(128, 139)	138	152	165	188
	FOSICIVE	133	(132, 143)	(146, 158)	(157 <i>,</i> 174)	(173, 206)
United	Medium	(128, 136)	136	152	166	198
Kingdom	Weuluiti	133	(132, 141)	(146, 157)	(158, 174)	(175, 225)
		(122, 154)	143	171	211	
	Negative	133	(125, 160)	(150, 191)	(181, 241)	Not Reliable
		(109, 127)	120	124	127	132
	Positive	119	(111, 129)	(115, 134)	(118, 138)	(121, 144)
		(109, 126)	119	123	127	133
France	Medium	(109, 126) 119	(111, 128)	(115, 133)	(118, 137)	(121, 146)
	-	(100, 144)	122	138	159	(121, 140)
	Negative					Not Reliable
	_	119	(102, 147)	(114, 165)	(130, 191)	4.45
	Positive	(94.5, 101)	101	113	125	145
		98.7	(97.7, 104)	(109, 118)	(117, 133)	(125, 180)
Turkey	Medium	(95.2, 101)	100	113	126	149
,		98.7	(97.7, 104)	(110, 118)	(120, 132)	(138, 163)
	Negative	(92.9, 109)	104	126	157	Not Reliable
	Negative	98.7	(94.9, 113)	(114, 137)	(141, 173)	Not heliable
	Positivo	(53.5 <i>,</i> 56.8)	59.9	80.6	99.1	117
	Positive	58	(57.9, 61.7)	(76.5, 85)	(91, 110)	(102, 140)
Durate	A de altrene	(53.3, 57)	60.7	82.8	104	126
Russia	Medium	58	(58.9 <i>,</i> 62.6)	(79.3 <i>,</i> 87.2)	(97.1, 118)	(114, 175)
		(54.7, 58.4)	62.2	93.6	150	
	Negative	58	(60, 64.6)	(89.8, 97.8)	(140, 161)	Not Reliable
		(42.5, 48.4)	48	57.5	67.9	87.3
	Positive	45.8	(45.3, 51.6)	(53.5, 62.9)	(60.6, 77.6)	(70.8, 126)
		(41.3, 46.9)	46.7	57.1	69.6	115
Brazil	Medium	45.8	(44, 49.7)	(53.2, 61.5)	(62.1, 79.1)	(78.2, 2910)
		(42.1, 48.1)	47.3	59.8	78.1	(70.2, 2510)
	Negative		(44.4, 50.5)		(72.7, 84.3)	Not Reliable
		45.8		(55.9, 63.7)		FC 2
	Positive	(39.5, 44.8)	42.9	46.3	49.5	56.3
		41.9	(40.1, 45.6)	(43.1, 49.4)	(45.9, 53.7)	(50.7, 65.8)
Belgium	Medium	(39.3, 44.5)	42.7	46.2	49.6	58.5
0		41.9	(40.3, 45.6)	(43.5, 49.6)	(46.1, 54)	(49.5, 71.1)
	Negative	(38.5, 47.7)	43.8	50.7	59.6	Not Reliable
		41.9	(39.2, 48.5)	(45.2, 56.1)	(52.6, 66.6)	
	Positive	(34.1, 36.7)	36	38.5	41.1	47.3
	- CSICIVE	34.8	(34.7, 37.3)	(37.2, 40.1)	(39.5, 42.9)	(44.4, 51.1)
Netherlands	Medium	(33.5, 35.8)	35.4	38.2	41.1	50.6
netherianus		34.8	(34.3, 36.6)	(36.9 <i>,</i> 39.6)	(39.4, 42.9)	(45 <i>,</i> 56)
	North	(33.3, 40.7)	37.7	43.1	50.2	Not Dalistate
	Negative	34.8	(33.5, 42)	(37.9 <i>,</i> 48.3)	(43.7 <i>,</i> 56.4)	Not Reliable
	D	(27.4, 30.5)	29.1	29.5	29.8	30.2
	Positive	28.2	(27.5, 30.7)	(27.9, 31.1)	(28.2, 31.5)	(28.5, 32)
		(27.5, 30.1)	29	29.5	29.9	30.5
Switzerland	Medium	28.2	(27.7, 30.3)	(28.3, 30.8)	(28.6, 31.3)	(29.1, 31.9)
		(21.4, 36.5)	28.5	31.9	36.4	(20:1) 01:01
	Negative	28.2	(21.2, 37.3)	(23.6, 42.1)	(26.8, 49.1)	Not Reliable
		(20.3, 23.1)	22.5	23.9	25.1	27.4
	Positive					
Portugal	<u> </u>	22	(21, 24.1)	(22.2, 25.6)	(23.2, 26.9)	(24.6, 30.6)
-	Medium	(20.4, 23.4)	22.3	23.6	24.9	27.6
		22	(20.8, 23.8)	(22.1, 25.4)	(23.1, 26.9)	(24.3, 32)

	Negative	(19.5, 25.2)	22.8	26.1	30.3	Not Reliable
		22	(20.3, 25.6)	(23.1, 29.1)	(26.5, 34)	
	Positive	(14.2, 16.5)	16.1	17.5	18.5	19.3
		16.7	(15, 17.3)	(16.2, 19)	(17, 20.2)	(17.5, 21.5)
Ireland	Medium	(14.7, 17.1)	16.4	18	19.1	20.1
		16.7	(15.3, 17.5)	(16.7, 19.2)	(17.6, 20.5)	(18.4, 22.3)
	Negative	(15.2, 18.3)	17.4	20.8	25.5	Not Reliable
	Hegative	16.7	(16.1, 18.8)	(19.2, 22.5)	(23.4, 27.9)	
	Positive	(14.6, 16.1)	16.1	18	20.2	28.2
	TOSITIVE	16	(15.3, 16.9)	(16.9, 19.1)	(18.3, 22)	(19.2, 52.6)
Sweden	Medium	(14.5, 16.1)	16.1	18.1	20.5	29.2
Sweden	Wealum	16	(15.2, 16.9)	(17, 19.2)	(19, 22)	(24.2, 42.5)
	Negative	(14.9, 16.7)	16.6	19.4	23.2	Not Poliable
	Negative	16	(15.6, 17.6)	(18.2, 20.5)	(21.6, 24.7)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(13.9, 15.5)	14.8	14.9	14.9	14.9
	Positive	14.9	(13.9, 15.9)	(13.9, 15.9)	(13.9, 15.9)	(14, 16)
Austria	Madium	(13.8, 15.7)	14.8	14.9	14.9	15
Austria	Medium	14.9	(14.1, 15.7)	(14.1, 15.7)	(14.2, 15.8)	(14.2, 15.8)
	Negetius	(11.6, 17.4)	14.2	15.8	17.7	Not Reliable
	Negative	14.9	(11.7, 17.2)	(12.9, 19.2)	(14.4, 21.7)	
	Desitives	(10.8, 11.9)	11.6	12.8	13.7	14.5
	Positive	11.9	(11.2, 12.2)	(12.2, 13.4)	(13, 14.4)	(13.7, 15.5)
lanan	Madium	(11.7, 13.4)	13	14.8	16.7	21
Japan	Medium	11.9	(12.2, 13.8)	(13.9, 15.9)	(15.6, 18.4)	(18.6, 27.7)
	Negetius	(11.5, 13.5)	12.8	15.6	19.7	Net Delieble
	Negative	11.9	(11.9, 13.9)	(14.4, 17)	(18, 21.8)	Not Reliable
	Desitives	(80.7, 87.7)	85.4	87.9	89.8	92.4
	Positive	86	(81.8, 88.6)	(83.9, 91.1)	(85.7, 93.3)	(87.2, 96.9)
lunn	N A a diama	(77.8, 86.2)	83.3	86.7	89.6	95.4
Iran	Medium	86	(79.2, 87.4)	(82.2, 91)	(84.8 <i>,</i> 94.5)	(88.9, 102)
		(78.3, 101)	90.9	100	112	Net Delielel
	Negative	86	(79.4, 104)	(87.6, 115)	(98.6, 129)	Not Reliable

Table 3. Predictions for the number of total deaths at four time horizons (1-day, 5-day, 10-day and end of the outbreak) and for various countries/regions, based on the Generalised Richards model [1]. The values in parentheses are 80% prediction intervals based on 500 simulations using a negative binomial error structure. "Not reliable" is declared if more than 10% of the simulations produce extreme numbers (larger than total population). All numbers are in thousands. Note that it is emerging that there can be a large variation in reporting standard between countries. In the UK, it is made clear that reported deaths are for hospital deaths only and do not include deaths in the community. Similarly, data for Belgium is allegedly being revised to account for community deaths.

Country	Scenario*	Today's validation	24-Apr	28-Apr	3-May	Final Total Confirmed
	Positive	(101, 105) 113	106 (105, 108)	117 (115, 119)	127 (124, 130)	144 (139, 150)
Europe	Medium	(102, 103) 113	106 (105, 106)	117 (116, 118)	129 (128, 130)	156 (152, 160)
	Negative	(92.2, 121) 113	111 (96.4, 126)	132 (115, 151)	161 (140, 188)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(39.1, 41.7) 46.8	42.7 (40.5, 45)	51.4 (48.1 <i>,</i> 55)	59 (53.6, 65.5)	67.6 (58.7, 81.8)
United States	Medium	(39.3, 41.3) 46.8	42.4 (41.1, 43.5)	51.8 (49.9, 53.8)	60.8 (57.5, 64.8)	75.2 (67.3, 88.2)
	Negative	(38.7, 44.6) 46.8	43.7 (40.6, 47.7)	57.8 (53.9, 63.3)	79.7 (72.8, 88.9)	Not Reliable
Spain	Positive	(19.7, 21.3) 21.7	21 (20.3, 21.8)	22 (21.2, 22.9)	22.8 (22, 23.7)	23.8 (22.8, 25)
Spain	Medium	(20, 21.1) 21.7	21 (20.4, 21.6)	22 (21.5, 22.7)	22.9 (22.3, 23.7)	24.2 (23.4, 25.2)

	Negative	(18.4, 23.7) 21.7	21.3 (18.7, 24.2)	24.5 (21.4, 28)	28.6 (24.8, 33.1)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(23, 24.5)	24.2	25.4	26.6	28.7
		25.1 (23.2, 24.1)	(23.5, 24.9) 24.2	(24.7, 26.3) 25.5	(25.7, 27.5) 26.8	(27.6, 30.2) 29.7
Italy	Medium	(23.2, 24.1) 25.1	24.2 (23.7, 24.6)	(25, 26)	26.8 (26.2, 27.3)	(28.6, 30.9)
	N	(21.4, 27.3)	24.7	27.8	31.8	
	Negative	25.1	(21.9, 27.8)	(24.6, 31.4)	(27.9, 36)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(4.31, 4.58)	4.66	5.44	6.25	7.97
		5.09 (4.34, 4.57)	(4.53, 4.79) 4.67	(5.27, 5.65) 5.48	(5.96, 6.59) 6.33	(7.06, 9.45) 8.64
Germany	Medium	5.09	(4.56, 4.78)	(5.29, 5.63)	(5.96, 6.67)	(6.78, 11)
	Negativo	(4.25, 4.81)	4.75	5.91	7.56	Not Reliable
	Negative	5.09	(4.44, 5.1)	(5.54, 6.33)	(7.02, 8.17)	
	Positive	(15.4, 16.1)	16.5	18.6	20.3	22.1
United		18.1 (15.5, 16)	(16.2, 17) 16.5	(18.1, 19.2) 18.7	(19.6, 21) 20.6	(21, 23.3) 23.1
Kingdom	Medium	18.1	(16.2, 16.8)	(18.3, 19.1)	(19.9, 21.3)	(21.6, 24.7)
	N	(15, 18.2)	17.2	21.6	27.9	
	Negative	18.1	(15.4, 18.8)	(19.4, 23.7)	(24.8, 31.3)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(19.1, 20.1)	20.2	21.8	23	24.1
		21.3 (19.2, 20)	(19.7, 20.7) 20.2	(21.2, 22.4) 21.9	(22.3, 23.6) 23.2	(23.2 <i>,</i> 25) 24.6
France	Medium	21.3	(19.8, 20.6)	(21.4, 22.4)	23.2 (22.6, 23.9)	24.6 (23.7, 25.7)
	N	(17.9, 23.5)	21.1	25.6	31.9	
	Negative	21.3	(18.3, 24.3)	(22.4, 29.3)	(27.4, 37.1)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(1.96, 2.07)	2.13	2.6	3.12	4.46
		2.38	(2.07, 2.21)	(2.5, 2.71)	(2.91, 3.39)	(3.6, 7.29)
Turkey	Medium	(1.95 <i>,</i> 2.08) 2.38	2.14 (2.08, 2.2)	2.58 (2.43, 2.7)	3.09 (2.6, 3.36)	4.55 (2.63, 7.87)
		(1.93, 2.13)	2.16	2.76	3.62	
	Negative	2.38	(2.06, 2.25)	(2.61, 2.89)	(3.4, 3.83)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(0.353, 0.401)	0.426	0.628	nan	1.92
		0.513 (0.356, 0.406)	(0.4, 0.452) 0.426	(0.457 <i>,</i> 0.73) 0.674	(nan, nan) 1.19	(0.458, 8.89)
Russia	Medium	0.513	(0.401, 0.453)	(0.607, 0.742)	(0.904, 1.38)	Not Reliable
		(0.356, 0.403)	0.429	0.686	1.24	Not Reliable
	Negative	0.513	(0.401, 0.453)	(0.623, 0.746)	(1.02, 1.4)	NOT KEIIADIE
	Positive	(2.35, 2.48)	2.58	3.21	3.81	4.55
		2.91 (2.35, 2.48)	(2.51, 2.65) 2.58	(3.1, 3.35) 3.23	(3.59, 4.09) 3.87	(4.09, 5.2)
Brazil	Medium	2.91	(2.51, 2.64)	(3.11, 3.37)	(3.63, 4.2)	(4.22, 5.89)
	Negative	(2.36, 2.54)	2.63	3.57	5.04	Not Reliable
	Negative	2.91	(2.54, 2.73)	(3.42, 3.73)	(4.75, 5.34)	
	Positive	(5.41, 5.66)	5.74 (5.63.5.83)	6.47 (6.34, 6.61)	6.99 (6.77 7.22)	7.49
		6.26 (5.37, 5.56)	(5.63, 5.83) 5.73	(6.34, 6.61) 6.49	(6.77, 7.23) 7.05	(7.05, 7.98) 7.6
Belgium	Medium	6.26	(5.63, 5.83)	(6.35, 6.63)	(6.86, 7.26)	(7.31, 7.93)
	Negative	(5.3, 6.13)	6.01	7.55	9.83	Not Reliable
	inc gauve	6.26	(5.5, 6.47)	(6.9, 8.2)	(8.82, 10.8)	
	Positive	(3.55, 3.81) 4.05	3.82 (3.68, 3.95)	4.21 (4.04, 4.35)	4.57 (4.35, 4.75)	5.26 (4.82, 5.72)
		(3.58, 3.77)	3.81	4.04, 4.35)	(4.35, 4.75) 4.57	(4.82, 5.72) 5.43
Netherlands	Medium	4.05	(3.69, 3.91)	(4.06, 4.33)	(4.39, 4.74)	(4.93, 5.97)
	Negative	(3.38, 4.12)	3.88	4.58	5.55	Not Reliable
		4.05	(3.47, 4.31)	(4.11, 5.12)	(4.91, 6.24)	
	Positive	(1.39 <i>,</i> 1.49) 1.53	1.48 (1.43, 1.53)	1.57 (1.51, 1.63)	1.65 (1.58, 1.72)	1.75 (1.66, 1.85)
		(1.39, 1.49)	1.48	1.57	1.65	1.78
Switzerland	Medium	1.53	(1.43, 1.53)	(1.52, 1.63)	(1.59, 1.73)	(1.67, 1.9)
	Negative	(1.32, 1.66)	1.49	1.72	2.05	Not Reliable
		1.53	(1.33, 1.68)	(1.54, 1.95)	(1.8, 2.32)	

	Positive	(0.694, 0.759)	0.75	0.843	0.934	1.13
		0.785	(0.715, 0.789)	(0.792, 0.893)	(0.84, 1.02)	(0.861, 1.66)
Portugal	Medium	(0.692, 0.758)	0.753	0.85	0.947	1.18
_		0.785	(0.713, 0.786)	(0.8, 0.899)	(0.883, 1.03)	(0.995, 1.64)
	Negative	(0.697, 0.762) 0.785	0.757 (0.723, 0.792)	0.898 (0.857, 0.942)	1.09 (1.03, 1.15)	Not Reliable
		(0.577, 0.645)	0.658	0.848	1.12	3.44
	Positive	0.769	(0.624, 0.69)	(0.726, 0.918)	(0.741, 1.29)	(0.741, 6.17)
lus la mal		(0.578, 0.641)	0.654	0.862	1.17	Net Delistele
Ireland	Medium	0.769	(0.621, 0.692)	(0.804, 0.919)	(1.03, 1.28)	Not Reliable
	Negative	(0.58, 0.645)	0.657	0.875	1.21	Nat Daliable
	Negative	0.769	(0.627, 0.695)	(0.831, 0.927)	(1.13, 1.3)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(1.5, 1.62)	1.67	2.04	2.49	Not Reliable
	Positive	1.94	(1.61, 1.73)	(1.86, 2.16)	(1.91, 2.78)	NOT Reliable
Sweden	Medium	(1.5, 1.62)	1.66	2.06	2.56	Not Reliable
Sweden	wealum	1.94	(1.6, 1.73)	(1.95, 2.17)	(2.31, 2.85)	NOT Reliable
	Negative	(1.5, 1.66)	1.68	2.16	2.87	Not Reliable
		1.94	(1.59, 1.77)	(2.03, 2.28)	(2.67, 3.04)	
		1.54	(1.55, 1.77)	(2.05, 2.28)	(2.07, 3.04)	
	Positive	(0.433, 0.495)	0.482	0.515	0.539	0.563
	Positive	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494	0.482 (0.451, 0.513)	0.515 (0.477, 0.549)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578)	(0.514, 0.615)
Austria		(0.433, 0.495)	0.482	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574
Austria	Positive Medium	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494	0.482 (0.451, 0.513)	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572)	(0.514, 0.615)
Austria	Medium	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492)	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648)
Austria		(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511)	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716)	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574
Austria	Medium Negative	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177)	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable
Austria	Medium	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186)	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464)	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648)
	Medium Negative Positive	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287 (0.149, 0.184)	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186) 0.2	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271) 0.259	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464) 0.356	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable Not Reliable
Austria Japan	Medium Negative	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287 (0.149, 0.184) 0.287	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186) 0.2 (0.181, 0.219)	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271) 0.259 (0.231, 0.283)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464) 0.356 (0.307, 0.398)	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable
	Medium Negative Positive Medium	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287 (0.149, 0.184) 0.287 (0.15, 0.183)	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186) 0.2 (0.181, 0.219) 0.199	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271) 0.259 (0.231, 0.283) 0.258	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464) 0.356 (0.307, 0.398) 0.359	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable Not Reliable
	Medium Negative Positive	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287 (0.149, 0.184) 0.287 (0.15, 0.183) 0.287	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186) 0.2 (0.181, 0.219) 0.199 (0.181, 0.218)	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271) 0.259 (0.231, 0.283) 0.258 (0.233, 0.287)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464) 0.356 (0.307, 0.398) 0.359 (0.312, 0.407)	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable
	Medium Negative Positive Medium	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287 (0.149, 0.184) 0.287 (0.15, 0.183) 0.287 (4.99, 5.37)	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186) 0.2 (0.181, 0.219) 0.199 (0.181, 0.218) 5.29	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271) 0.259 (0.231, 0.283) 0.258 (0.233, 0.287) 5.56	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464) 0.356 (0.307, 0.398) 0.359 (0.312, 0.407) 5.82	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable 6.47
	Medium Negative Positive Medium Negative	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287 (0.149, 0.184) 0.287 (0.15, 0.183) 0.287 (4.99, 5.37) 5.39	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186) 0.2 (0.181, 0.219) 0.199 (0.181, 0.218) 5.29 (5.1, 5.48)	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271) 0.259 (0.231, 0.283) 0.258 (0.233, 0.287) 5.56 (5.36, 5.78)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464) 0.356 (0.307, 0.398) 0.359 (0.312, 0.407) 5.82 (5.59, 6.06)	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable 6.47 (6.09, 6.88)
	Medium Negative Positive Medium Negative	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287 (0.149, 0.184) 0.287 (0.15, 0.183) 0.287 (4.99, 5.37) 5.39 (5.04, 5.34)	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186) 0.2 (0.181, 0.219) 0.199 (0.181, 0.218) 5.29 (5.1, 5.48) 5.29	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271) 0.259 (0.231, 0.283) 0.258 (0.233, 0.287) 5.56 (5.36, 5.78)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464) 0.356 (0.307, 0.398) 0.359 (0.312, 0.407) 5.82 (5.59, 6.06) 5.84	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable 6.47 (6.09, 6.88) 6.63
Japan	Medium Negative Positive Medium Negative Positive	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287 (0.149, 0.184) 0.287 (0.15, 0.183) 0.287 (4.99, 5.37) 5.39 (5.04, 5.34) 5.39	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186) 0.2 (0.181, 0.219) 0.199 (0.181, 0.218) 5.29 (5.1, 5.48) 5.29 (5.13, 5.43)	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271) 0.259 (0.231, 0.283) 0.258 (0.233, 0.287) 5.56 (5.36, 5.78) 5.57 (5.41, 5.72)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464) 0.356 (0.307, 0.398) 0.359 (0.312, 0.407) 5.82 (5.59, 6.06) 5.84 (5.66, 6.01)	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable 6.47 (6.09, 6.88)
Japan	Medium Negative Positive Medium Negative Positive	(0.433, 0.495) 0.494 (0.42, 0.475) 0.494 (0.42, 0.492) 0.494 (0.142, 0.177) 0.287 (0.149, 0.184) 0.287 (0.15, 0.183) 0.287 (4.99, 5.37) 5.39 (5.04, 5.34)	0.482 (0.451, 0.513) 0.462 (0.435, 0.488) 0.47 (0.43, 0.511) 0.166 (0.149, 0.186) 0.2 (0.181, 0.219) 0.199 (0.181, 0.218) 5.29 (5.1, 5.48) 5.29	0.515 (0.477, 0.549) 0.5 (0.468, 0.532) 0.552 (0.501, 0.598) 0.24 (0.209, 0.271) 0.259 (0.231, 0.283) 0.258 (0.233, 0.287) 5.56 (5.36, 5.78)	0.539 (0.498, 0.578) 0.531 (0.495, 0.572) 0.66 (0.595, 0.716) 0.368 (0.282, 0.464) 0.356 (0.307, 0.398) 0.359 (0.312, 0.407) 5.82 (5.59, 6.06) 5.84	(0.514, 0.615) 0.574 (0.522, 0.648) Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable Not Reliable 6.47 (6.09, 6.88) 6.63

* Note:

-The scenarios are based on the final total confirmed numbers. On April 11, 2020, we introduced the Generalized Richards Model in addition to our existing three models: Generalized Logistic Model, Logistic Model and Generalized Growth model (see [1] for their presentation). We remove the lowest mean predicted final total confirmed number K among the four models (which is classical statistical method ensuring robustness). Then, the model with the second lowest mean predicted final total confirmed number K is classified as the positive scenario, and the third lowest one is classified as the medium scenario. The negative scenario is based on the Generalized Growth model, which should only describe the early stage of the epidemic outbreak and is therefore least reliable for countries in the more mature stage.

-Trajectories from Iran have largely deviated from a typical logistic type growth (S curve), and can't be properly described by our models. Although we still report its calibration results in Table 1, they should not be taken as reliable in all scenarios and time horizons. This is probably a result of unreliable reported data from Iran.

Limitations of using the statistics of reported confirmed number

It is important to understand what our prediction models show. The predictions are based on cases identified on the basis of testing and they therefore predict the numbers of future positive tests. Relating positive test results to real levels of infection is subject to a large number of biases. It is a fact that the real number of infections is far higher than those recorded in positive tests since only a tiny fraction of any population has been tested. It is also the case that, in most countries, testing is biased towards those who think they are infected. The first bias, therefore, will underestimate the real number of infections while the second bias will tend to overestimate since it is biased towards those who think they are ill.

There are further complications. Depending on the testing protocols used, in some instances false positive results have been obtained. In other words, someone without the disease tested positive, probably because they were infected with some other coronavirus. And in other cases, false negative results were obtained, as was the case with the early testing deployed in the USA.

One final complication is the fact that tests are conducted sequentially over time. They do not represent a snapshot of a day in time. Many of those tested early, giving a negative result, may today get a positive result. And many, who tested positive early on, may today be cured.

We anticipate that, over time, our methodology will improve and will provide a more accurate picture of the true levels of infection and where they are headed.

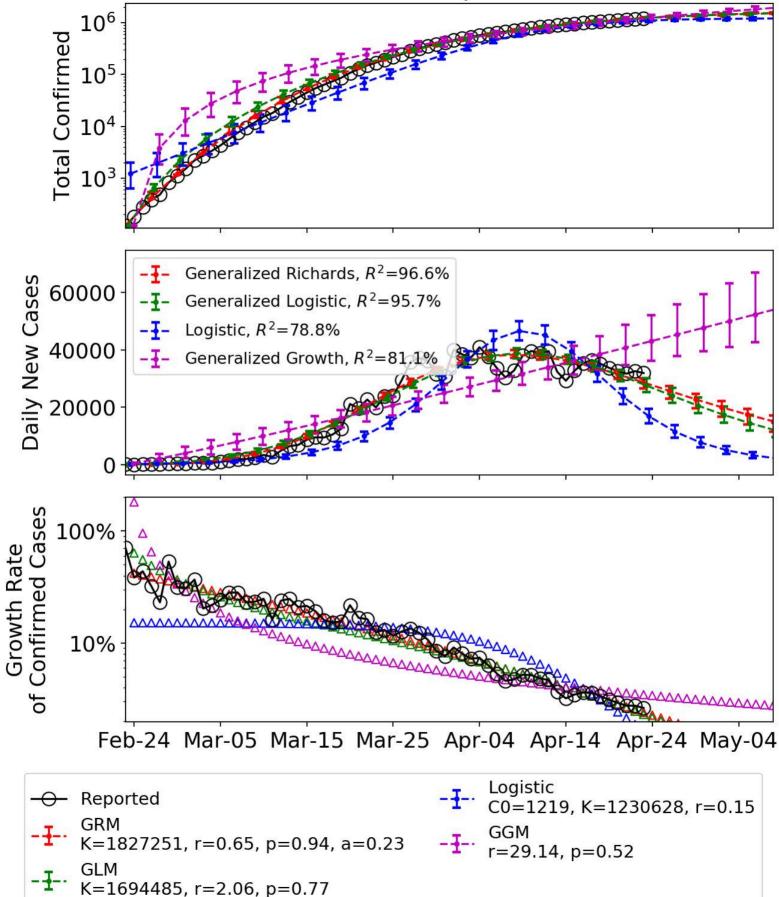
[1] Ke Wu, Didier Darcet, Qian Wang and Didier Sornette, Generalized logistic growth modeling of the COVID-19 outbreak in 29 provinces in China and in the rest of the world, preprint at http://arxiv.org/abs/2003.05681 and

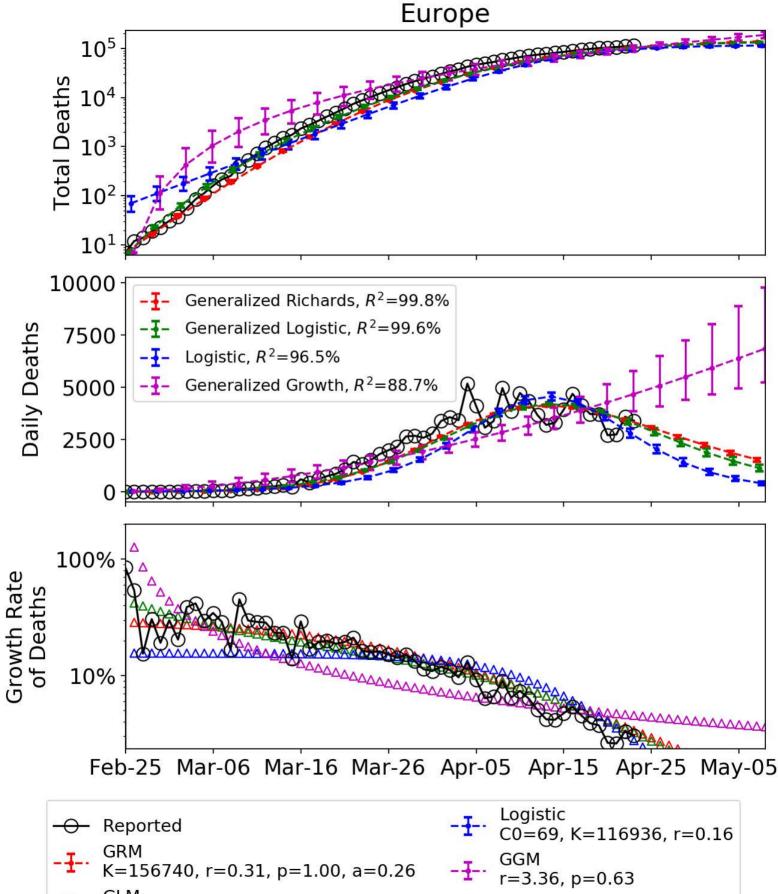
medRxiv: https://medrxiv.org/cgi/content/short/2020.03.11.20034363v1

[2] https://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/geographical-distribution-2019-ncov-cases

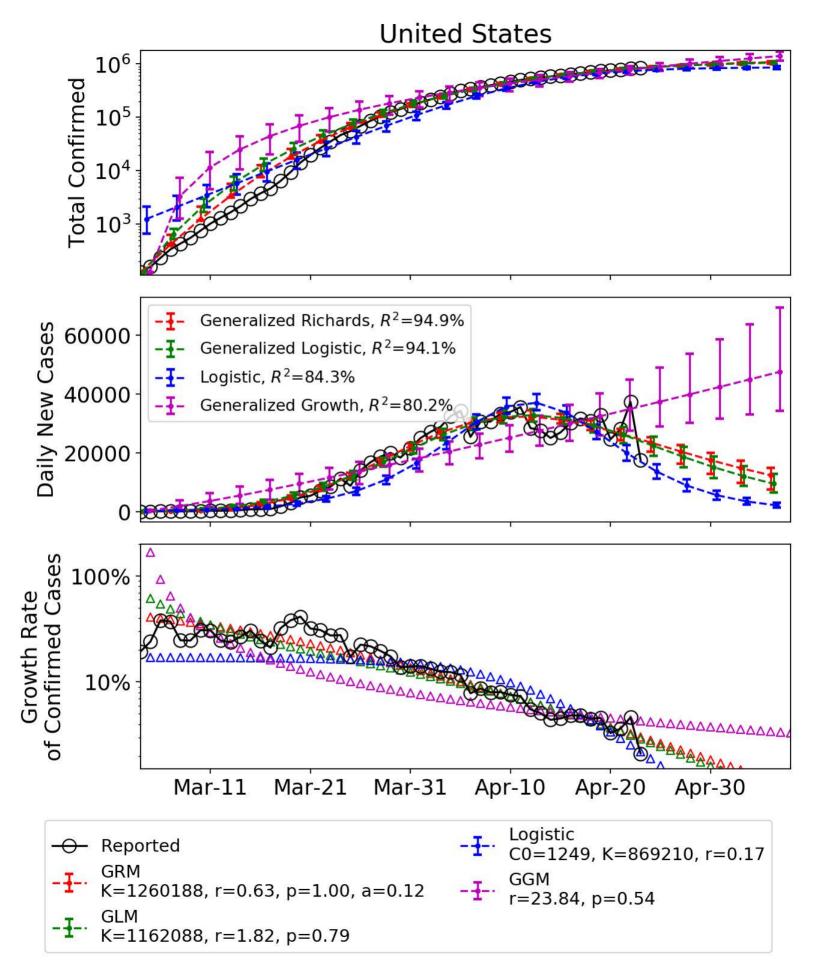
[3] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/COVID-19_testing

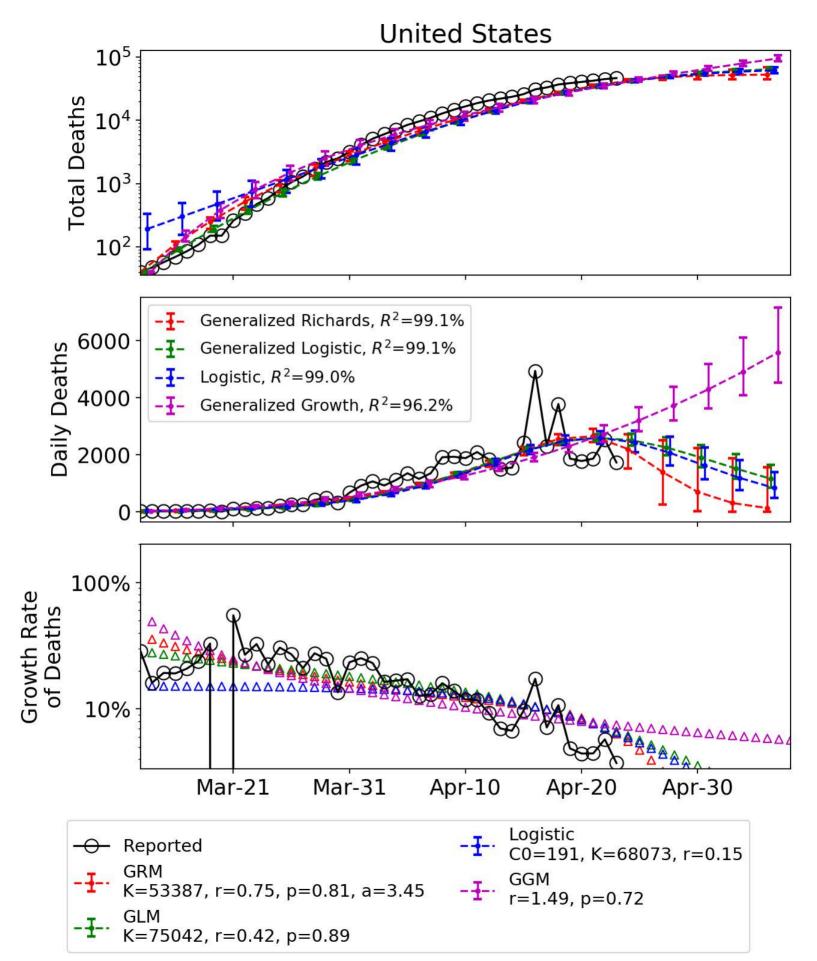
Europe

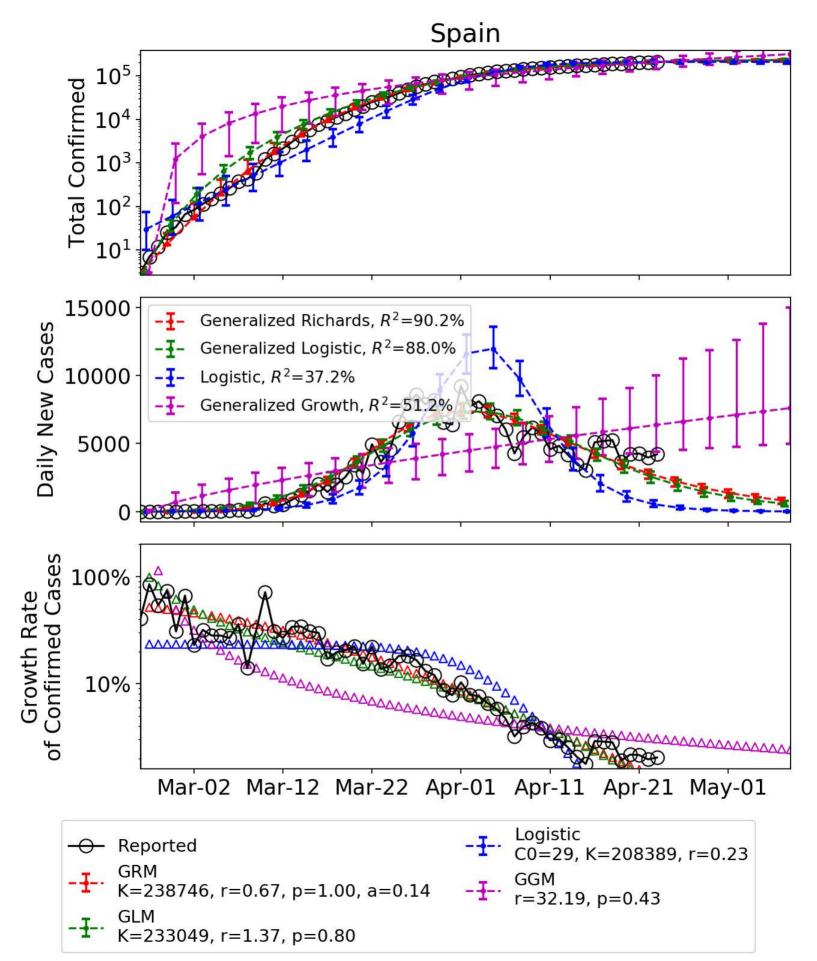


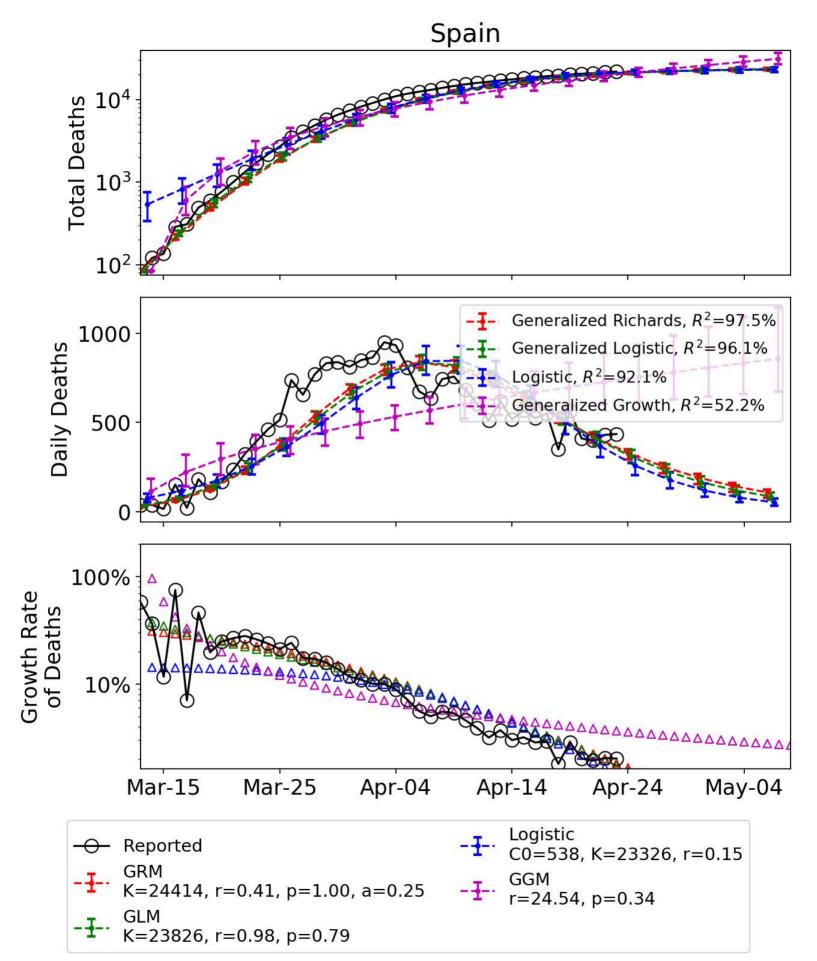


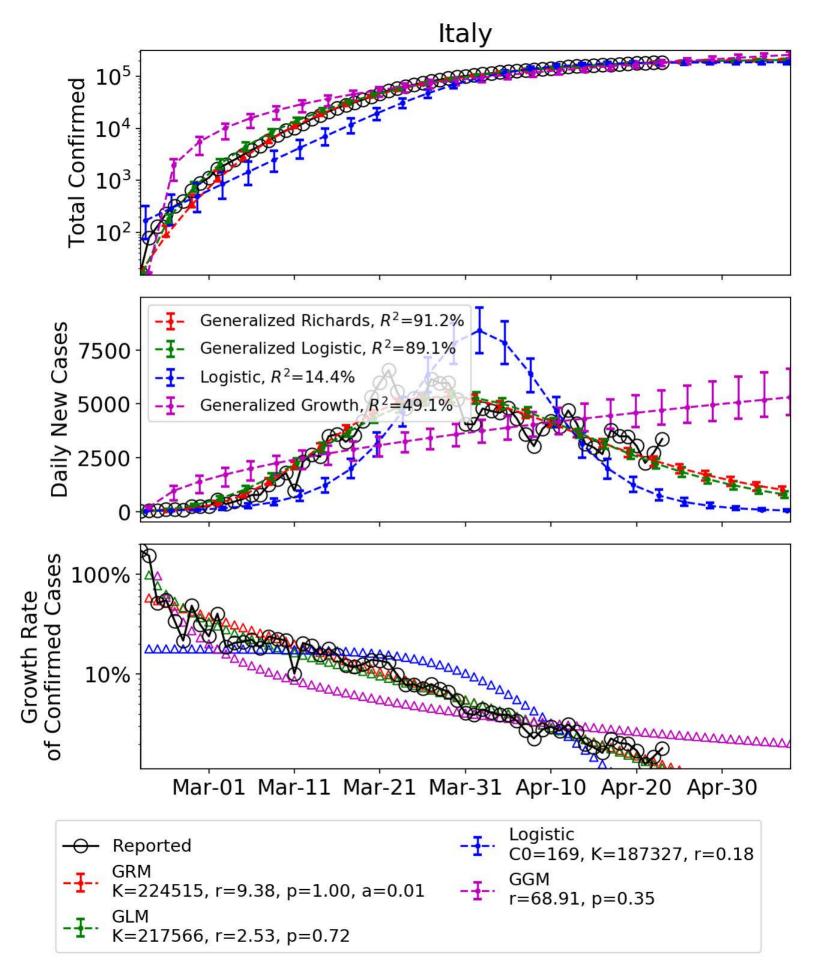
∃-- GLM K=143889, r=0.57, p=0.86 r=3.36, p=0.63

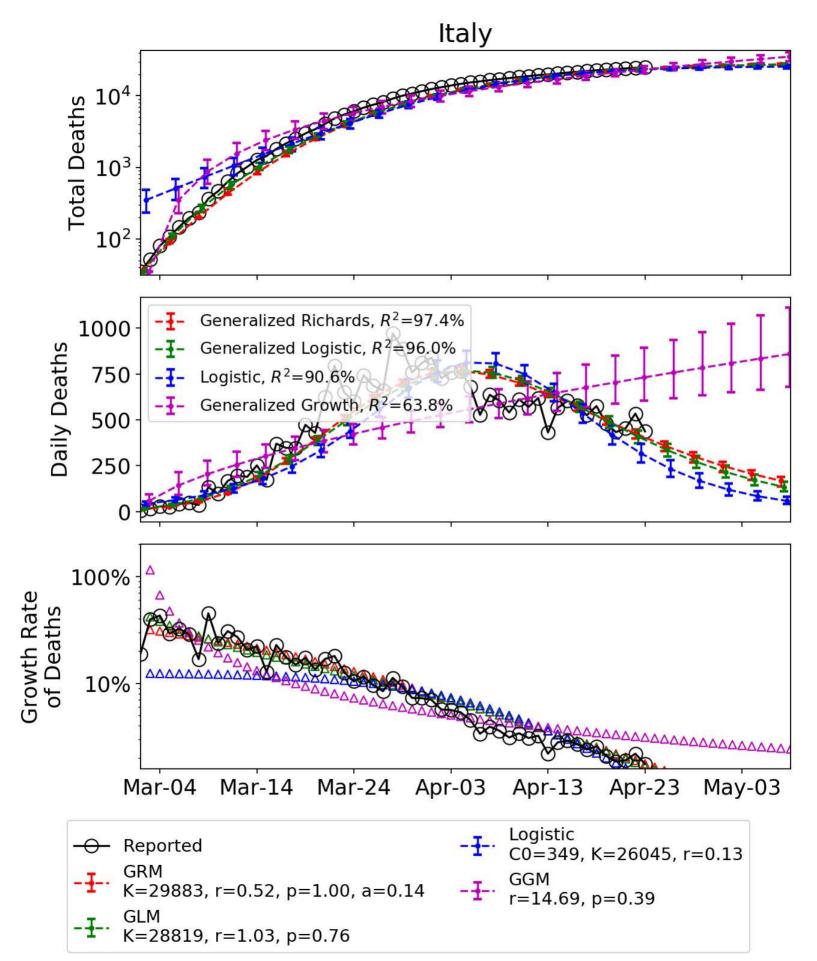


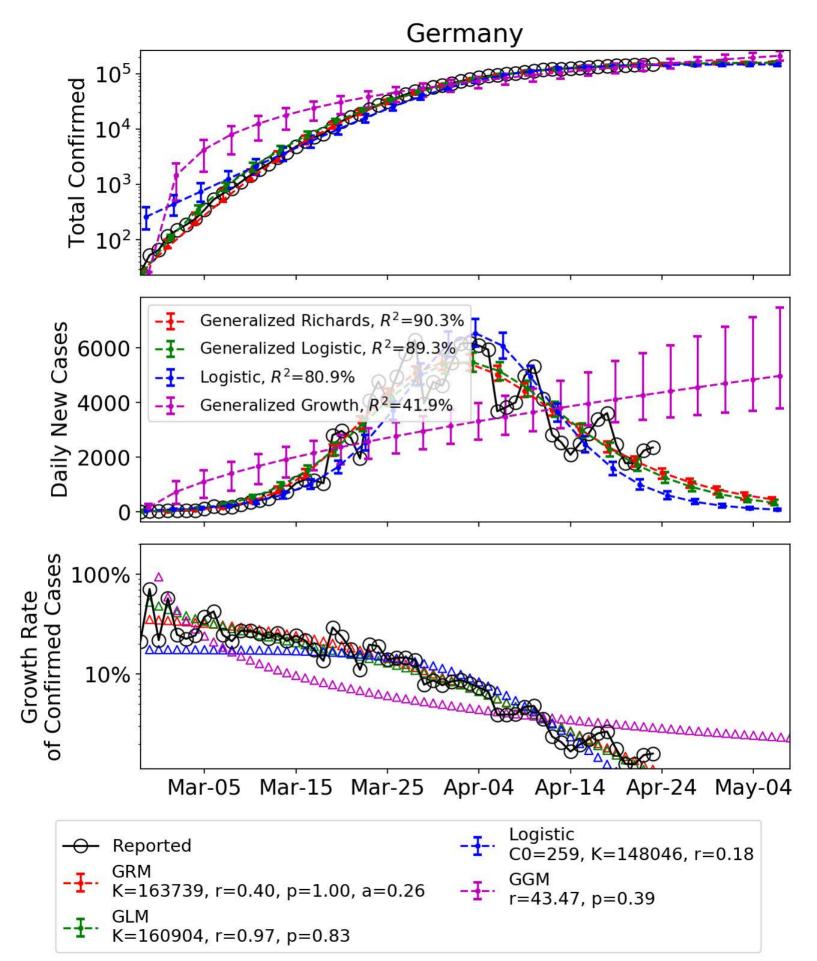


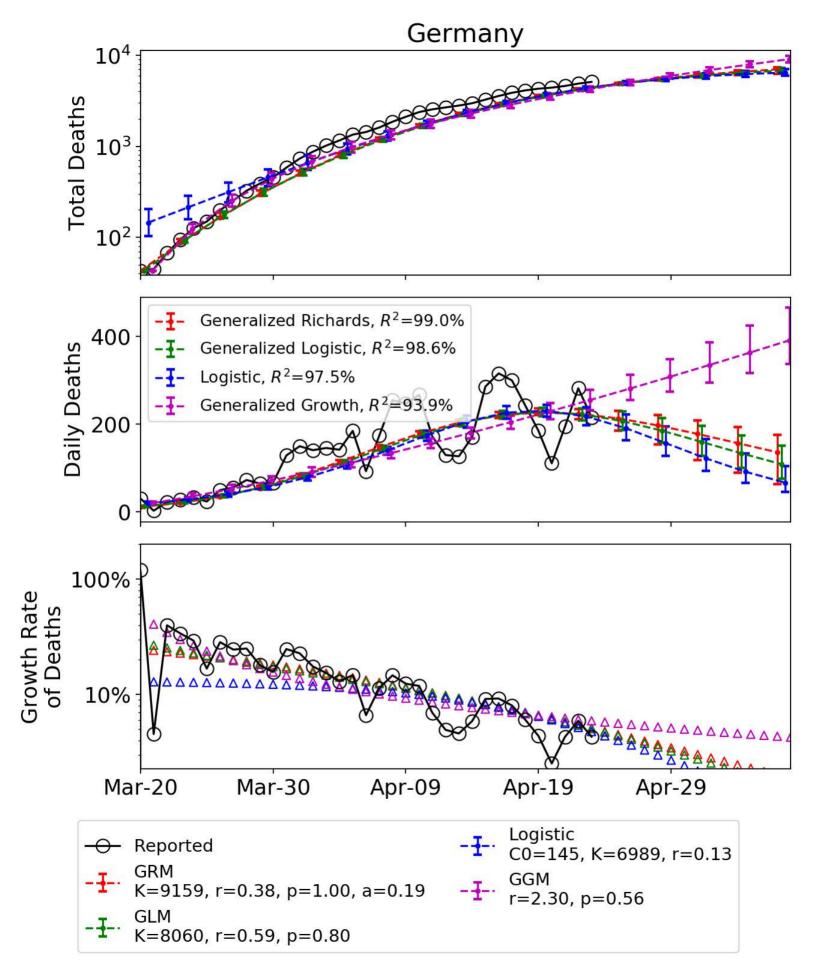




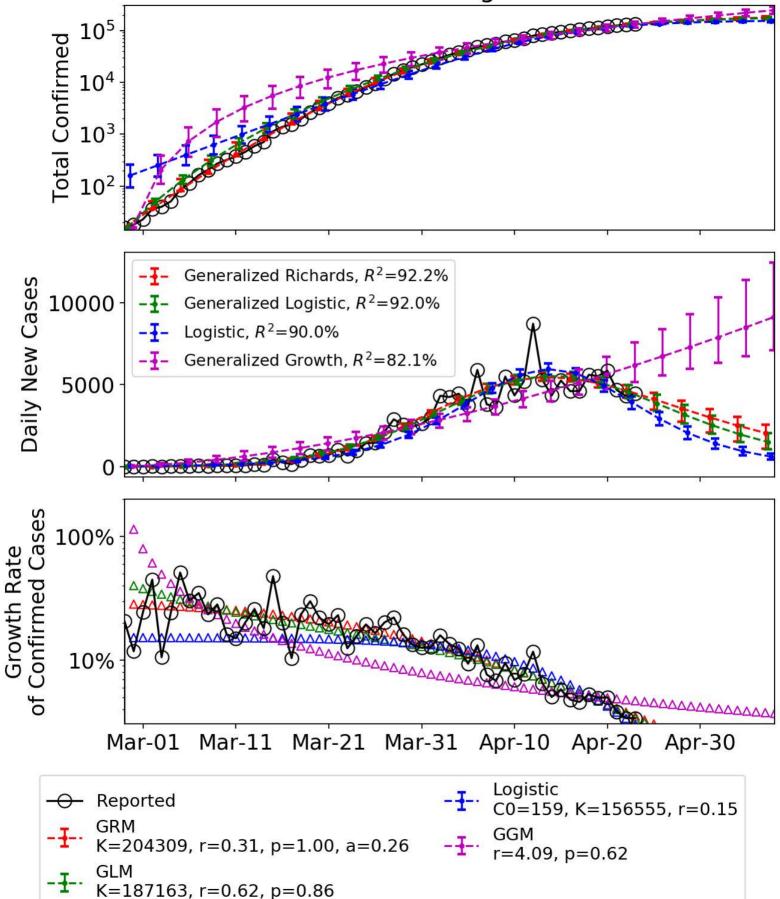


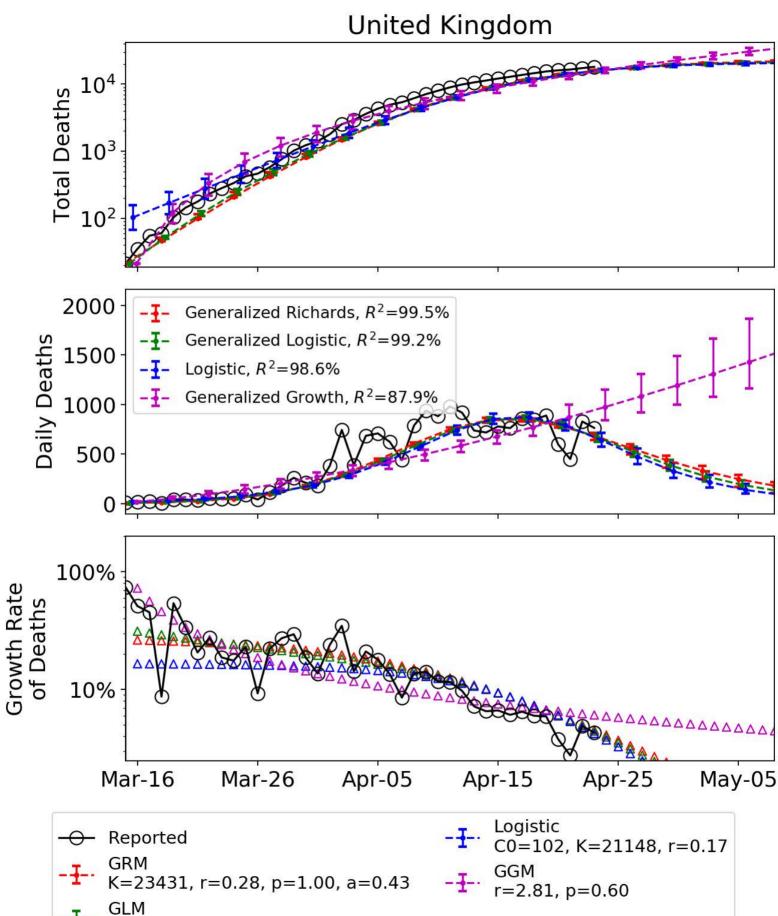




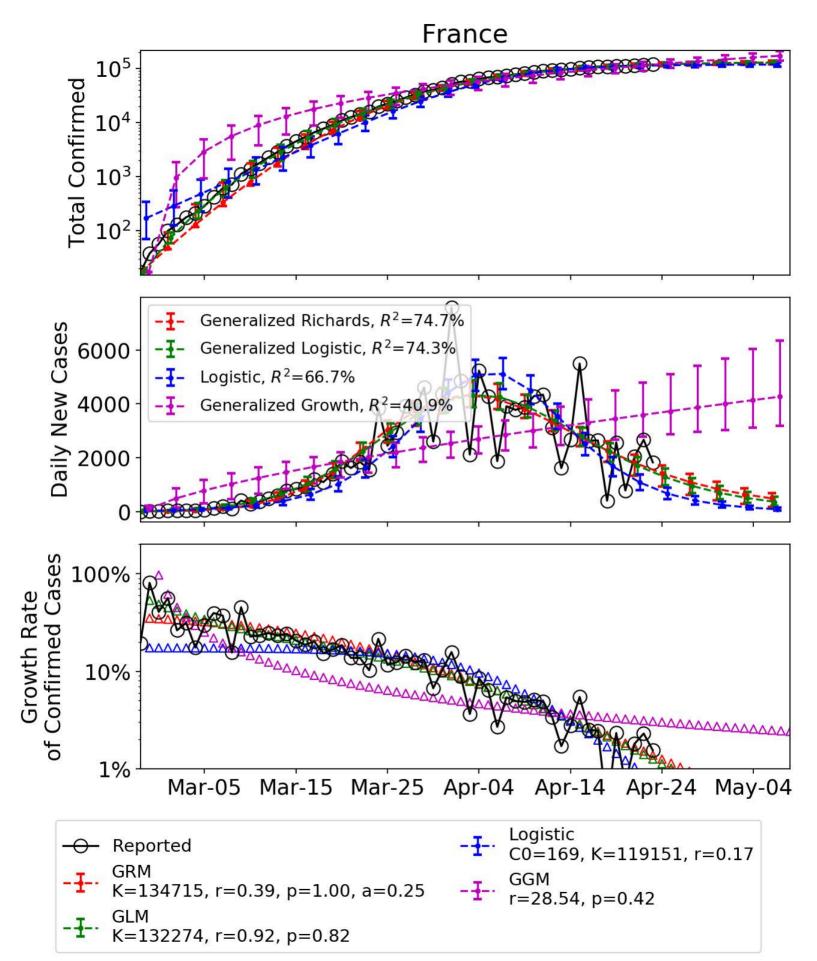


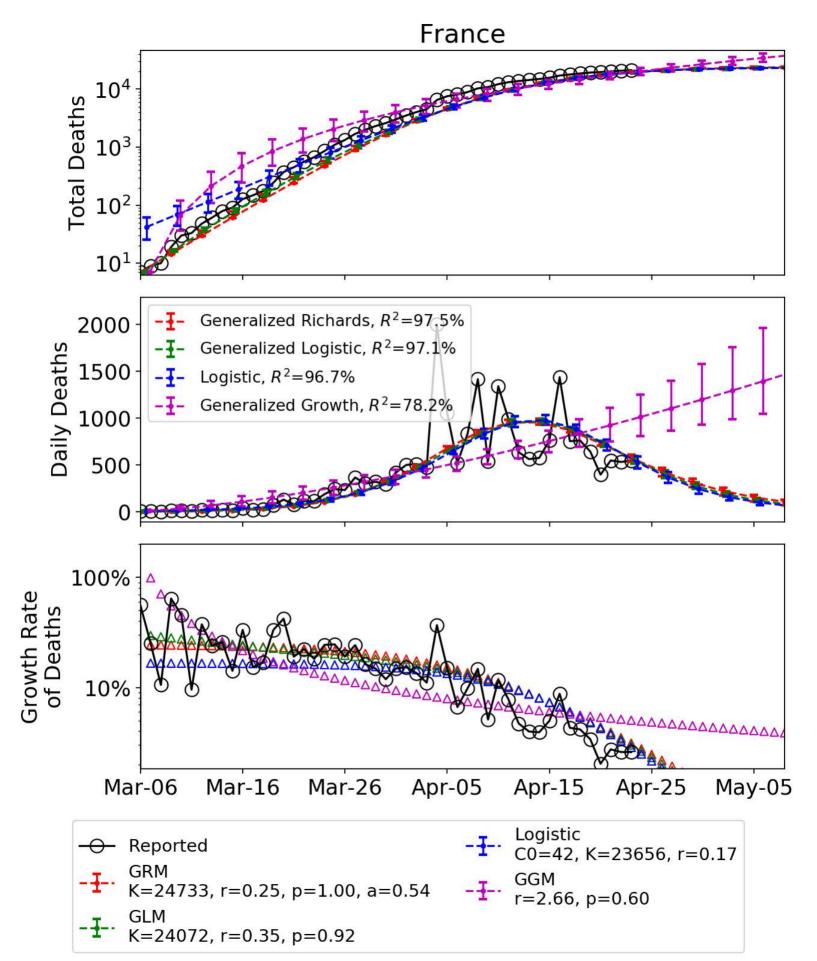
United Kingdom

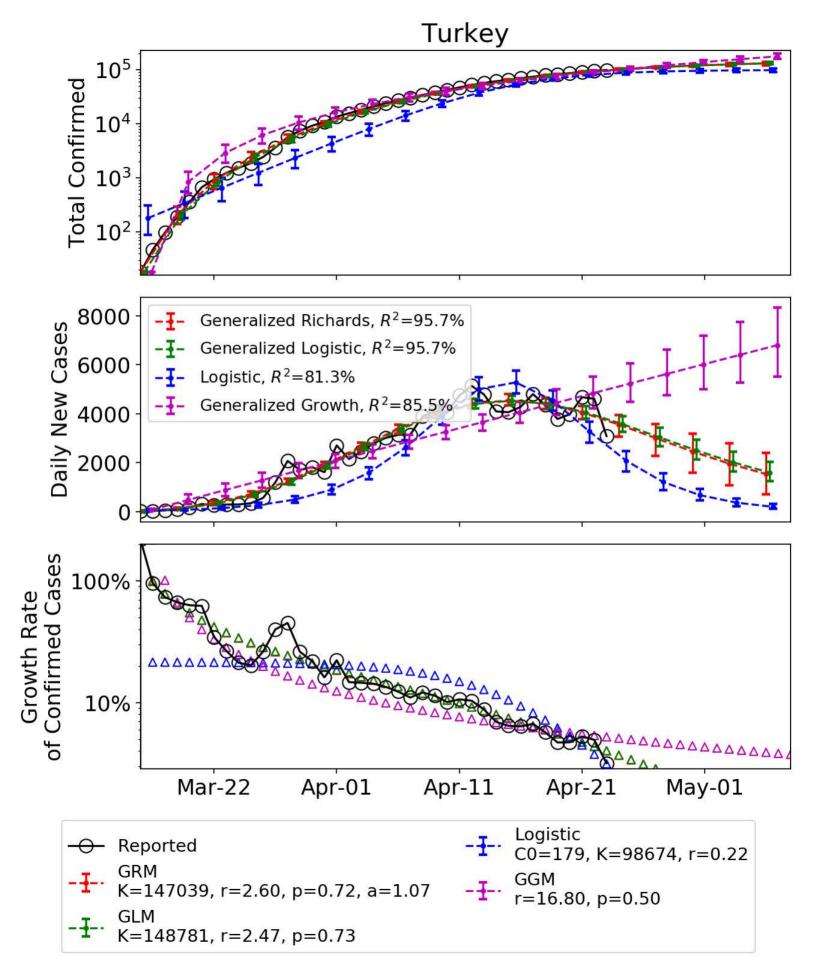


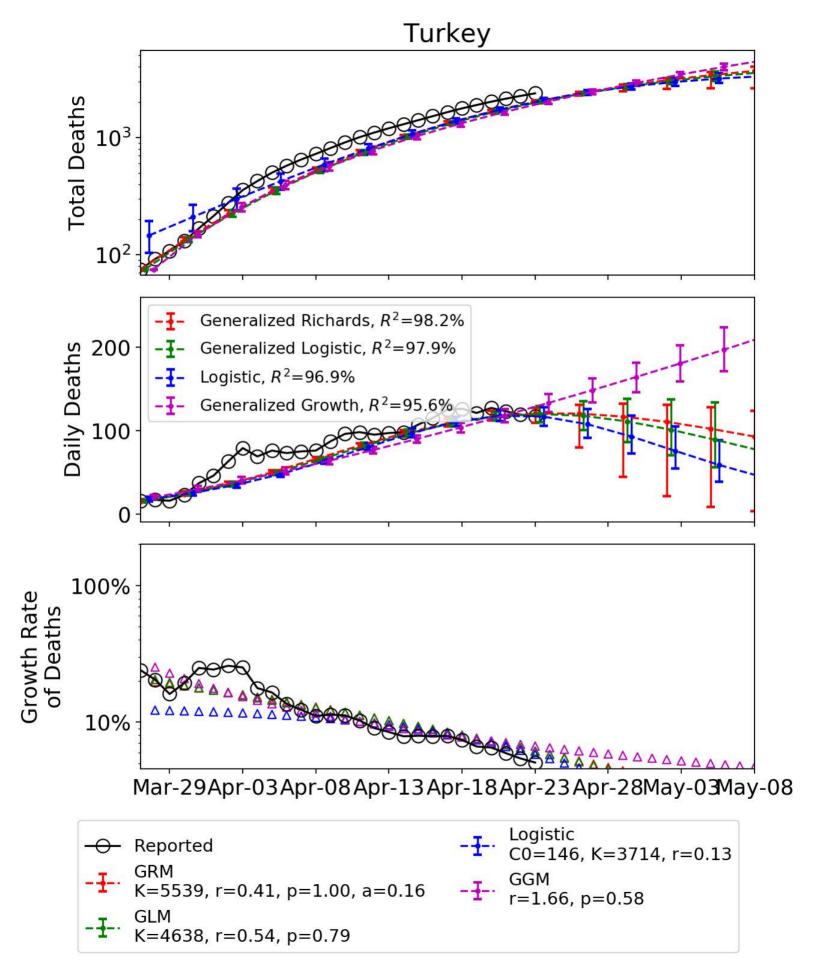


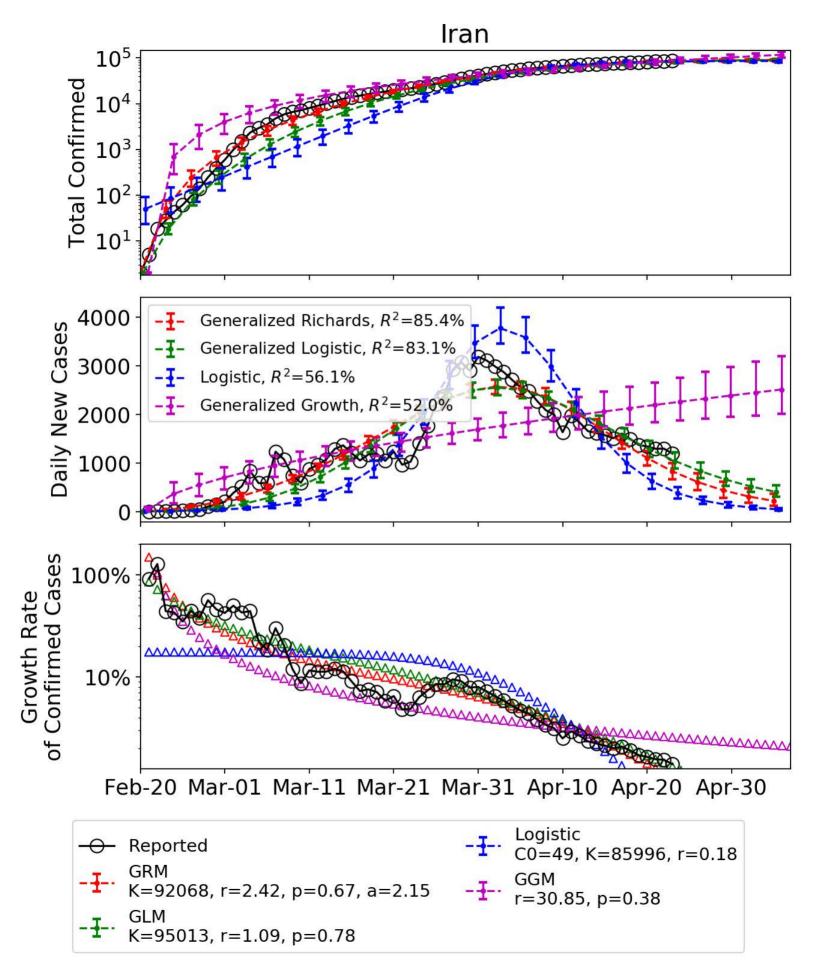
K=22113, r=0.45, p=0.89

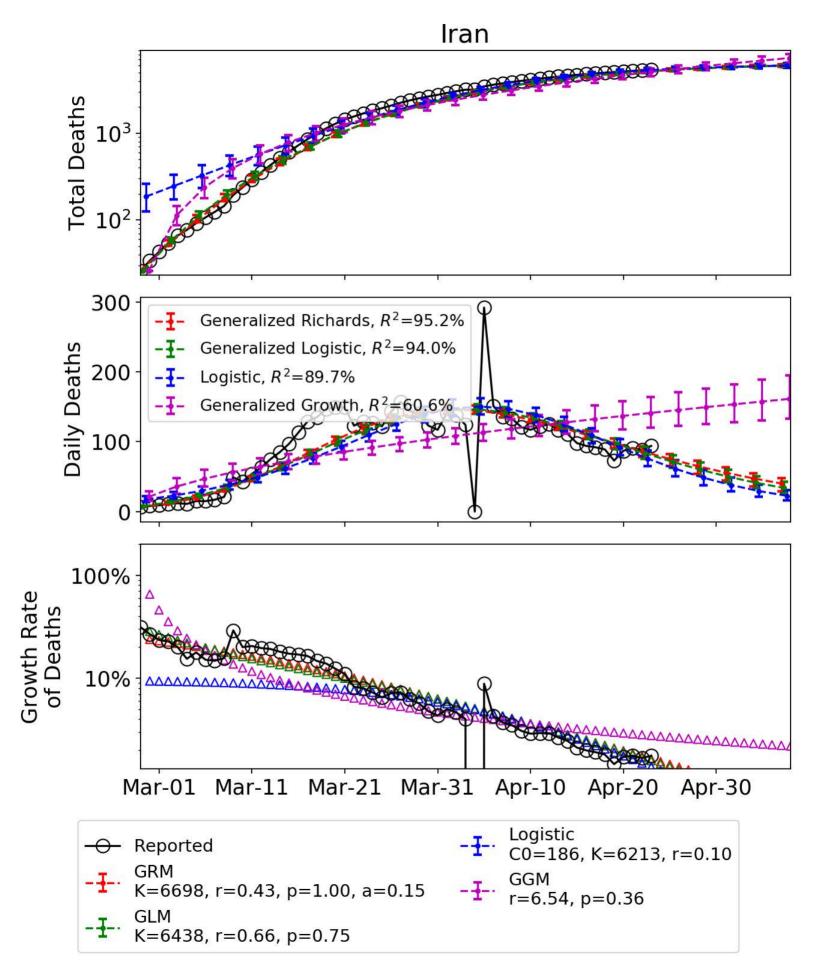


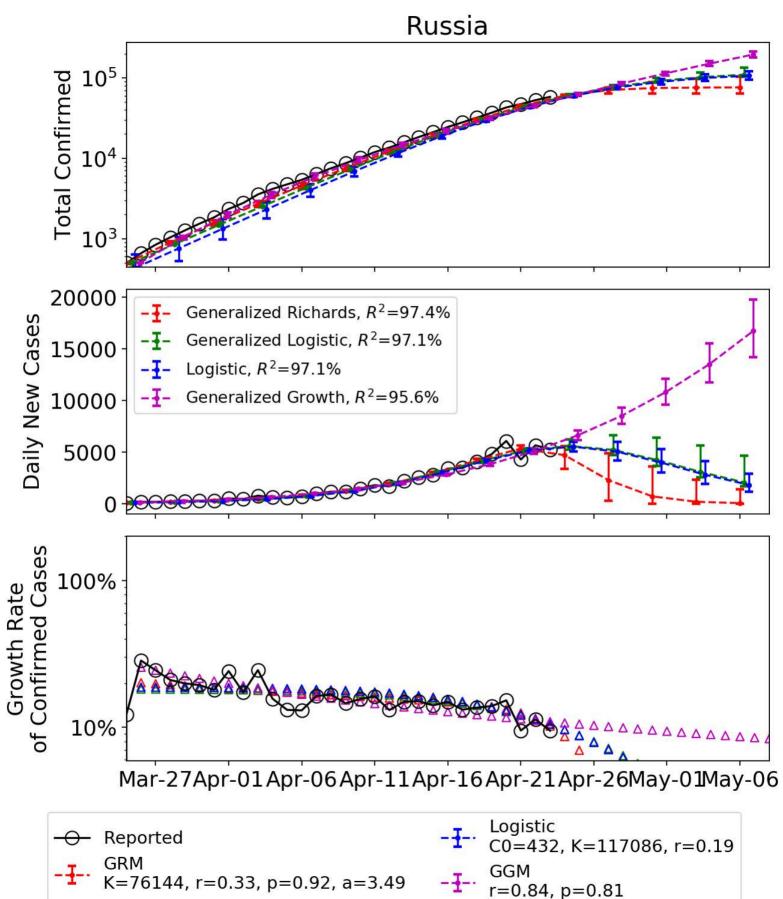






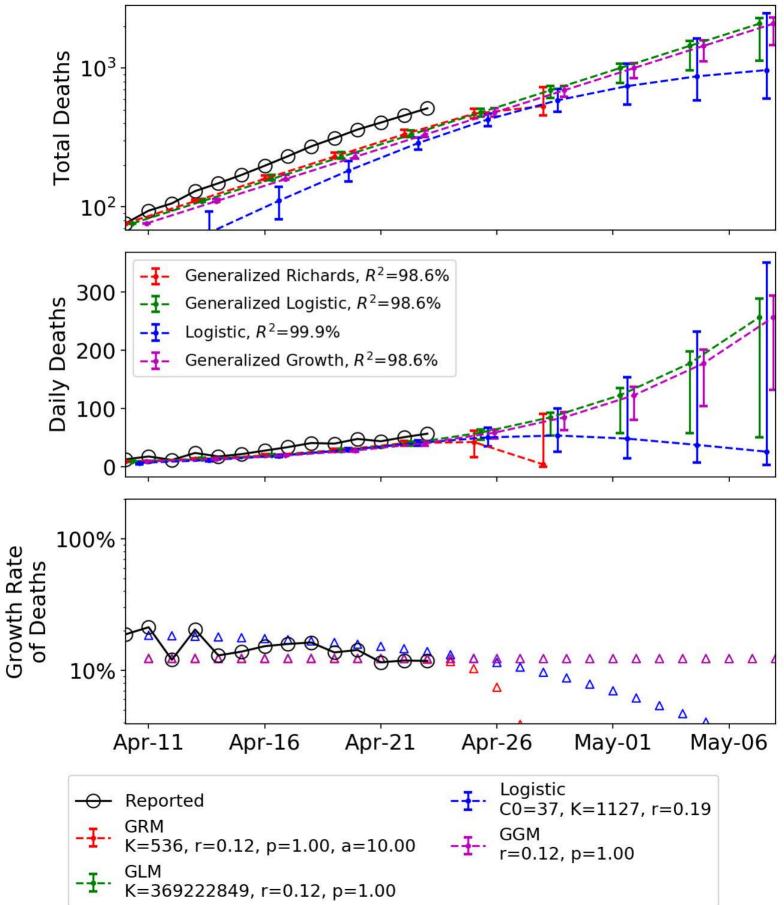


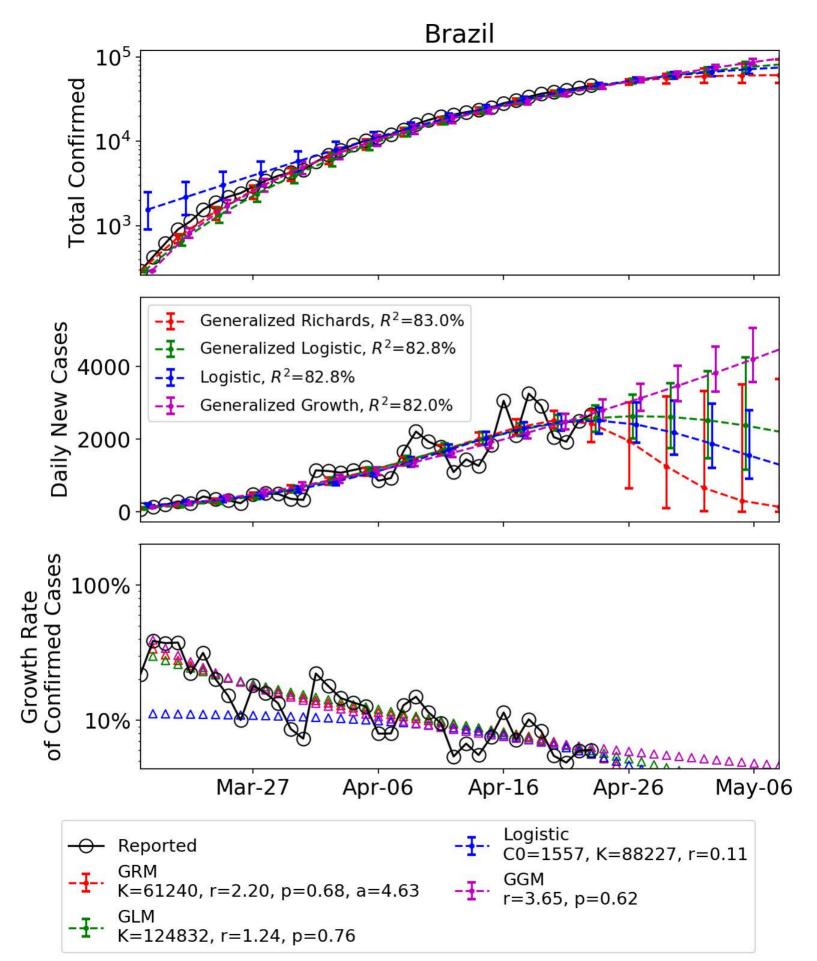


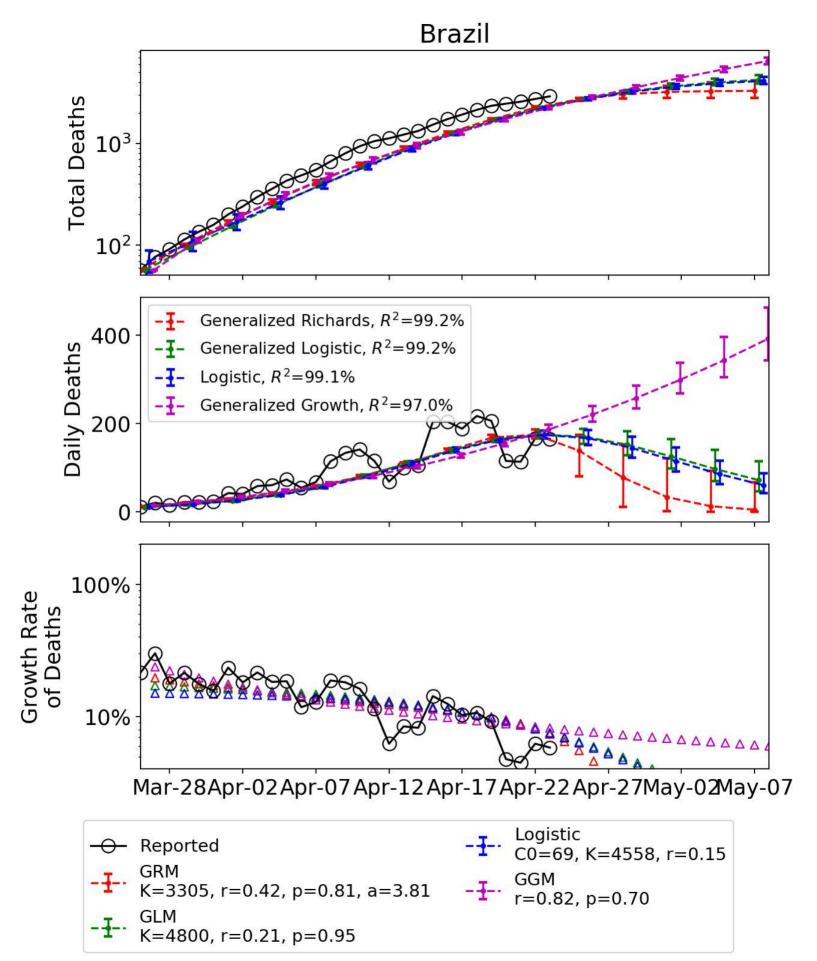


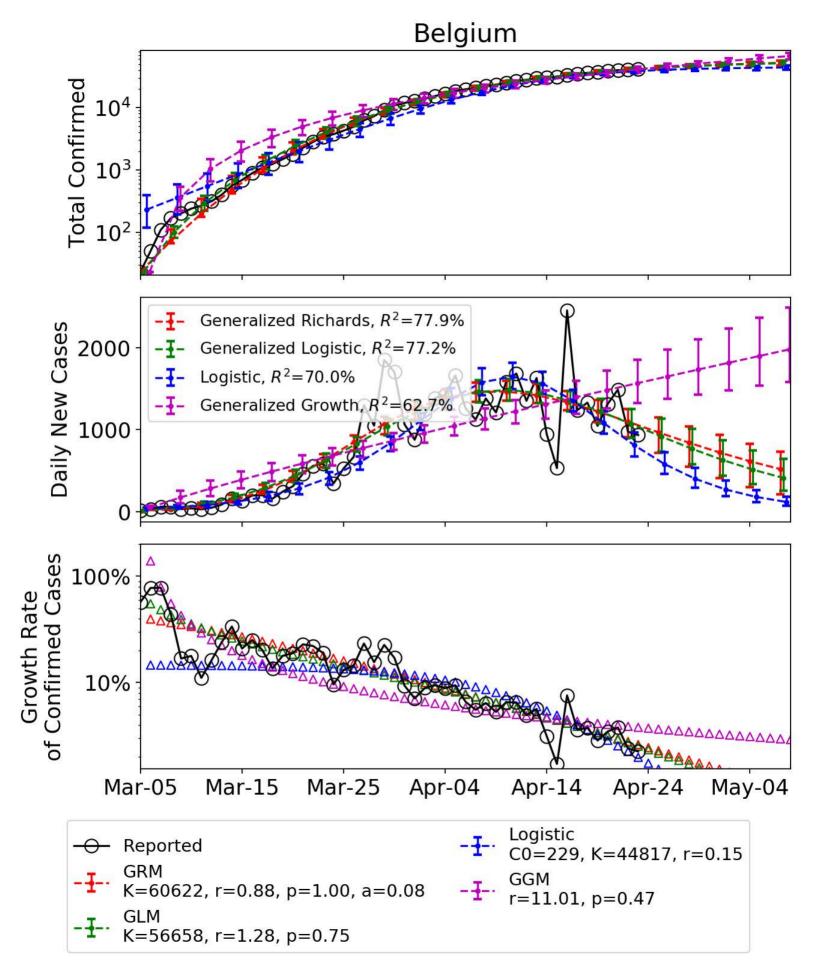
-I-- GLM K=121957, r=0.18, p=1.00

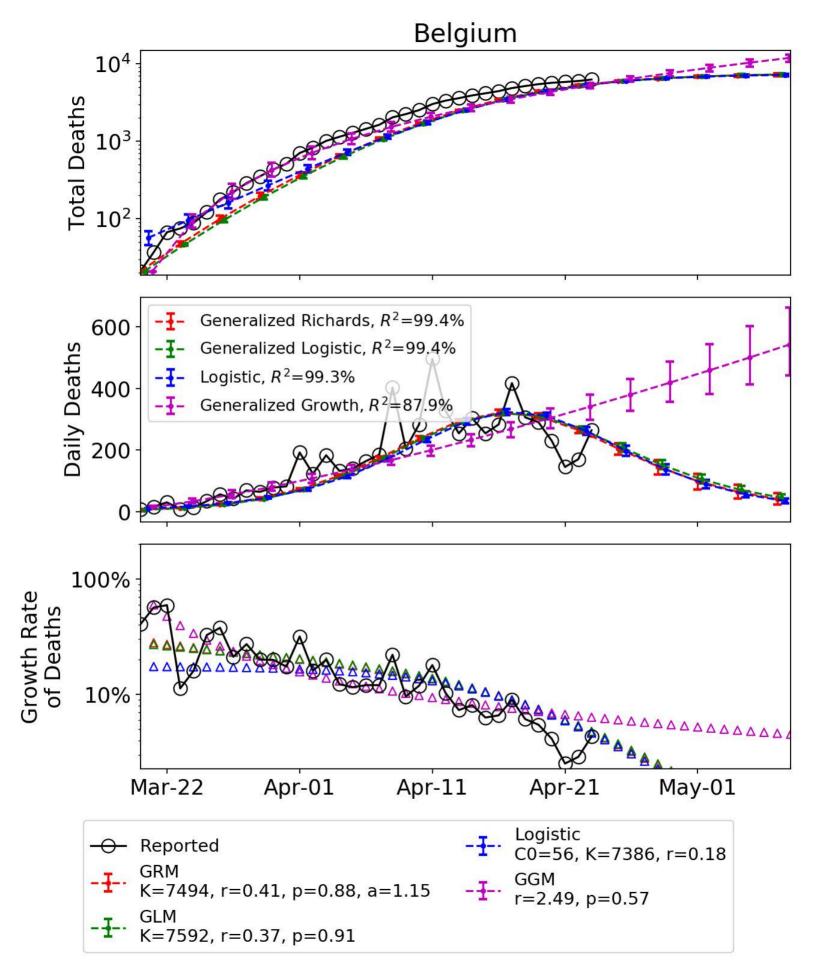




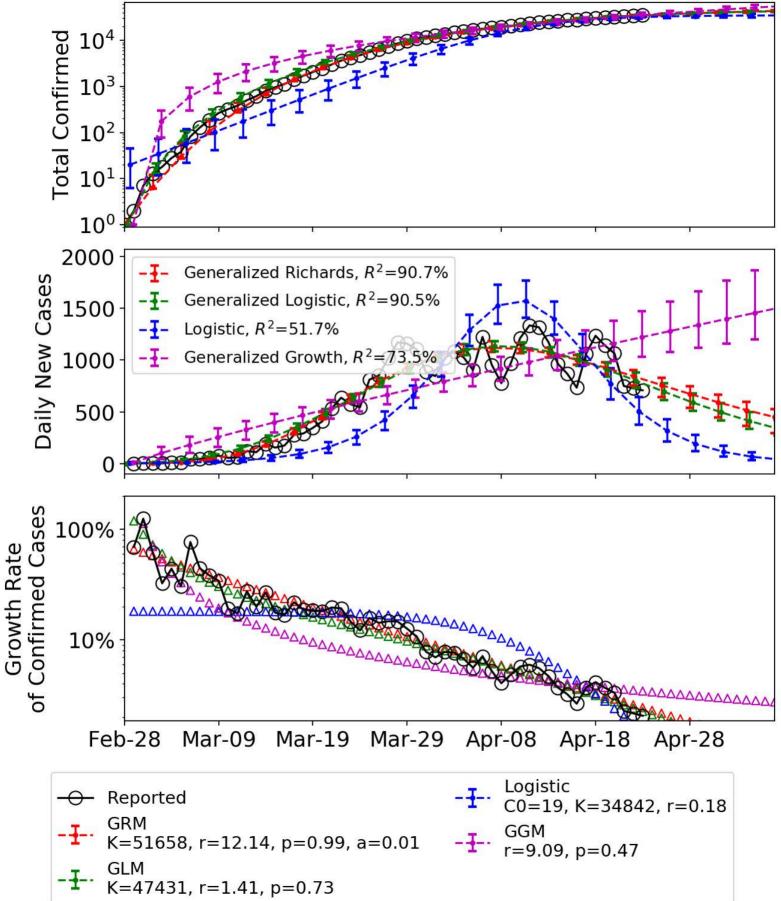


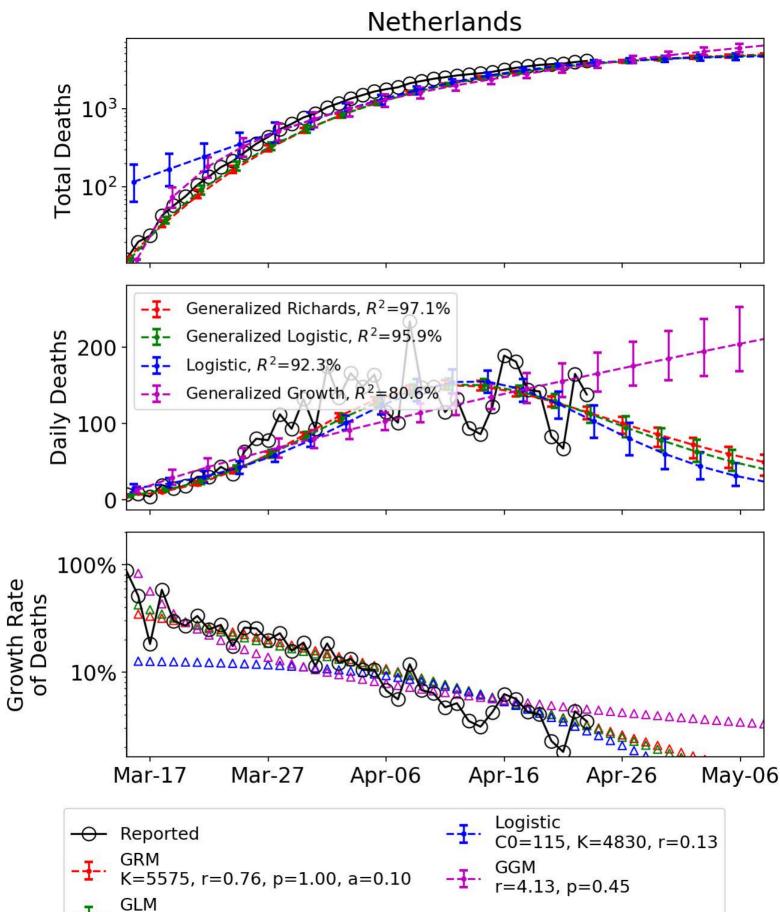






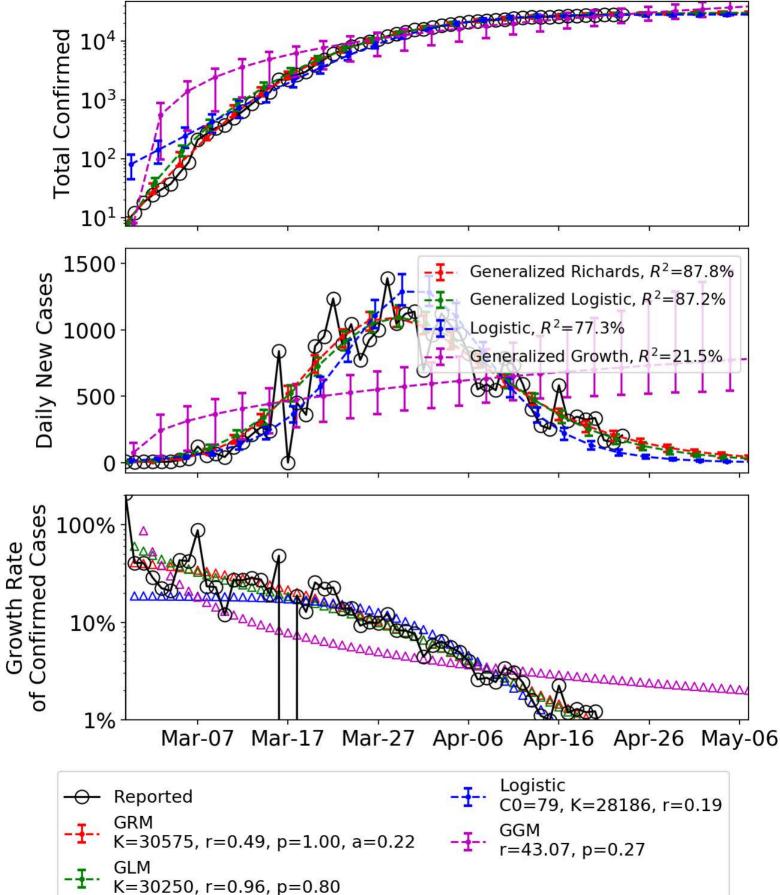
Netherlands

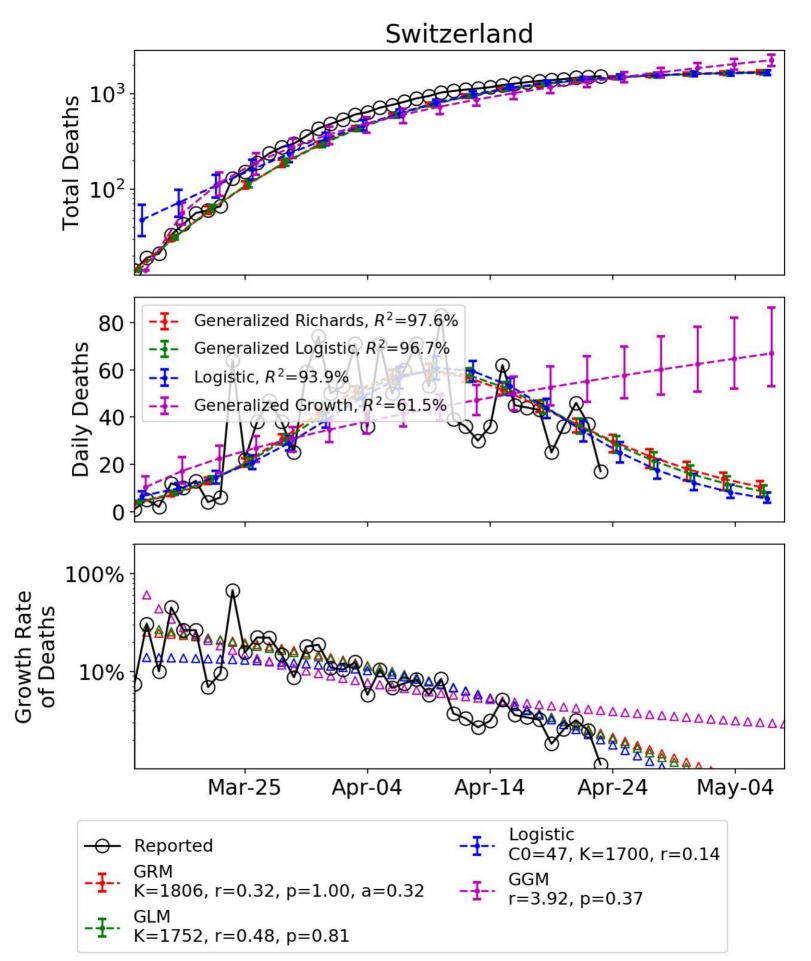


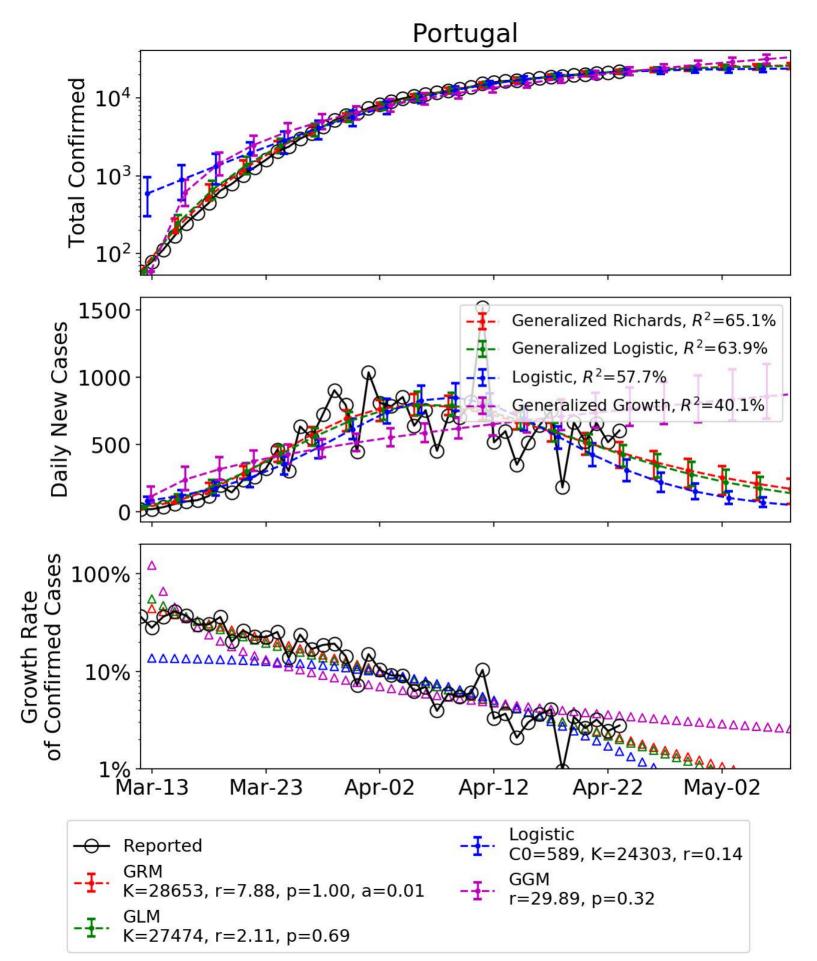


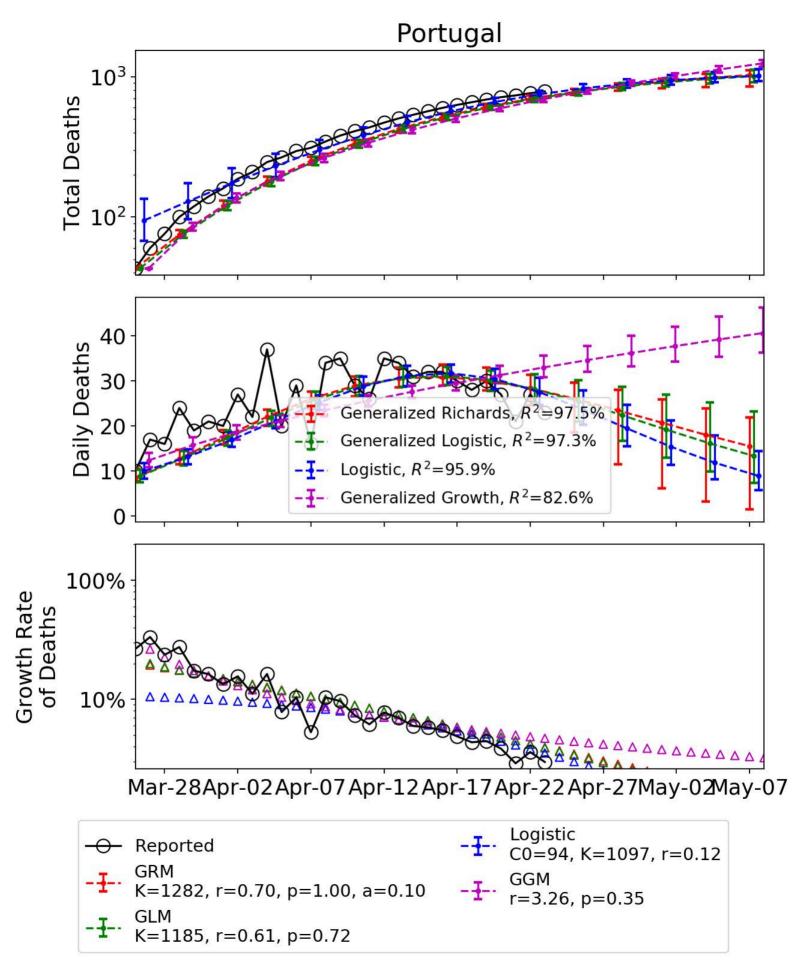
K=5221, r=0.84, p=0.75

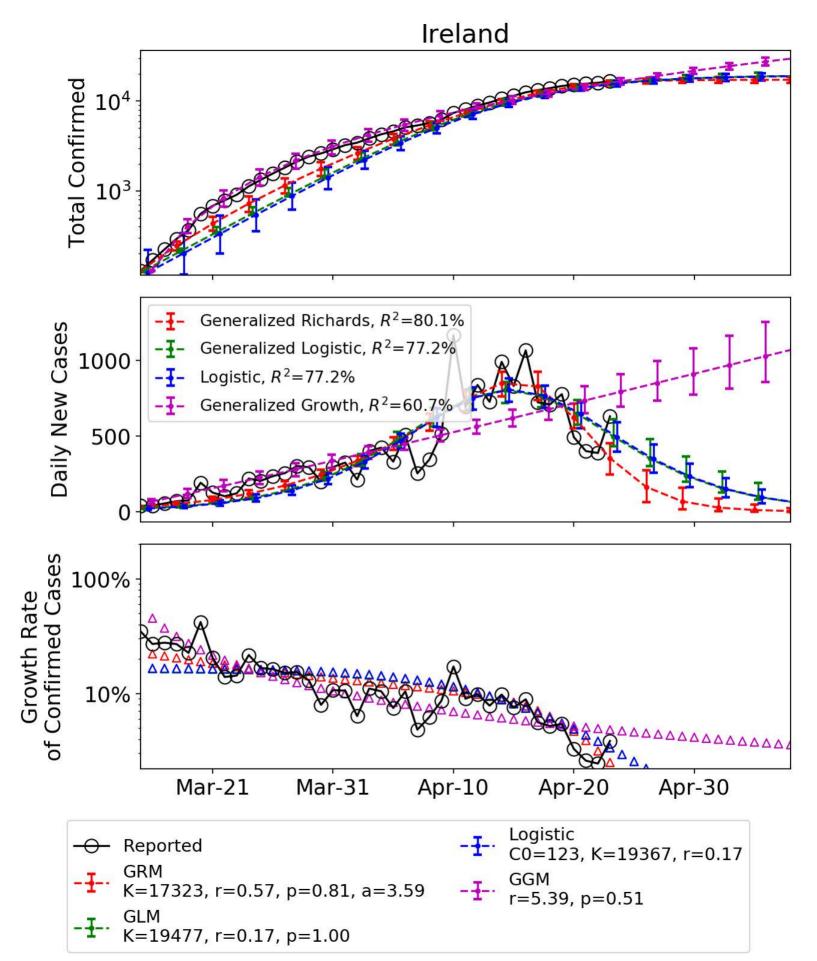


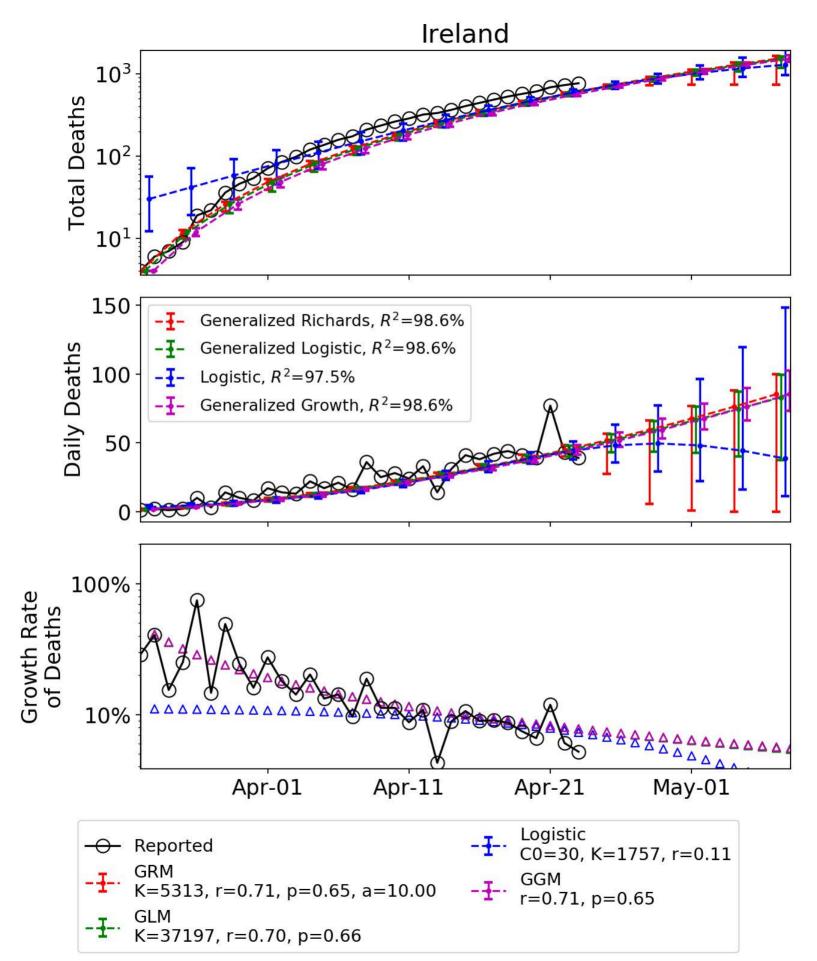


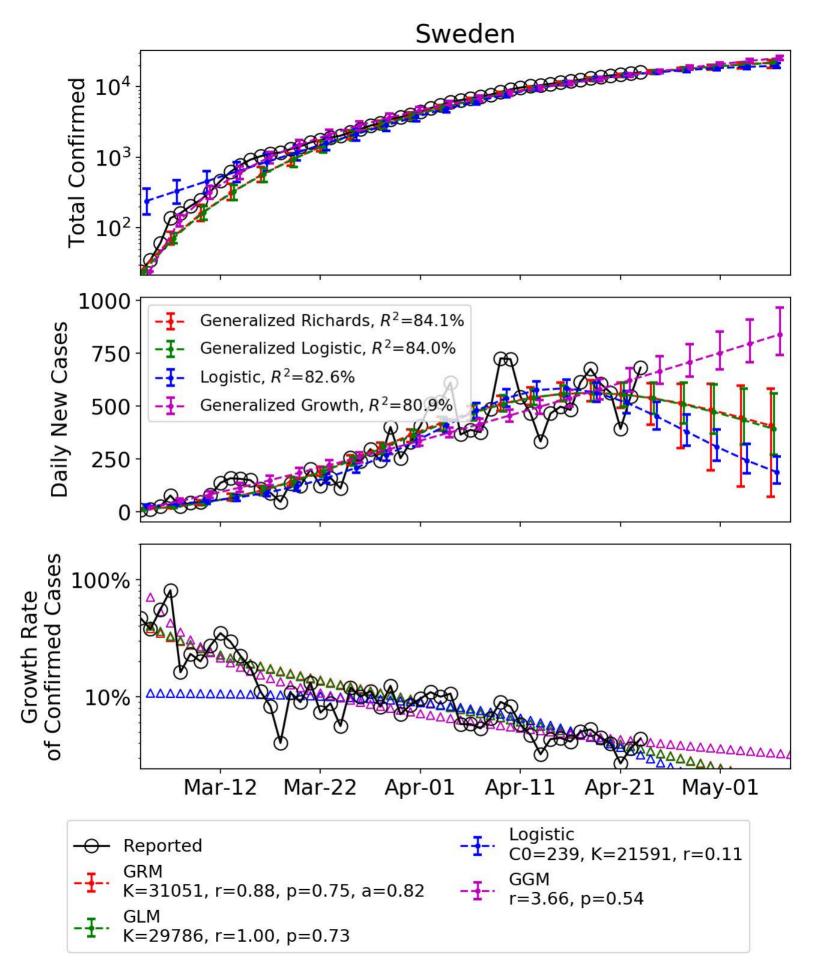


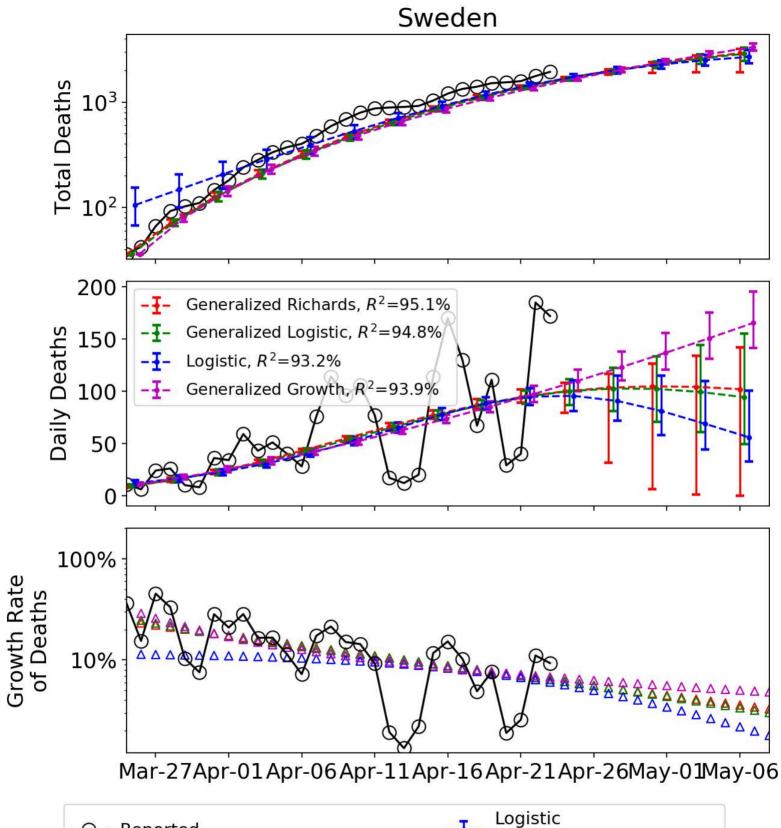


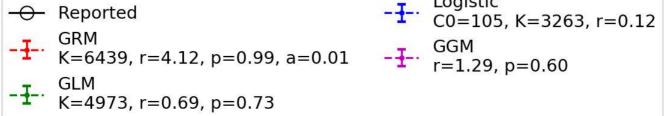


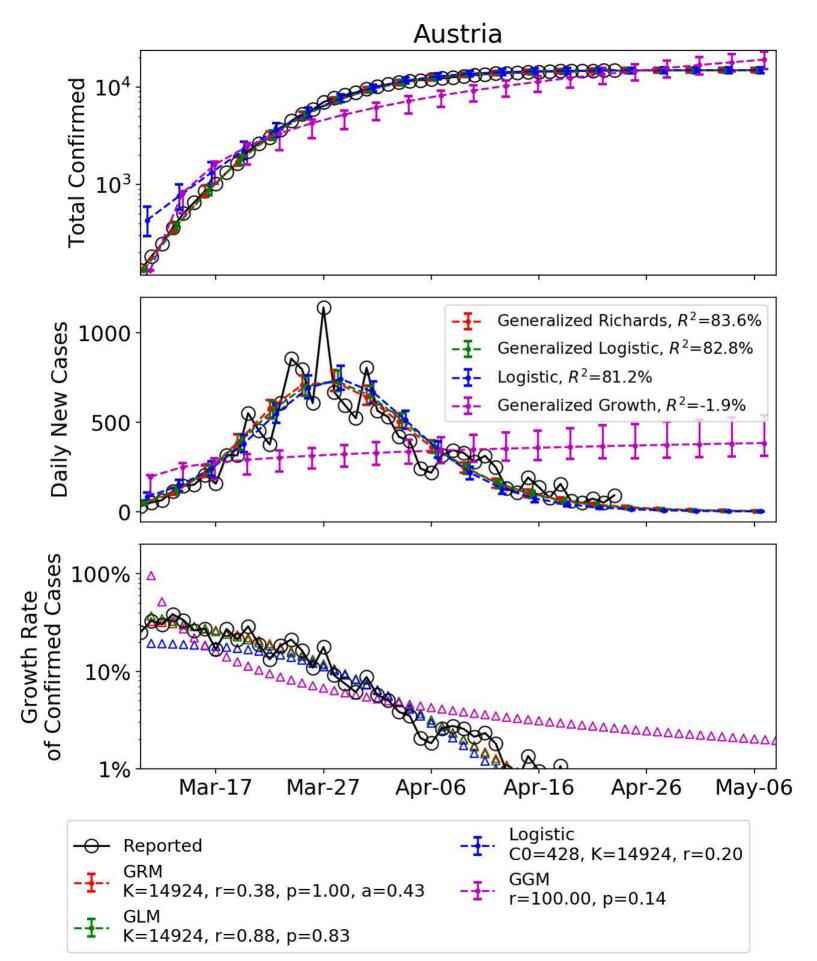


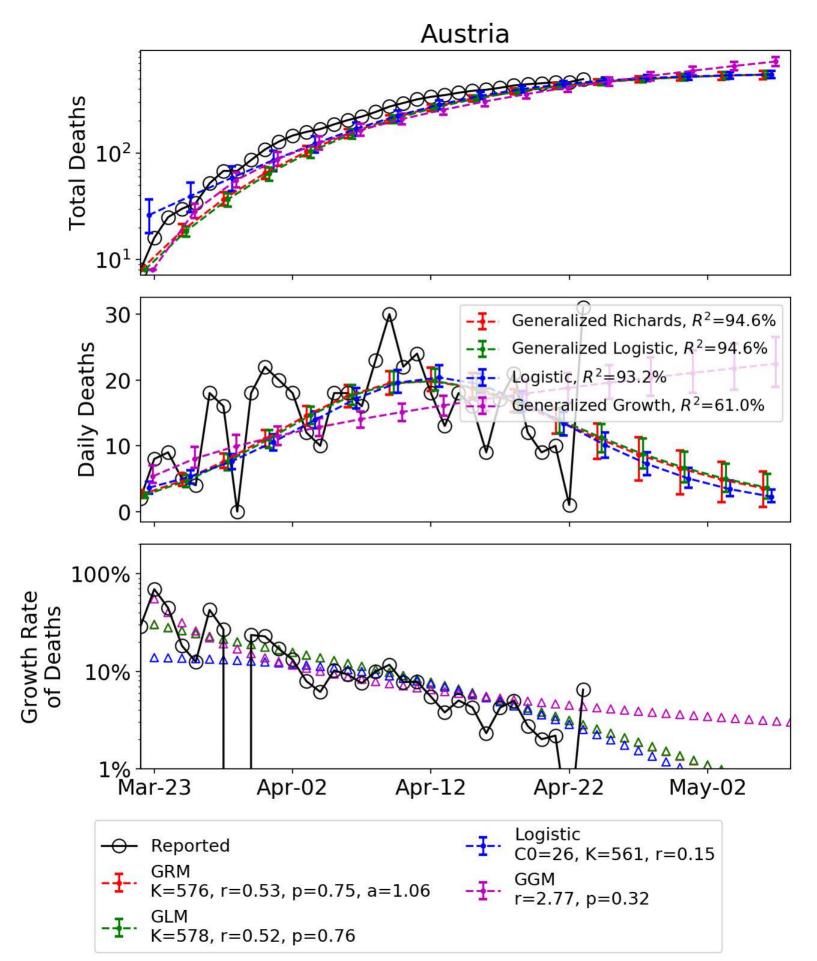


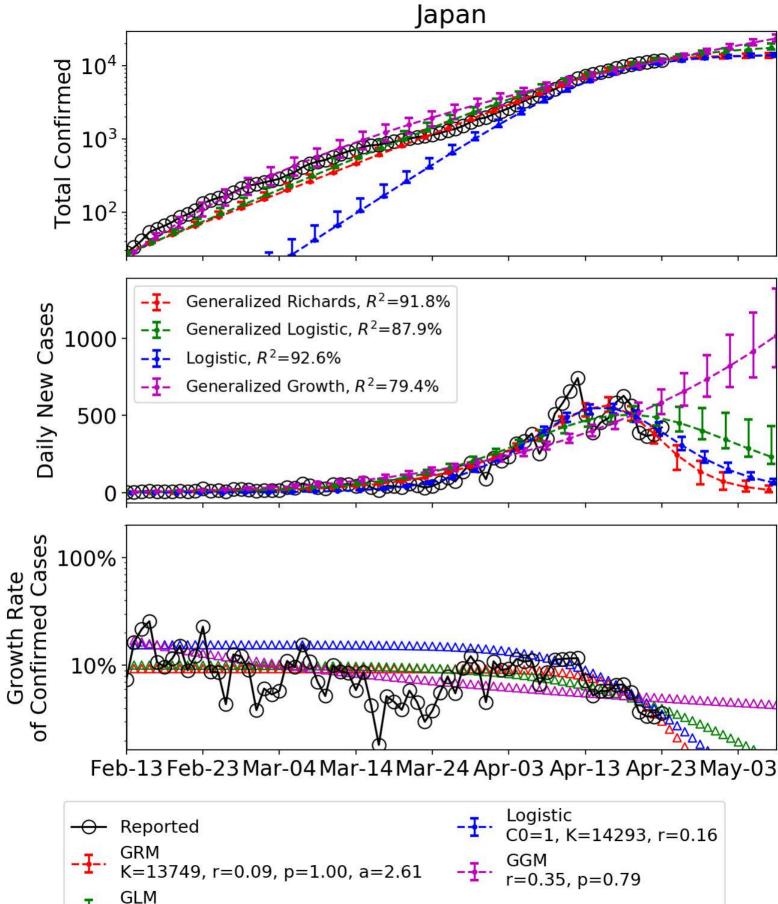












K=20101, r=0.10, p=1.00

