## COVID-19 Confirmed Cases and Cumulative Mortality Predictions as of April 26, 2020

Jointly published by

<sup>1</sup> Chair of Entrepreneurial Risks, D-MTEC, ETH Zurich

<sup>2</sup> Institute of Risk Analysis, Prediction and Management (Risks-X), Academy of Interdisciplinary and Advanced Studies, Southern University of Science and Technology (SUSTech)

<sup>3</sup> Gavekal Intelligence Software

Contacts: Dr. Ke WU (kwu@ethz.ch) and Prof. Dr. Didier SORNETTE (dsornette@ethz.ch)

#### Summary of the situation:

- Europe reached 1.32 million confirmed cases today with a 2% growth rate, compared with 2.8% yesterday. The decay of the after-peak trajectory continues slowly, as shown from the small estimated parameter "a" (=0.16) in the generalized Richards model. It is also important to understand that confirmed infections undershoot actual infections by a very large margin (see Supplements to COVID-19 Confirmed Cases Prediction: April 15, 2020¹). Figure 1 allows us to suggest that the distributions of final confirmed numbers in all countries except Sweden and Brazil have converged. The distributions of final deaths have not converged in Brazil, Ireland, Sweden, Russia and Japan.
- The US reached 940K total confirmed cases today, with a surge of infections associated with a 5.4% growth rate, compared with 2.5% yesterday. Both the confirmed cases and mortality curve in the USA have reached the inflection point<sup>2</sup>. Similar to Europe, the decay of after-peak trajectory is expected to be slow, likely linked to large numbers on patients on ventilators that continue to die for several weeks. See [1] for further analysis on US test numbers and confirmed case numbers.
- Austria, Switzerland, Spain, Italy, Ireland, Germany, France and Portugal are the countries with most mature outbreaks with strong signs that inflection points have been passed. They all have an outbreak progress larger than 80% in medium scenario. The mortality numbers in these countries also supports an after-peak trajectory except Ireland, which has a huge jump in death toll today that must surely be connected to data aggregation and reporting issues.
- Belgium, Netherlands, the UK, Turkey and Japan are less matured with outbreak progress in the range 60-80% in medium scenario. They may continue to follow the generalized exponential model, resulting in high uncertainties. However, all of these countries have their distributions of final confirmed cases and deaths converged, except for Japan. Japan and Russia have emerging signs of reaching their inflection points, while they still have high uncertainties. Tokyo, once a city that continued life as normal, has now been locked down.
- Sweden and Brazil continue their previous exponential growth, indicating highly uncertain future projections, as shown by their non-converged ensemble distributions of final confirmed cases (Figure 1). However, in terms of per capita deaths, Russia, Brazil and Japan do not yet have significant epidemics compared to West European countries.
- Our predictions for confirmed cases yesterday are correct in all countries, except an undershot in Russia and Brazil (see figure 2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>https://ethz.ch/content/dam/ethz/special-interest/mtec/chair-of-entrepreneurial-risks-dam/documents/Covid-19/Covid Supplements 15April2020.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>On a logistic curve, the inflection point indicates where the curvature changes its sign. As we model the total number of confirmed cases, it is equal to the peak of the daily increase curve, after which the daily number of cases is decreasing. If the inflection point has been passed, the worst of the outbreak is over.

#### Method:

This report updates predictions for the number of COVID-19 confirmed cases and deaths at four time horizons (1-day, 5-day, 10-day and end of the outbreak) and for various countries/regions, based on a phenomenological approach detailed in [1]. We employ 4 versions of the generalized logistic growth equation to model the total number of confirmed cases and deaths, resulting in a positive, medium and negative scenario for the final expected number of cases/deaths as explained in the last page. Note that, for countries/regions at early growth stages, the predictions for long-term horizon (10-day and end of the outbreak) are highly uncertain and will vary a lot as the situation changes. The predicted ranges overlap and, as time passes, we anticipate our methodology to zero in on more reliable numbers. As mortality data, also from ECDC, is much noisier in many countries than the infection numbers, since today we use 7 days moving average for the fitting and simulations to account for weekly seasonality, instead of 3 days moving average. The data is neither normalized by population nor time-shifted for the calibrations.

**Data source**: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) [2] updated every day at 1pm CET, reflecting data collected up to 6:00 and 10:00 CET. Thus the daily data in some countries is one day delayed compared to other online live sources.

#### Key Figures & Tables:

- -In Table 1, we report the latest confirmed cases per million population and the estimated outbreak progress in the positive and medium scenario (today's confirmed cases divided by the estimated total final confirmed case in positive and medium scenarios).
- -In Table 2 and Table 3, we report the prediction results of confirmed cases (Table 2) and deaths (Table 3) in each selected country/region at four time horizons (1-day, 5-day, 10-day and end of the outbreak) in three scenarios. The detailed fitting results for each country/region are plotted in the figures at the end of this report.
- -In Figure 1, we present a distribution of the estimated final total confirmed cases and deaths per million population based on the positive and medium scenario.
- -In Figure 2, we show the 1-day prediction error of yesterday's report.
- At the end of this report, we present two figures for each country, where the total number of confirmed cases/deaths are in the upper panel (log scale), the daily confirmed cases / deaths in the middle panel, and the daily growth rate of confirmed cases / deaths in the lower panel (log scale), respectively. The empirical data is marked by the empty circles. The blue, red, purple and green lines in the upper, middle and lower left panels show the fits with the Logistic Growth Model, Generalized Richards Model (GRM), Generalized Growth Model (GGM) and Generalized Logistic Model (GLM) respectively.

**Comment:** We need to emphasize that reported confirmed cases are a leading indicator that is subject to a large number of extraneous variables such as sampling rate<sup>3</sup>, sample targeting and reliability of testing. See note at end of this report. The real number of cases in the population is likely to be many multiples higher than those computed from confirmed tests.

<sup>3</sup> For instance, The UK is experiencing issues with raising the testing rate linked to a global shortage of certain key reagents and swabs. From April 1<sup>st</sup>, all testing is to be targeted at health sector staff and this will obviously bias future data compared with past data.

Table 1. Current confirmed cases per million population and estimated outbreak progress in positive and medium scenarios (today's confirmed cases divided by the estimated total final confirmed cases in positive and medium scenario). The ranking is in terms of outbreak progress in medium scenario (fourth column from left). Numbers in brackets are 80% confidence intervals. As positive scenarios predict a smaller final number of total infected cases, the outbreak progress is thus larger in the positive scenario. Note that the estimated final confirmed numbers tend to underestimate the final results, thus the estimated outbreak progress serves both as a lower bound for future developments and as a guide of the dynamics of the evolution of the epidemics<sup>4</sup>. The number of tests per million population and confirmed cases per test are presented in the last two columns based on the information from Wikipedia [3]. Sweden poses a puzzle: how can a country with no lockdown have one of the least matured outbreak progress?<sup>5</sup>

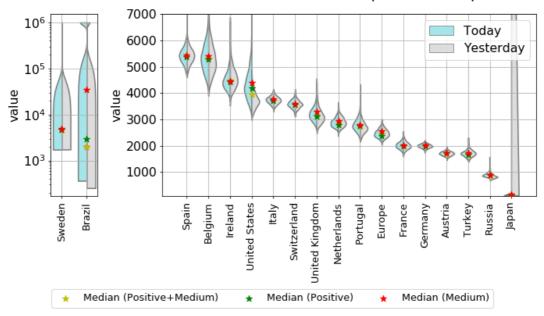
	1			I		I
	· ·		•	Outbreak Progress	Tests per Million	Confirmed Cases
	Million Pop	ulation	in Positive	in Medium	Population (update	
	(Apr-26)		Scenario	Scenario	date in brackets)	date in brackets)
Austria		1711	100.0% (94.6%, 100%)	99.8% (94.7%, 100%)	25569 (Apr 26)	6.6% (Apr 26)
Switzerland		3383	94.7% (89.4%, 100.3%)	, , ,	26948 (Apr 22)	12.1% (Apr 22)
Germany		1859	93.4%	' '	24927 (Apr 21)	6.9% (Apr 21)
France		1853	92.4%		6823 (Apr 19)	24.5% (Apr 19)
Spain		4703	87.6% (80.9%, 95.1%)		19905 (Apr 13)	17.8% (Apr 13)
Ireland		3824	86.7% (77.7%, 93.5%)	' '	26737 (Apr 25)	14.3% (Apr 25)
Italy		3233	87.3% (83.5%, 91.6%)	' '	28293 (Apr 25)	11.3% (Apr 25)
Portugal		2275	82.1% (74.0%, 89.7%)	81.4% (71.8%, 90.7%)	22953 (Apr 23)	7.3% (Apr 23)
Turkey		1309	78.7% (71.2%, 85.6%)	75.9% (71.4%, 79.8%)	10445 (Apr 25)	12.1% (Apr 25)
Belgium		3968	74.9% (66.4%, 83.8%)	73.5% (63.4%, 85.3%)	18046 (Apr 25)	21.3% (Apr 25)
Netherlands		2158	77.0% (72.1%, 80.8%)	73.1% (67.3%, 79.1%)	10801 (Apr 25)	19.4% (Apr 25)
Europe		1774	74.2% (69.7%, 78.6%)	69.7% (65.3%, 74.8%)	NA	NA
United Kingdom		2232	71.6% (65.4%, 77.8%)	67.8% (60.6%, 75.3%)	9487 (Apr 25)	22.4% (Apr 25)
United States		2870	68.4% (57.1%, 78.1%)	65.4% (54.0%, 76.6%)	15811 (Apr 25)	17.2% (Apr 25)
Japan		104	86.0% (78.3%, 92.1%)	64.3% (54.1%, 70.5%)	1169 (Apr 25)	8.7% (Apr 25)
Russia		516	58.4% (52.2%, 63.4%)	(49.9%, 61.9%)	19610 (Apr 25)	2.4% (Apr 25)
Sweden		1785	37.9% (12.9%, 87.1%)	37.1% (9.6%, 52.5%)	9150 (Apr 21)	15.6% (Apr 21)
Brazil		279	Not reliable	Not reliable	2496 (Apr 20)	7.4% (Apr 20)
Iran		1092	Not reliable	Not reliable	4930 (Apr 25)	21.5% (Apr 25)
South Korea		208	Not reliable	Not reliable	11510 (Apr 25)	1.8% (Apr 25)

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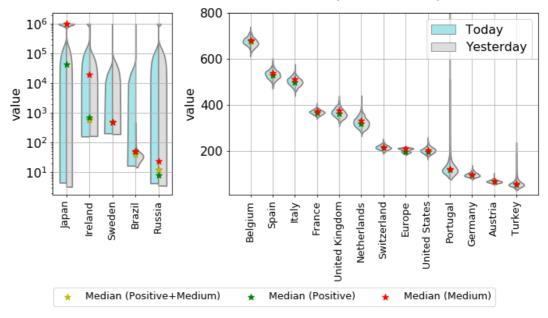
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>One uncertainty with Italy (and other countries) is whether the main outbreak that is focused on the North may spread through other parts of the country. In other words, does the dynamics aggregated over a whole country gepresent correctly the dynamics in different parts?

Sweden should have highest R<sub>0</sub> and shortest outbreak. Perhaps, Sweden has really efficient stringent controls on transmission from population to care homes. Could it be that Sweden is more representative while other countries' data are biased by lockdown, giving an appearance of maturation, while a second wave will come as soon as deconfinement occurs? This would be a blow to and would tend to discredit confinement policies. Or is it that Sweden is more noisy due to pockets of contagions, in particular in care homes, which makes the analysis of its data unreliable?

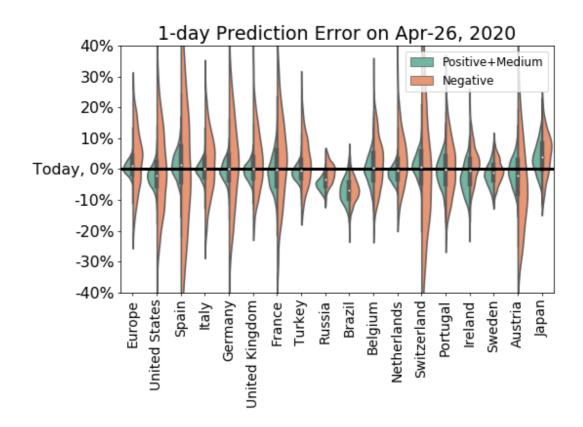
#### Ensemble Distribution of Final Confirmed Cases per Million Population



#### Ensemble Distribution of Final Deaths per Million Population



**Figure 1.** Violin plot of the distributions of the final total number of confirmed cases (upper panel) and deaths (lower panel) per million derived by combining the distributions of the positive and medium scenarios. The left side of each violin in cyan is today's distribution, while the right side of each violin in grey is yesterday's distribution. The model setup in the negative scenario does not incorporate a maximum saturation number and thus cannot be used. The yellow star indicates the median prediction for the combined distribution, while the green and red stars indicate the median of the positive and of the medium scenarios respectively. Note that, where we have >1 million infections or deaths per 1 million of population, the results are deemed to be unreliable (Table 2 & 3).



**Figure 2.** One-day prediction error of the forecast performed yesterday (April 25) for the total number of confirmed cases for the 13 countries/regions. The horizontal line corresponds to today's empirical data. We show the full distribution of errors for each of the two scenarios.

**Table 2.** Predictions for the number of confirmed cases at four time horizons (1-day, 5-day, 10-day and end of the outbreak) and for various countries/regions. The values in parentheses are 80% prediction intervals based on 500 simulations using a negative binomial error structure. In Today's validation column, today's empirical data is presented below yesterday's 1-day predictive interval. "Not reliable" is declared if more than 10% of the simulations produce extreme numbers (larger than total population). All numbers are in thousands.

Country	Scenario*	Today's validation	27-Apr	1-May	6-May	Final Total Confirmed
	Positive	(1290, 1380)	1360	1450	1540	1780
	rositive	1320	(1320, 1400)	(1400, 1500)	(1480, 1600)	(1680, 1900)
Europe	Medium	(1300, 1360)	1350	1450	1550	1900
Europe	Medium	1320	(1320, 1390)	(1410, 1490)	(1500, 1590)	(1770, 2030)
	Nogativo	(1190, 1540)	1380	1550	1790	Not Reliable
	Negative	1320	(1220, 1550)	(1370, 1760)	(1560, 2040)	NOT Kellable
	Positive	(871, 965)	972	1060	1150	1370
	Positive	939	(911, 1040)	(991, 1140)	(1070, 1250)	(1200, 1650)
United	Medium	(884, 951)	967	1060	1150	1440
States		939	(926, 1010)	(1010, 1110)	(1090, 1220)	(1230, 1740)
	Negative	(772, 1110)	995	1160	1380	Not Reliable
		939	(829, 1140)	(968, 1350)	(1150, 1620)	
	Positive	(209, 240)	225	233	239	251
		220	(209, 240)	(217, 248)	(223, 256)	(231, 272)
Spain	Medium	(213, 233)	222	231	238	255
Spaili	Mediaiii	220	(213, 233)	(221, 241)	(228, 250)	(241, 272)
	Negative	(161, 289)	221	252	293	Not Reliable
	ivegative	220	(161, 289)	(183, 328)	(213, 392)	NOT Reliable
	Positive	(188, 203)	198	204	210	224
Italy	rositive	195	(190, 206)	(196, 212)	(201, 218)	(213, 234)
	Medium	(189, 200)	197	204	210	229

		195	(191, 203)	(197, 210)	(203, 217)	(219, 238)
	Negative	(173, 224)	198	218	243	Not Reliable
	ivegative	195	(175, 226)	(192, 248)	(212, 278)	
	Positive	(146, 161)	156	159	161	165
		154 (148, 159)	(148, 162) 155	(151, 166) 159	(153, 169) 162	(156, 174) 167
Germany	Medium	154	(148, 161)	(152, 165)	(155, 168)	(160, 174)
		(125, 189)	158	176	200	
	Negative	154	(129, 191)	(143, 214)	(161, 243)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(142, 154)	153	167	181	207
	1 0311140	148	(147, 159)	(160, 174)	(172, 189)	(191, 227)
United	Medium	(142, 152)	152	167	182	219
Kingdom		148 (134, 173)	(147, 157) 158	(161, 173) 185	(175, 189) 222	(197, 245)
	Negative	148	(137, 179)	(160, 211)	(192, 257)	Not Reliable
	D 141	(115, 133)	124	128	131	134
	Positive	124	(115, 133)	(118, 137)	(120, 140)	(124, 145)
France	Medium	(114, 132)	124	128	131	136
, runec	Wicaiaiii	124	(116, 133)	(119, 137)	(121, 141)	(125, 148)
	Negative	(104, 151)	126	140	159	Not Reliable
		124 (103, 110)	(104, 153) 110	(116, 171) 119	(130, 195) 126	137
	Positive	108	(106, 113)	(115, 123)	(121, 132)	(126, 151)
Tueller	NA a altrona	(103, 110)	109	119	128	142
Turkey	Medium	108	(106, 112)	(115, 123)	(124, 133)	(135, 151)
	Negative	(99.4, 122)	113	134	161	Not Reliable
	110841110	108	(101, 125)	(119, 148)	(142, 180)	
	Positive	(68.4, 72.4) 74.6	77.1	96.3	112	128
		(69.2, 73.2)	(75.1, 78.9) 77.1	(93, 100) 96.9	(107, 120) 114	(118, 143) 130
Russia	Medium	74.6	(75.1, 79.2)	(93.6, 101)	(108, 121)	(120, 150)
		(70.5, 76.9)	80	112	164	
	Negative	74.6	(76.4, 83.8)	(107, 118)	(154, 176)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(51.5, 57.6)	61.2	81.1	113	Not Reliable
		58.5	(57.7, 65.7)	(74.5, 87.8) 76.4	(95.1, 129)	
Brazil	Medium	(51.4, 57.5) 58.5	59.2 (55.5, 62.7)	(71.3, 81.7)	101 (89.6, 113)	Not Reliable
		(51.5, 57.6)	59.7	77.7	105	
	Negative	58.5	(56.6, 63.4)	(73.3, 83)	(98.1, 114)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(42.4, 48.3)	46.4	49.6	52.9	60.5
	1 0311140	45.3	(43.7, 49.2)	(46.5, 52.9)	(49.3, 56.8)	(54.1, 68.3)
Belgium	Medium	(42.7, 47.8)	46.1	49.4	52.6	61.7
		45.3 (41, 51.7)	(43.7, 48.7) 47	(46.6, 52.3) 53.5	(49, 56.5) 62.2	(53.2, 71.5)
	Negative	45.3	(41.6, 52.6)	(47.4, 60)	(55.3, 70.2)	Not Reliable
	D = sitili	(36.3, 39)	38.3	40.6	42.8	48.3
	Positive	37.2	(37, 39.6)	(39.3, 42.1)	(41.4, 44.6)	(46, 51.5)
Netherlands	Medium	(36, 38.2)	37.7	40.2	42.7	50.9
		37.2	(36.5, 38.8)	(39, 41.5)	(41.4, 44.3)	(47, 55.3)
	Negative	(35.4, 44.1) 37.2	40 (35.6, 44.9)	45 (39.9, 50.7)	51.6 (45.6, 58.2)	Not Reliable
		(27.9, 31.1)	29.6	29.9	30.2	30.4
	Positive	28.8	(28, 31.3)	(28.3, 31.6)	(28.5, 31.9)	(28.7, 32.2)
Switzerland	Medium	(27.9, 30.6)	29.5	30	30.3	30.7
Switzeriand	ivieululli	28.8	(28.2, 30.8)	(28.6, 31.2)	(28.9, 31.6)	(29.2, 32.1)
	Negative	(21.2, 38.5)	28.9	32	35.7	Not Reliable
		28.8	(21.5, 38.1)	(23.9, 42) 25.1	(26.6, 47.9) 26.2	28.5
	Positive	(21.8, 24.9) 23.4	(22.3, 25.7)	(23.4, 27.1)	26.2 (24.4, 28.2)	28.5 (26.1, 31.6)
Portugal		(21.7, 24.6)	23.9	25.1	26.2	28.7
i oi tugai						
	Medium	23.4	(22.1, 25.2)	(23.3, 26.6)	(24.2, 28.1)	(25.8, 32.6)

		23.4	(21.2, 27.3)	(23.8, 30.7)	(27.2, 35.4)	
	Positive	(16.6, 19)	18.1	19.5	20.5	21.4
	Positive	18.6	(17, 19.4)	(18.2, 20.9)	(19.1, 22.2)	(19.9, 23.9)
Ireland	Medium	(16.9, 19.4)	18.3	19.7	20.7	21.7
li cialiu	Mediaiii	18.6	(17.3, 19.6)	(18.4, 21.1)	(19.3, 22.3)	(20.1, 24)
	Negative	(17.5, 20.4)	19.3	22.6	27	Not Reliable
	Negative	18.6	(17.7, 20.9)	(20.7, 24.6)	(24.7, 29.8)	Not Kellable
	Positive	(17, 18.7)	18.4	20.8	23.6	48
	1 0311140	18.2	(17.5, 19.2)	(19.5, 21.9)	(20.5, 25.5)	(20.9, 140)
Sweden	Medium	(16.9, 18.8)	18.4	21	24.2	49
Sweden	Wicalam	18.2	(17.6, 19.4)	(20, 22.2)	(22.7, 26)	(34.6, 188)
	Negative	(17.1, 19.1)	18.7	21.7	25.8	Not Reliable
	Negative	18.2	(17.6, 19.8)	(20.5, 23)	(24.3, 27.3)	
	Positive	(14, 16.1)	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1
		15.1	(14.2, 15.9)	(14.3, 15.9)	(14.3, 16)	(14.3, 16)
Austria	Medium	(14.1, 15.8)	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.2
, lasti la		15.1	(14.3, 15.9)	(14.3, 15.9)	(14.3, 16)	(14.3, 16)
	Negative	(11.4, 17.5)	14.3	15.9	17.7	Not Reliable
		15.1	(11.7, 17.5)	(13, 19.3)	(14.5, 21.6)	
	Positive	(12.7, 14.1)	13.7	14.5	15	15.3
	1 0316146	13.2	(13.1, 14.4)	(13.8, 15.4)	(14.2, 16.1)	(14.3, 16.8)
Japan	Medium	(13, 14.8)	14.3	15.8	17.4	20.5
Japan	ivicalani	13.2	(13.4, 15.2)	(14.9, 17)	(16.2, 18.8)	(18.7, 24.3)
	Negative	(12.5, 15)	14.3	16.9	20.7	Not Reliable
	Negative	13.2	(12.9, 15.6)	(15.4, 18.5)	(18.7, 22.7)	
	Positive	(84, 90.7)	88.5	90.7	92.5	95
		89.3	(85, 91.6)	(86.8, 93.8)	(88.2, 95.9)	(90.1, 99.7)
Iran	Medium	(81.5, 89.6)	86.9	89.7	92.2	97.1
iidii	Micalani	89.3	(82.9 <i>,</i> 90.7)	(85.8 <i>,</i> 93.9)	(87.9 <i>,</i> 96.8)	(91.9, 103)
	Negative	(80.1, 107)	94.2	103	115	Not Reliable
	. Togutive	89.3	(81.4, 107)	(88.4, 117)	(98.2, 130)	1,00 Nellable

**Table 3.** Predictions for the number of total deaths at four time horizons (1-day, 5-day, 10-day and end of the outbreak) and for various countries/regions, based on the Generalised Richards model [1]. The values in parentheses are 80% prediction intervals based on 500 simulations using a negative binomial error structure. "Not reliable" is declared if more than 10% of the simulations produce extreme numbers (larger than total population). All numbers are in thousands. Note that it is emerging that there can be a large variation in reporting standard between countries. In the UK, it is made clear that reported deaths are for hospital deaths only and do not include deaths in the community. Similarly, data for Belgium is allegedly being revised to account for community deaths.

Country	Scenario*	Today's validation	27-Apr	1-May	6-May	Final Total Confirmed
	Docitivo	(111, 115)	116	125	134	149
	Positive	122	(114, 118)	(123, 128)	(131, 137)	(144, 154)
Furana	Medium	(111, 113)	115	125	135	159
Europe	Medium	122	(114, 116)	(124, 126)	(134, 136)	(156, 161)
	Negative	(101, 135)	121	140	167	Not Polichlo
	Negative	122	(103, 140)	(121, 165)	(143, 199)	Not Reliable
	Docitivo	(44.7, 48.8)	48.6	55.1	60.1	64.8
	Positive	53.2	(46.5, 50.7)	(52.6, 57.7)	(56.8, 63.7)	(60.2, 70.5)
United	Medium	(45.2, 47.5)	48.3	55.1	60.6	67
States		53.2	(47.1, 49.4)	(53.5, 56.6)	(58.4, 62.9)	(63.5, 71.3)
	Negative	(43.5, 54.2)	50.8	63.7	82.6	Not Reliable
		53.2	(45.7, 56.2)	(57.8, 71.4)	(73.7, 94.5)	NOT Reliable
	Positive	(21, 22.7)	22.2	23.1	23.8	24.8
	Positive	22.5	(21.4, 23.1)	(22.2, 24.1)	(22.8, 24.8)	(23.6, 26)
Spain	Medium	(21.3, 22.4)	22.2	23.2	24	25.2
Spain	Medium	22.5	(21.6, 22.8)	(22.5, 23.8)	(23.2, 24.6)	(24.2, 26.1)
	Nogativo	(19.1, 25.2)	22.4	25.4	29.3	Not Poliable
	Negative	22.5	(19.4, 25.7)	(21.9, 29)	(25, 33.8)	Not Reliable

	Positive	(24.4, 25.9)	25.6	26.8	27.8	30.1
Italy		26.4 (24.6, 25.6)	(24.9, 26.5) 25.5	(25.9, 27.7) 26.8	(26.9, 28.8) 27.9	(28.8, 31.4) 30.9
	Medium	26.4	(25, 26.1)	(26.2, 27.4)	(27.3, 28.6)	(29.7, 32.2)
	Nogativo	(22.5, 28.8)	26.1	29	33	Not Reliable
	Negative	26.4	(23, 29.1)	(25.6, 32.5)	(28.9, 37.1)	
	Positive	(4.92, 5.2)	5.24	5.93	6.58	7.83
		5.64 (4.95, 5.17)	(5.11, 5.38) 5.25	(5.75 <i>,</i> 6.09) 5.95	(6.33, 6.81) 6.65	(7.24, 8.54) 8.29
Germany	Medium	5.64	(5.13, 5.34)	(5.79, 6.08)	(6.38, 6.86)	(7.34, 9.28)
		(4.82, 5.51)	5.36	6.47	8.01	
	Negative	5.64	(5.03, 5.74)	(6.05, 6.92)	(7.43, 8.65)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(17.5, 18.5)	18.7	20.6	22.2	24.1
	1 0011170	20.3	(18.2, 19.2)	(20, 21.3)	(21.4, 23)	(23, 25.5)
United	Medium	(17.6, 18.3)	18.7	20.7	22.4	25.1
Kingdom		20.3 (16.6, 20.7)	(18.3, 19.1) 19.5	(20.2, 21.2)	(21.8, 23.2) 29.6	(23.7, 26.7)
	Negative	20.3	(17.3, 21.6)	(20.7, 26.4)	(25.7, 33.3)	Not Reliable
	5	(20.7, 21.8)	21.7	23	23.8	24.7
	Positive	22.6	(21.1, 22.3)	(22.3, 23.6)	(23.1, 24.5)	(23.8, 25.5)
France	Medium	(20.8, 21.6)	21.7	23	24	25
Trance	Wicalam	22.6	(21.2, 22.1)	(22.5, 23.5)	(23.4, 24.5)	(24.3, 25.8)
	Negative	(19.1, 25.7)	22.8	26.9	32.6	Not Reliable
		22.6 (2.31, 2.45)	(19.3, 27.1) 2.49	(22.5, 31.8) 2.93	(27.3, 39)	4.58
	Positive	2.71	(2.43, 2.56)	(2.84, 3.04)	(3.23, 3.59)	(3.95, 5.68)
l <u> </u>		(2.31, 2.45)	2.5	2.94	3.41	4.76
Turkey	Medium	2.71	(2.44, 2.57)	(2.82, 3.04)	(3.12, 3.62)	(3.35, 6.76)
	Negative	(2.29, 2.52)	2.52	3.13	3.97	Not Reliable
	IVEGULIVE	2.71	(2.4, 2.65)	(2.97, 3.29)	(3.73, 4.2)	
	Positive	(0.436, 0.511) 0.681	0.527	0.729	0.922	1.1
		(0.496, 0.551)	(0.488, 0.57) 0.58	(0.64, 0.849) 0.845	(0.741, 1.25) 1.28	(0.796, 2.23)
Russia	Medium	0.681	(0.55, 0.608)	(0.772, 0.927)	(1.03, 1.58)	Not Reliable
	Mogativa	(0.499, 0.553)	0.575	0.874	1.42	Not Reliable
	Negative	0.681	(0.547, 0.604)	(0.81, 0.94)	(1.25, 1.67)	
	Positive	(2.95, 3.1)	3.28	4.2	5.41	10.4
		4.02	(3.2, 3.35)	(4.07, 4.35)	(5.05, 5.84)	(7.48, 20.7)
Brazil	Medium	(2.95, 3.09) 4.02	3.27 (3.21, 3.35)	4.17 (3.76, 4.35)	5.31 (3.88, 5.76)	10.9 (3.89, 25.5)
		(2.95, 3.17)	3.3	4.4	6.08	
	Negative	4.02	(3.2, 3.41)	(4.24, 4.54)	(5.82, 6.36)	Not Reliable
	Positive	(6.06, 6.27)	6.36	6.93	7.34	7.74
	rositive	6.92	(6.26, 6.47)	(6.82, 7.06)	(7.21, 7.5)	(7.55, 7.96)
Belgium						
beigium	Medium	(6.07, 6.27)	6.37	6.94	7.36	7.8
	Medium	6.92	(6.26, 6.47)	(6.81, 7.07)	(7.19, 7.54)	7.8 (7.5, 8.1)
	Medium Negative	6.92 (5.88, 7.03)	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04	(7.19, 7.54) 10	
	Negative	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92	(6.26, 6.47)	(6.81, 7.07)	(7.19, 7.54)	(7.5, 8.1)
		6.92 (5.88, 7.03)	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29)	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04 (7.29, 8.85)	(7.19, 7.54) 10 (8.97, 11.1)	(7.5, 8.1) Not Reliable
	Negative Positive	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16)	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04 (7.29, 8.85) 4.52 (4.34, 4.7) 4.53	(7.19, 7.54) 10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03) 5.75
Netherlands	Negative	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16) 4.41	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16 (4.05, 4.28)	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04 (7.29, 8.85) 4.52 (4.34, 4.7) 4.53 (4.4, 4.66)	(7.19, 7.54) 10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88 (4.72, 5.05)	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03)
	Negative Positive	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16) 4.41 (3.68, 4.58)	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16 (4.05, 4.28) 4.2	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04 (7.29, 8.85) 4.52 (4.34, 4.7) 4.53 (4.4, 4.66) 4.88	(7.19, 7.54) 10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88 (4.72, 5.05) 5.79	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03) 5.75
-	Negative Positive Medium Negative	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16) 4.41 (3.68, 4.58) 4.41	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16 (4.05, 4.28) 4.2 (3.83, 4.67)	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04 (7.29, 8.85) 4.52 (4.34, 4.7) 4.53 (4.4, 4.66) 4.88 (4.43, 5.43)	(7.19, 7.54) 10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88 (4.72, 5.05) 5.79 (5.24, 6.49)	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03)  5.75 (5.29, 6.29)  Not Reliable
-	Negative Positive Medium	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16) 4.41 (3.68, 4.58) 4.41 (1.49, 1.61)	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16 (4.05, 4.28) 4.2 (3.83, 4.67) 1.58	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04 (7.29, 8.85) 4.52 (4.34, 4.7) 4.53 (4.4, 4.66) 4.88 (4.43, 5.43) 1.67	(7.19, 7.54) 10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88 (4.72, 5.05) 5.79 (5.24, 6.49) 1.74	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03) 5.75 (5.29, 6.29)  Not Reliable  1.84
Netherlands	Negative Positive Medium Negative Positive	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16) 4.41 (3.68, 4.58) 4.41 (1.49, 1.61) 1.61	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16 (4.05, 4.28) 4.2 (3.83, 4.67)	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04 (7.29, 8.85) 4.52 (4.34, 4.7) 4.53 (4.4, 4.66) 4.88 (4.43, 5.43)	(7.19, 7.54) 10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88 (4.72, 5.05) 5.79 (5.24, 6.49)	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03)  5.75 (5.29, 6.29)  Not Reliable
-	Negative Positive Medium Negative	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16) 4.41 (3.68, 4.58) 4.41 (1.49, 1.61)	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16 (4.05, 4.28) 4.2 (3.83, 4.67) 1.58 (1.53, 1.64)	(6.81, 7.07)  8.04 (7.29, 8.85)  4.52 (4.34, 4.7)  4.53 (4.4, 4.66)  4.88 (4.43, 5.43)  1.67 (1.6, 1.73)	(7.19, 7.54) 10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88 (4.72, 5.05) 5.79 (5.24, 6.49) 1.74 (1.66, 1.81)	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03) 5.75 (5.29, 6.29)  Not Reliable  1.84 (1.74, 1.95)
Netherlands	Negative Positive Medium Negative Positive Medium	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16) 4.41 (3.68, 4.58) 4.41 (1.49, 1.61) 1.61 (1.5, 1.6)	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16 (4.05, 4.28) 4.2 (3.83, 4.67) 1.58 (1.53, 1.64) 1.58 (1.53, 1.63)	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04 (7.29, 8.85) 4.52 (4.34, 4.7) 4.53 (4.4, 4.66) 4.88 (4.43, 5.43) 1.67 (1.6, 1.73) 1.67 (1.61, 1.72) 1.82	(7.19, 7.54)  10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88 (4.72, 5.05) 5.79 (5.24, 6.49) 1.74 (1.66, 1.81) 1.74 (1.68, 1.8) 2.11	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03)  5.75 (5.29, 6.29)  Not Reliable  1.84 (1.74, 1.95)  1.86 (1.76, 1.97)
Netherlands	Negative Positive Medium Negative Positive	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16) 4.41 (3.68, 4.58) 4.41 (1.49, 1.61) 1.61 (1.5, 1.6) 1.61 (1.41, 1.76) 1.61	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16 (4.05, 4.28) 4.2 (3.83, 4.67) 1.58 (1.53, 1.64) 1.58 (1.53, 1.63) 1.59 (1.42, 1.78)	(6.81, 7.07)  8.04 (7.29, 8.85)  4.52 (4.34, 4.7)  4.53 (4.4, 4.66)  4.88 (4.43, 5.43)  1.67 (1.6, 1.73)  1.67 (1.61, 1.72)  1.82 (1.62, 2.04)	(7.19, 7.54)  10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88 (4.72, 5.05) 5.79 (5.24, 6.49) 1.74 (1.66, 1.81) 1.74 (1.68, 1.8) 2.11 (1.86, 2.39)	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03)  5.75 (5.29, 6.29)  Not Reliable  1.84 (1.74, 1.95)  1.86 (1.76, 1.97)  Not Reliable
Netherlands	Negative Positive Medium Negative Positive Medium	6.92 (5.88, 7.03) 6.92 (3.9, 4.21) 4.41 (3.94, 4.16) 4.41 (3.68, 4.58) 4.41 (1.49, 1.61) 1.61 (1.5, 1.6) 1.61 (1.41, 1.76)	(6.26, 6.47) 6.64 (6.02, 7.29) 4.18 (4.02, 4.32) 4.16 (4.05, 4.28) 4.2 (3.83, 4.67) 1.58 (1.53, 1.64) 1.58 (1.53, 1.63)	(6.81, 7.07) 8.04 (7.29, 8.85) 4.52 (4.34, 4.7) 4.53 (4.4, 4.66) 4.88 (4.43, 5.43) 1.67 (1.6, 1.73) 1.67 (1.61, 1.72) 1.82	(7.19, 7.54)  10 (8.97, 11.1) 4.86 (4.64, 5.07) 4.88 (4.72, 5.05) 5.79 (5.24, 6.49) 1.74 (1.66, 1.81) 1.74 (1.68, 1.8) 2.11	(7.5, 8.1)  Not Reliable  5.54 (5.17, 6.03)  5.75 (5.29, 6.29)  Not Reliable  1.84 (1.74, 1.95)  1.86 (1.76, 1.97)

	Medium	(0.771, 0.842)	0.832	0.923	1.01	1.26
	Wicalam	0.88	(0.795, 0.868)	(0.88, 0.972)	(0.96, 1.09)	(1.09, 1.58)
	Negative	(0.775, 0.847) 0.88	0.838 (0.803, 0.873)	0.975 (0.933, 1.02)	1.16 (1.1, 1.21)	Not Reliable
	Donition	(0.703, 0.822)	0.815	1.03	1.33	3.37
	Positive	1.06	(0.776, 0.852)	(0.899, 1.11)	(0.914, 1.52)	(0.914, 6.66)
Ireland	Medium	(0.705, 0.778)	0.816	1.06	1.43	Not Reliable
ireianu	Medium	1.06	(0.779, 0.853)	(1, 1.12)	(1.29, 1.54)	
	Mogative	(0.711, 0.789)	0.819	1.07	1.46	Not Reliable
	Negative	1.06	(0.777, 0.856)	(1.01, 1.12)	(1.36, 1.54)	NOT Reliable
	Positive	(1.81, 1.95)	1.97	2.38	2.86	4.81
	Positive	2.19	(1.9, 2.04)	(2.27, 2.5)	(2.65, 3.09)	(3.5, 10.2)
Sweden	Medium	(1.8, 1.94)	1.98	2.37	2.83	4.89
Sweden	Medium	2.19	(1.91, 2.04)	(2.21, 2.47)	(2.31, 3.07)	(2.32, 12.4)
	Negative	(1.8, 1.99)	1.99	2.48	3.19	Not Reliable
	ivegative	2.19	(1.89, 2.1)	(2.35, 2.62)	(3.01, 3.39)	
	Positive	(0.46, 0.518)	0.503	0.536	0.566	0.61
		0.536	(0.471, 0.529)	(0.503, 0.567)	(0.527, 0.603)	(0.559, 0.679)
Austria	Medium	(0.461, 0.515)	0.505	0.538	0.568	0.62
Austria		0.536	(0.475, 0.533)	(0.506, 0.57)	(0.528, 0.609)	(0.552, 0.703)
	Negative	(0.452, 0.539)	0.509	0.586	0.685	Not Reliable
		0.536	(0.466, 0.553)	(0.534, 0.637)	(0.622, 0.747)	NOT Kellable
	Positive	(0.252, 0.296)	0.251	0.386	0.661	Not Reliable
	1 0311140	0.348	(0.232, 0.276)	(0.343, 0.43)	(0.515, 0.76)	Not Kellable
Japan	Medium	(0.204, 0.244)	0.305	0.402	0.565	Not Reliable
Japan	Wicalam	0.348	(0.282, 0.331)	(0.367, 0.441)	(0.491, 0.637)	140t Kellable
	Negative	(0.251, 0.292)	0.307	0.407	0.576	Not Reliable
	rregutive	0.348	(0.282, 0.331)	(0.37, 0.443)	(0.514, 0.641)	MOL VEIIANIE
	Positive	(5.24, 5.66)	5.55	5.79	6.02	6.62
	- Contine	5.65	(5.35, 5.74)	(5.58, 6)	(5.8, 6.27)	(6.31, 7.04)
Iran	Medium	(5.29, 5.61)	5.54	5.8	6.05	6.79
		5.65	(5.38, 5.7)	(5.62, 5.97)	(5.85, 6.24)	(6.42, 7.21)
	Negative	(4.96, 6.07)	5.61	6.18	6.9	Not Reliable
	Megative	5.65	(5.08, 6.15)	(5.58, 6.78)	(6.23, 7.59)	NOT KEIIADIE

#### \* Note:

- -The scenarios are based on the final total confirmed numbers. On April 11, 2020, we introduced the Generalized Richards Model in addition to our existing three models: Generalized Logistic Model, Logistic Model and Generalized Growth model (see [1] for their presentation). We remove the lowest mean predicted final total confirmed number K among the four models (which is classical statistical method ensuring robustness). Then, the model with the second lowest mean predicted final total confirmed number K is classified as the positive scenario, and the third lowest one is classified as the medium scenario. The negative scenario is based on the Generalized Growth model, which should only describe the early stage of the epidemic outbreak and is therefore least reliable for countries in the more mature stage.
- -Trajectories from Iran have largely deviated from a typical logistic type growth (S curve), and can't be properly described by our models. Although we still report its calibration results in Table 1, they should not be taken as reliable in all scenarios and time horizons. This is probably a result of unreliable reported data from Iran.

#### Limitations of using the statistics of reported confirmed number

It is important to understand what our prediction models show. The predictions are based on cases identified on the basis of testing and they therefore predict the numbers of future positive tests. Relating positive test results to real levels of infection is subject to a large number of biases. It is a fact that the real number of infections is far higher than those recorded in positive tests since only a tiny fraction of any population has been tested. It is also the case that, in most countries, testing is biased towards those who think they are infected. The first bias, therefore, will underestimate the real number of infections while the second bias will tend to overestimate since it is biased towards those who think they are ill.

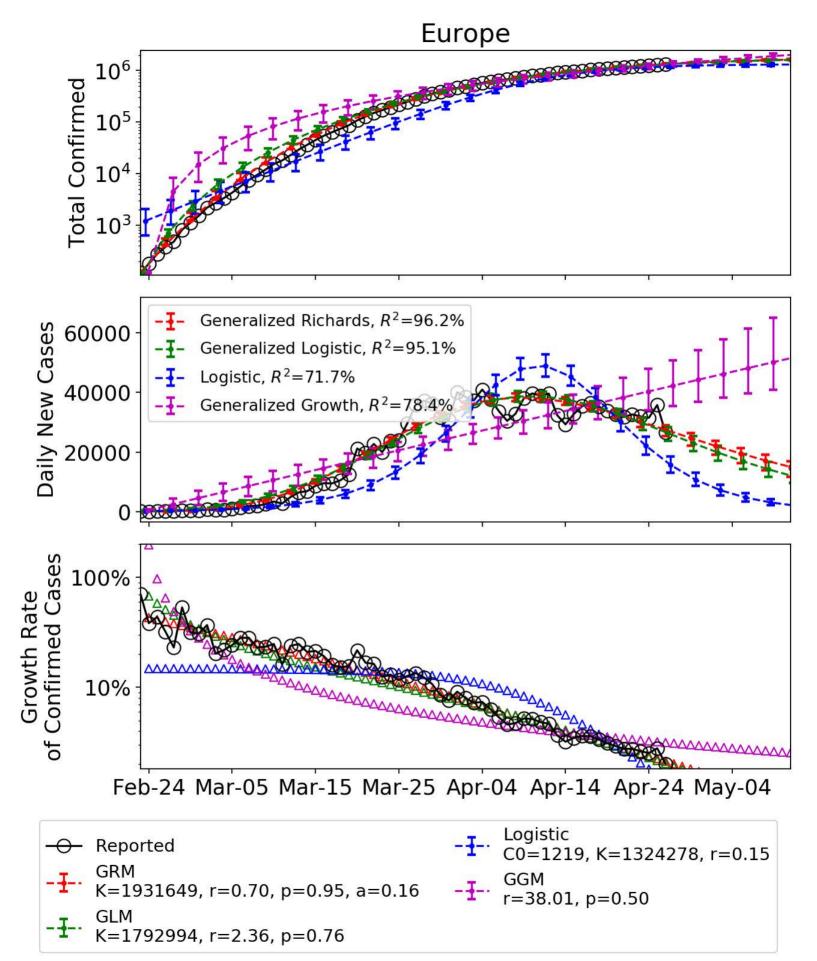
There are further complications. Depending on the testing protocols used, in some instances false positive results have been obtained. In other words, someone without the disease tested positive, probably because they were infected with some other coronavirus. And in other cases, false negative results were obtained, as was the case with the early testing deployed in the USA. One final complication is the fact that tests are conducted sequentially over time. They do not represent a snapshot of a day in time. Many of those tested early, giving a negative result, may today get a positive result. And many, who tested positive early on, may today be cured.

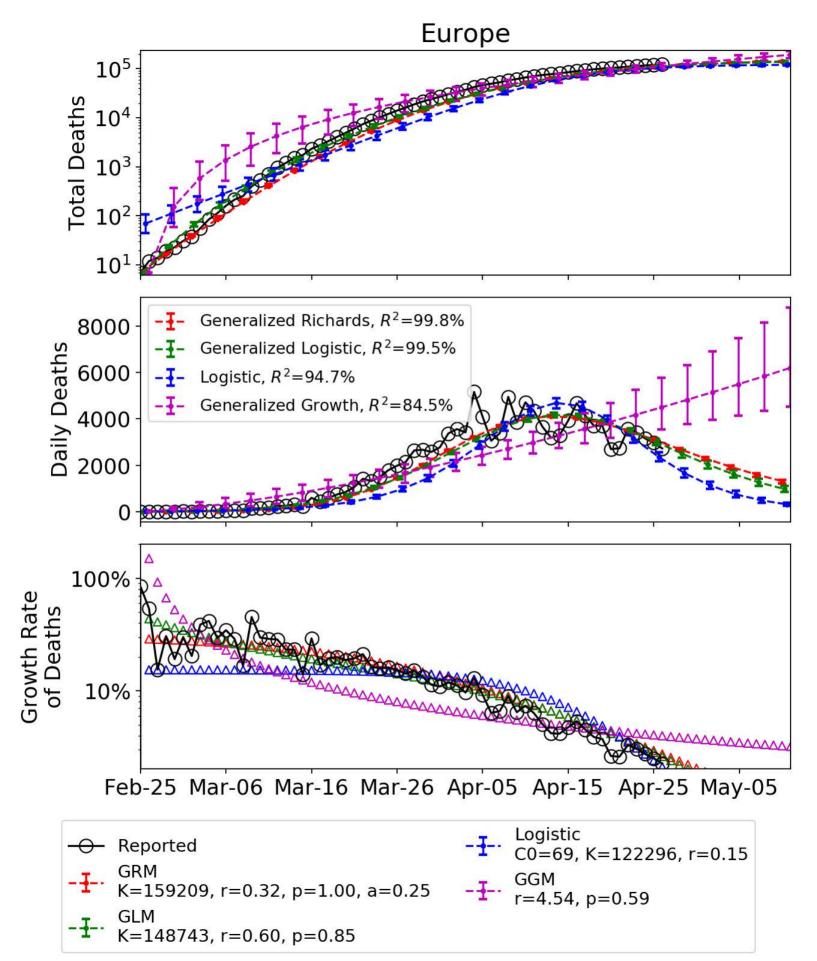
We anticipate that, over time, our methodology will improve and will provide a more accurate picture of the true levels of infection and where they are headed.

[1] Ke Wu, Didier Darcet, Qian Wang and Didier Sornette, Generalized logistic growth modeling of the COVID-19 outbreak in 29 provinces in China and in the rest of the world, preprint at http://arxiv.org/abs/2003.05681 and

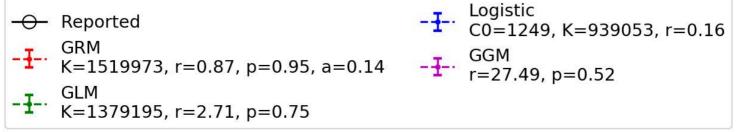
medRxiv: https://medrxiv.org/cgi/content/short/2020.03.11.20034363v1

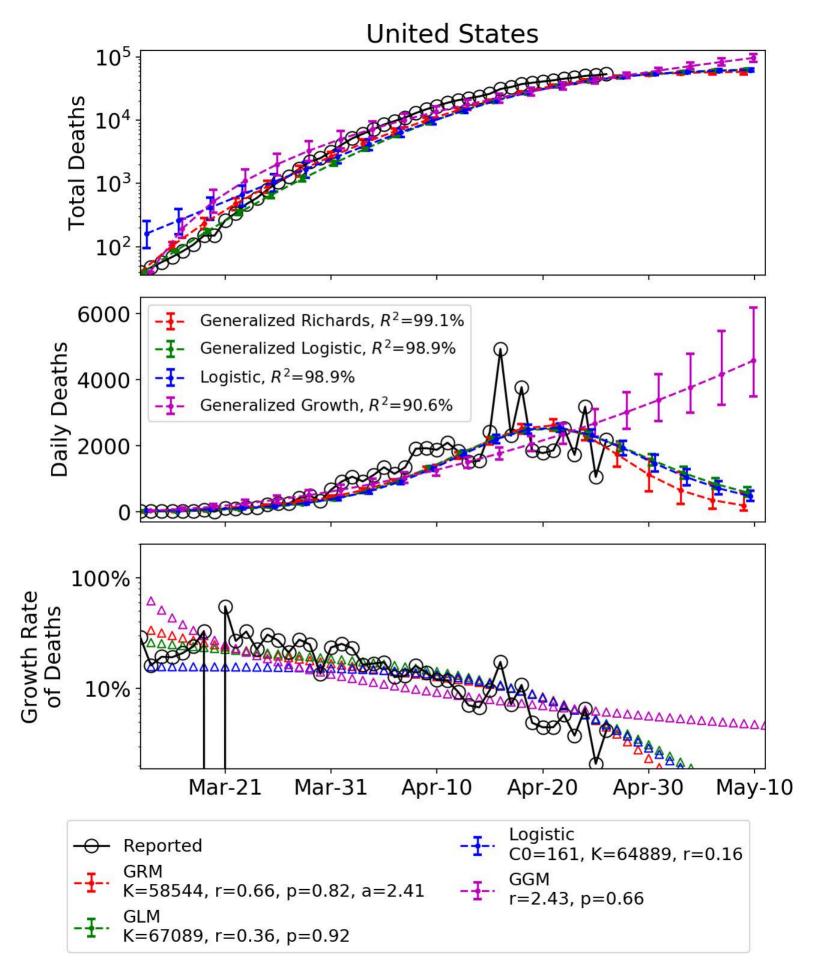
- [2] https://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/geographical-distribution-2019-ncov-cases
- [3] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/COVID-19\_testing

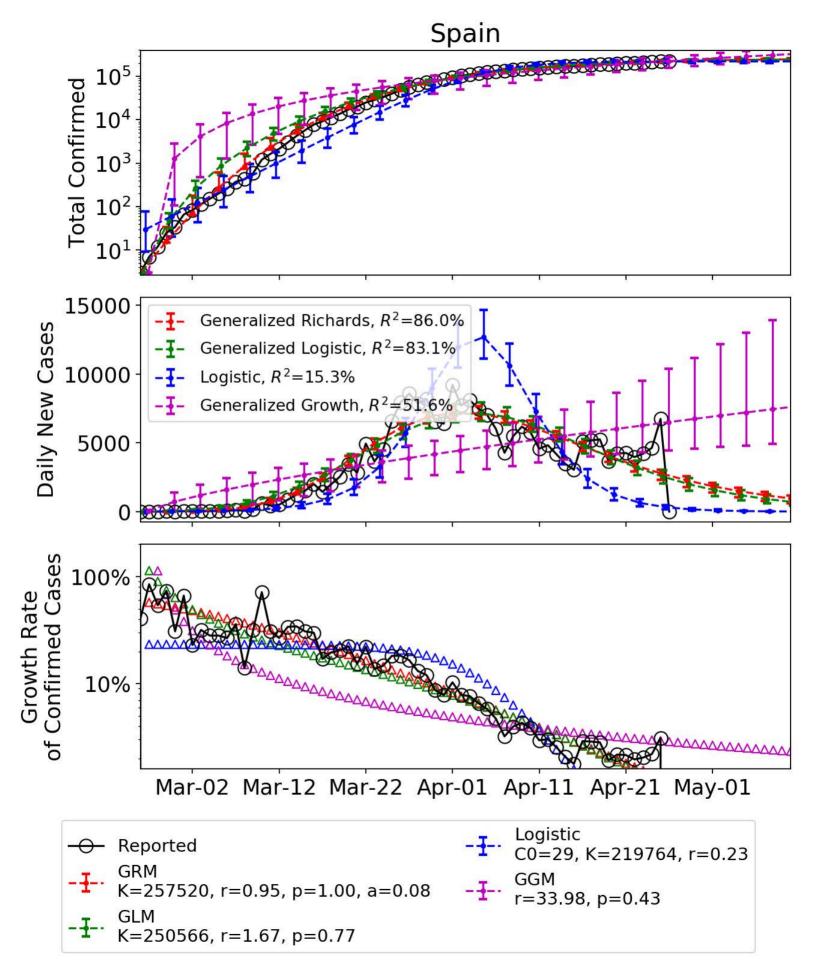


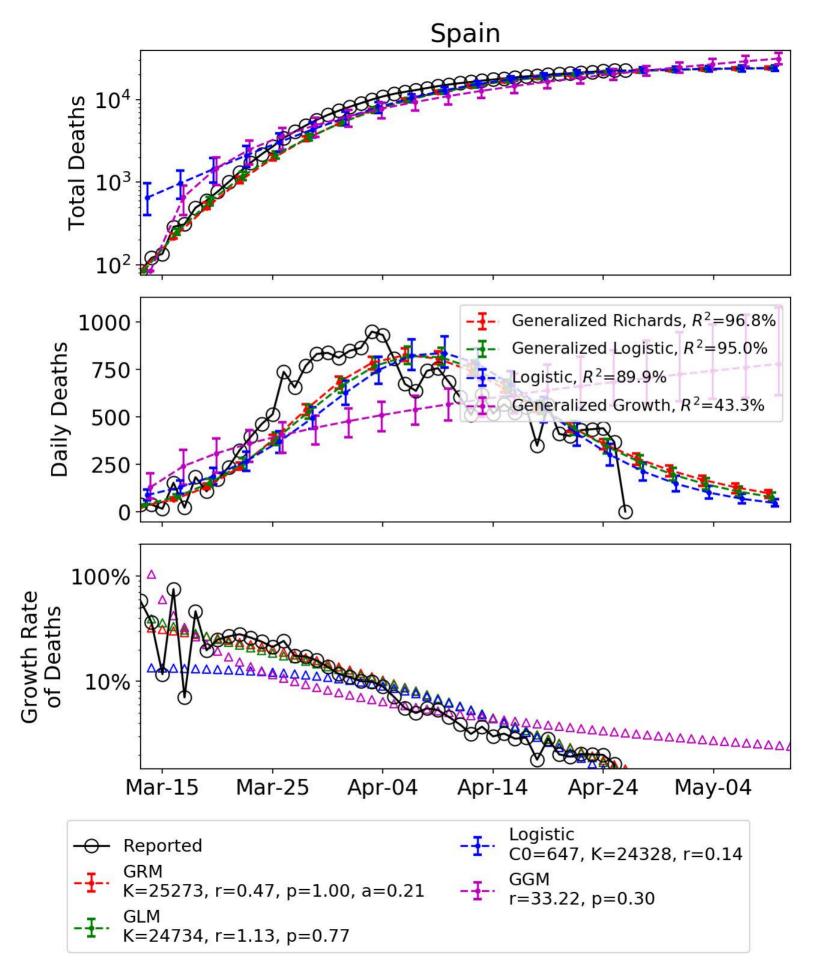


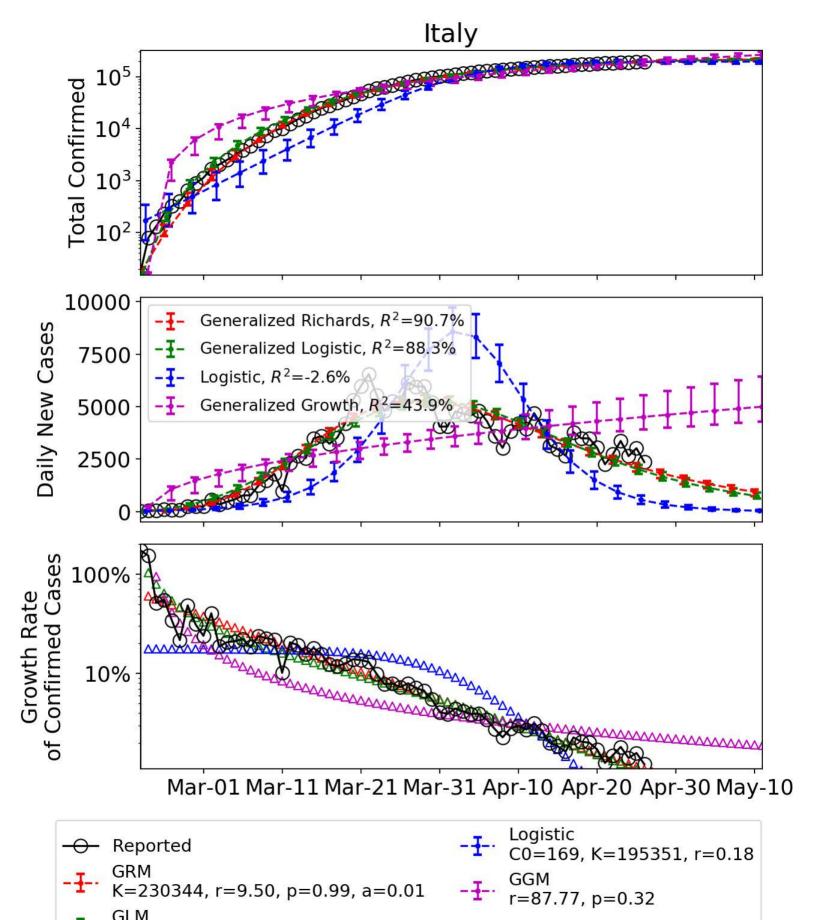
### **United States** $10^{6}$ **Total Confirmed** 10<sup>5</sup> $10^4$ $10^{3}$ Generalized Richards, $R^2$ =89.3% 60000 Daily New Cases Generalized Logistic, $R^2$ =88.1% Logistic, $R^2 = 71.2\%$ 40000 Generalized Growth, $R^2 = 77.8\%$ 20000 100% **Growth Rate** 10% Apr-10 Mar-11 Mar-21 Mar-31 Apr-20 Apr-30 May-10 Logistic Reported C0=1249, K=939053, r=0.16



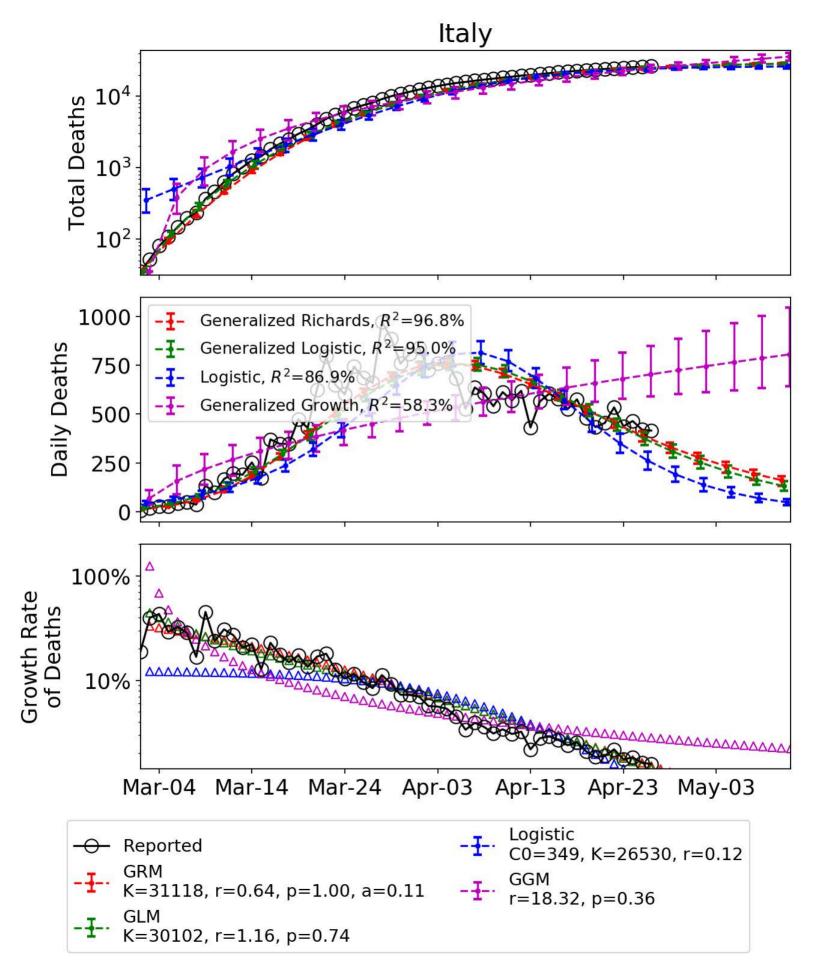


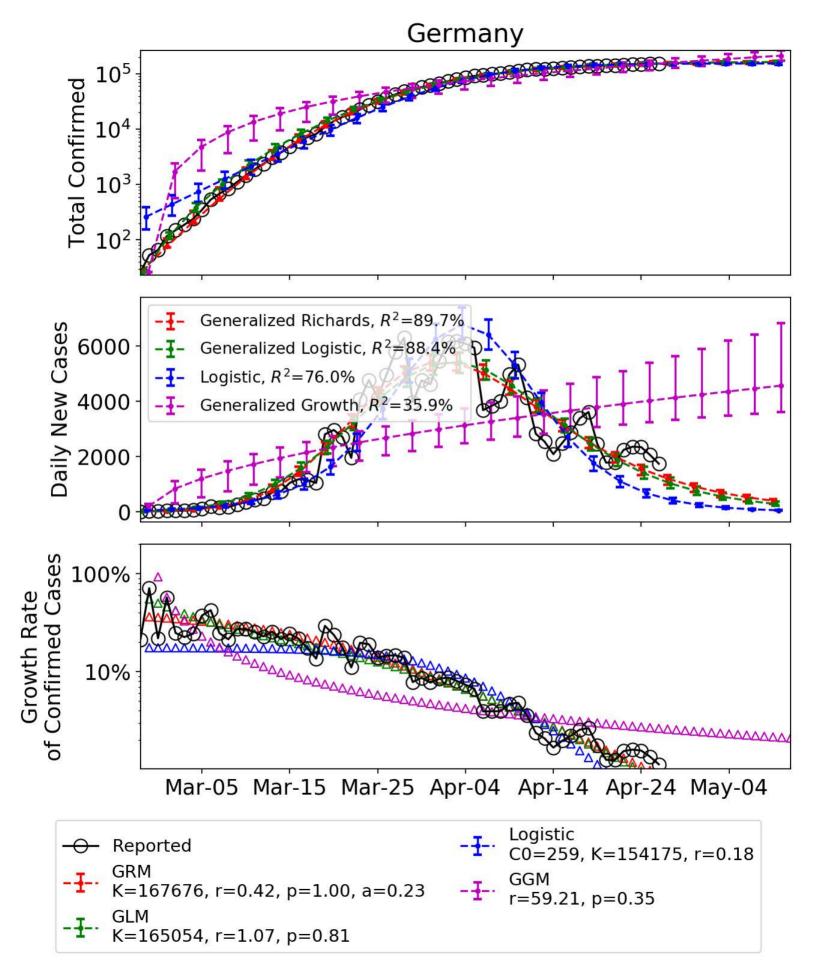


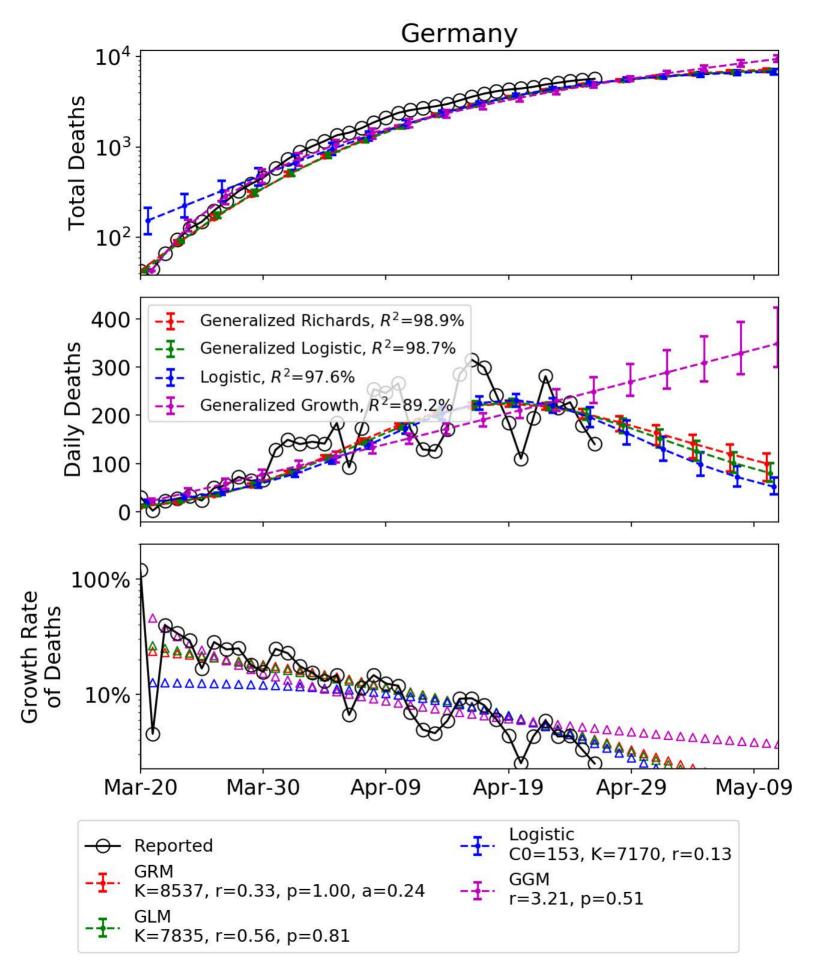


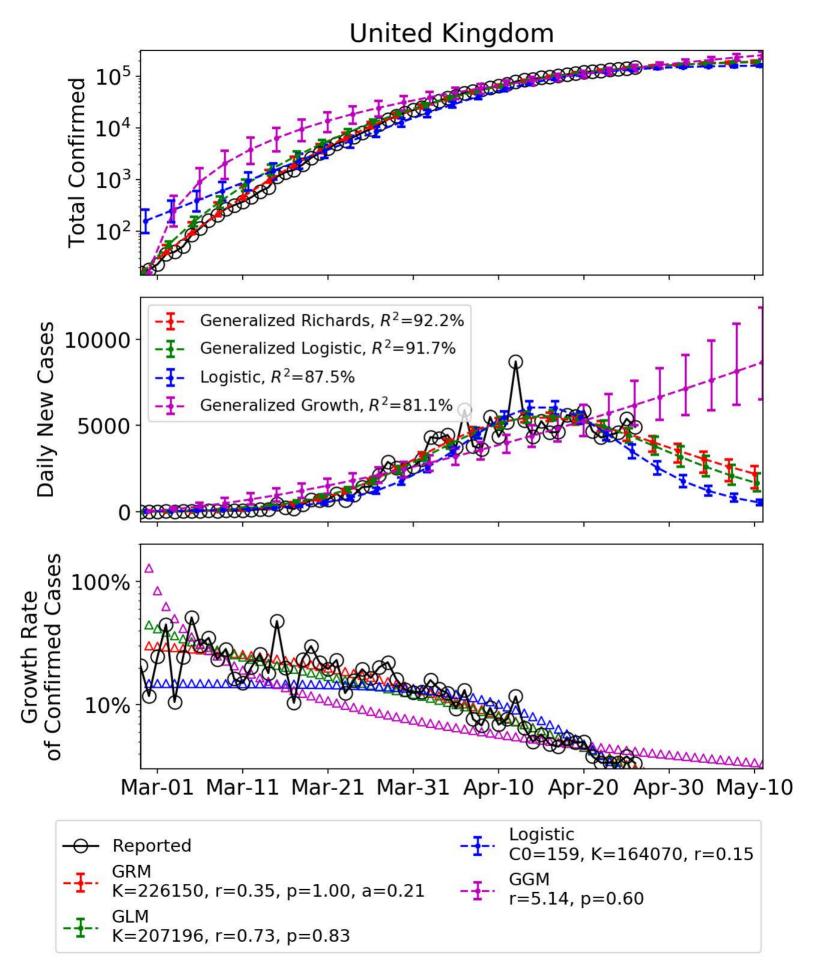


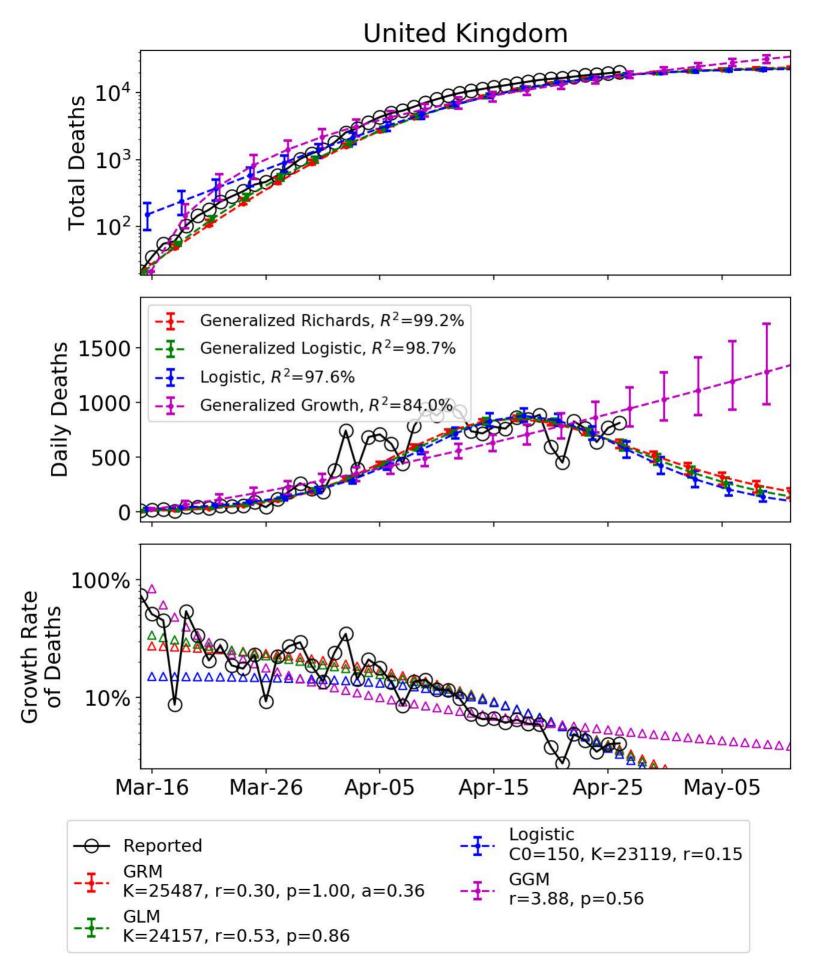
K=223878, r=2.77, p=0.71

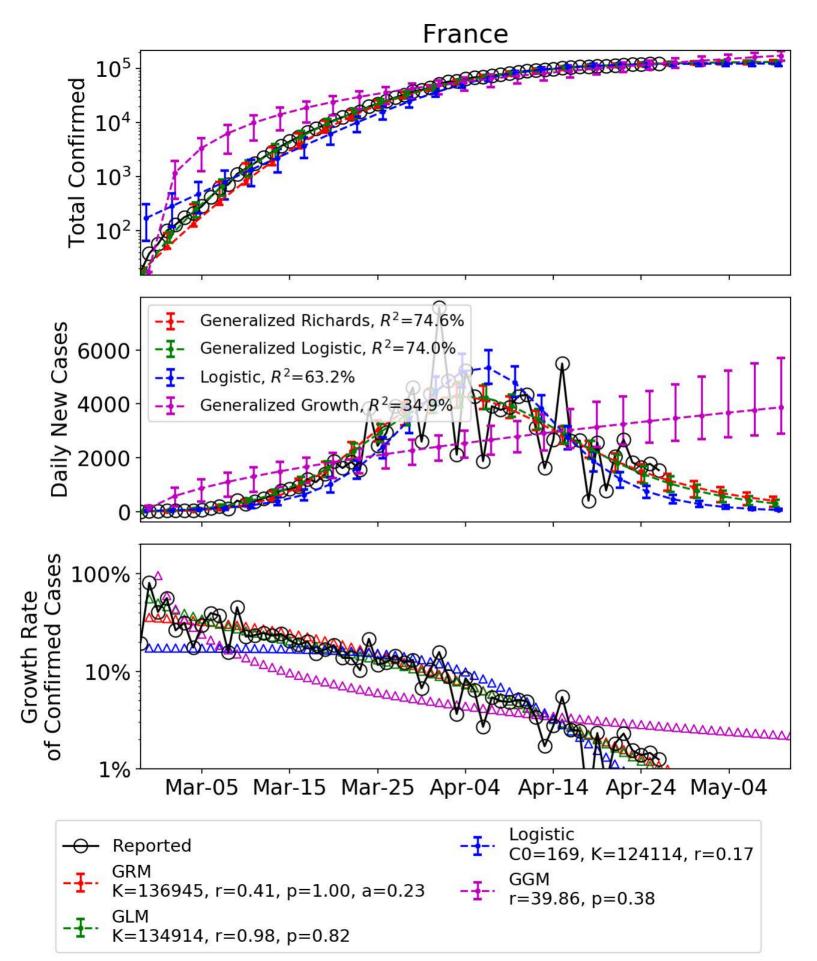


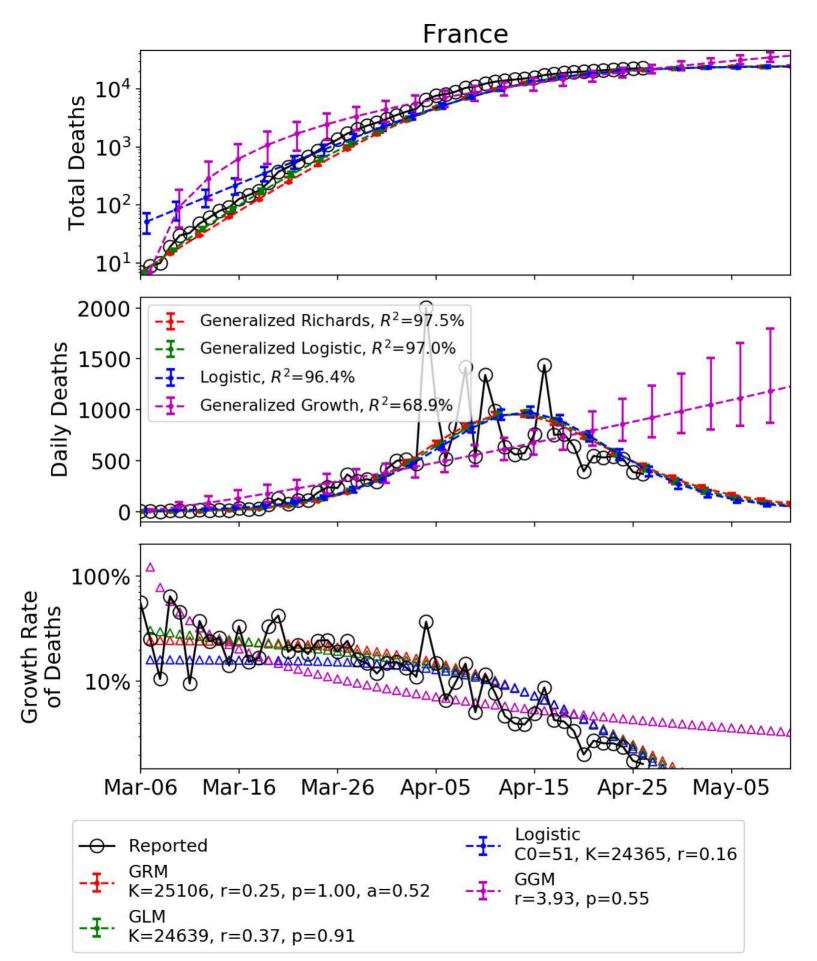


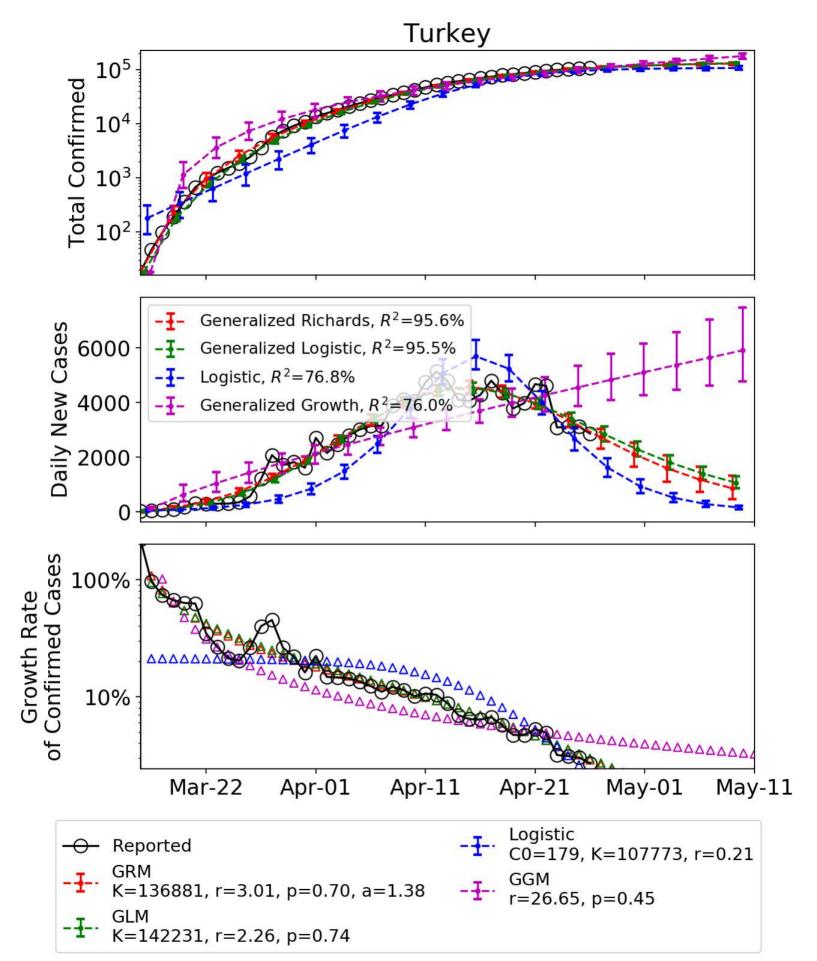


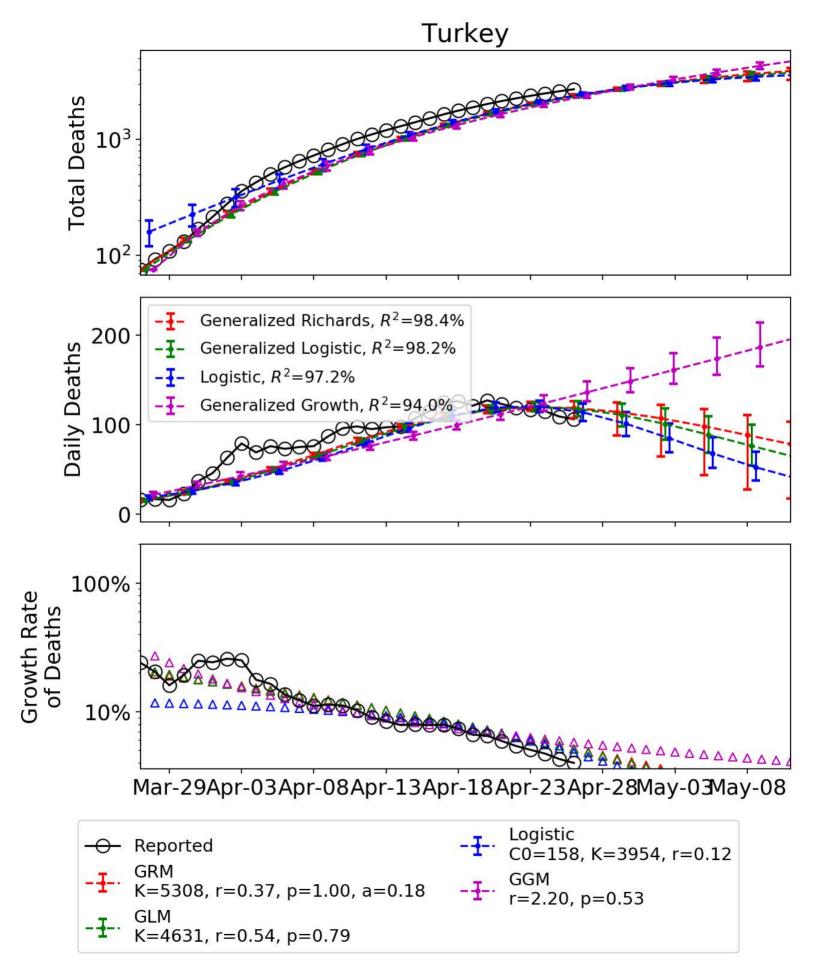


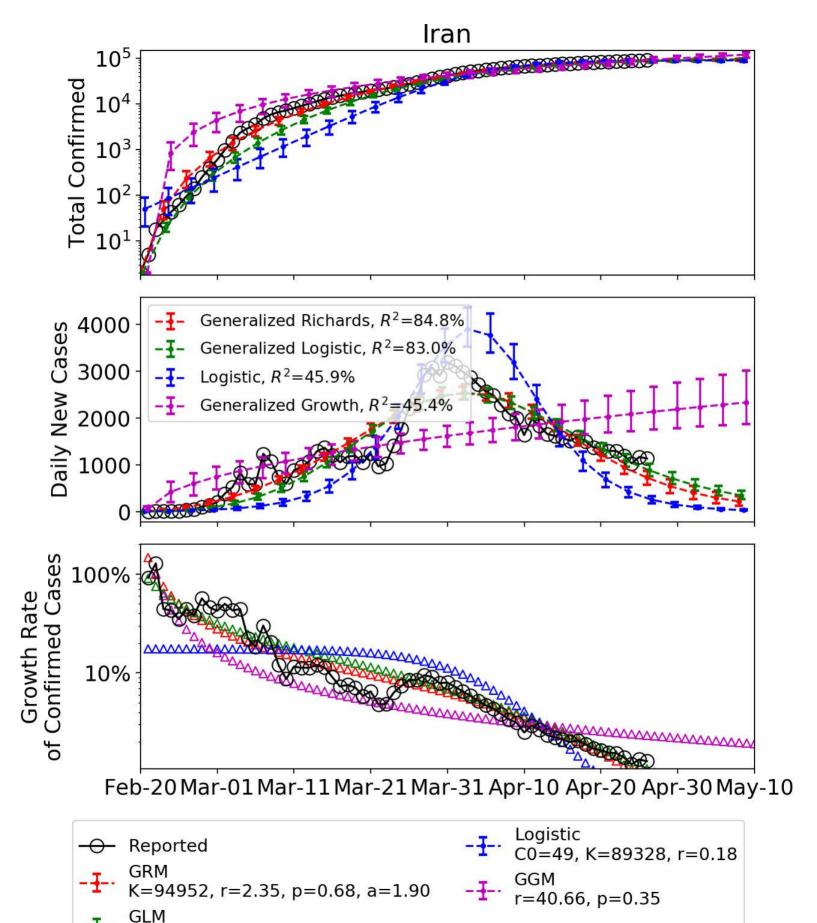




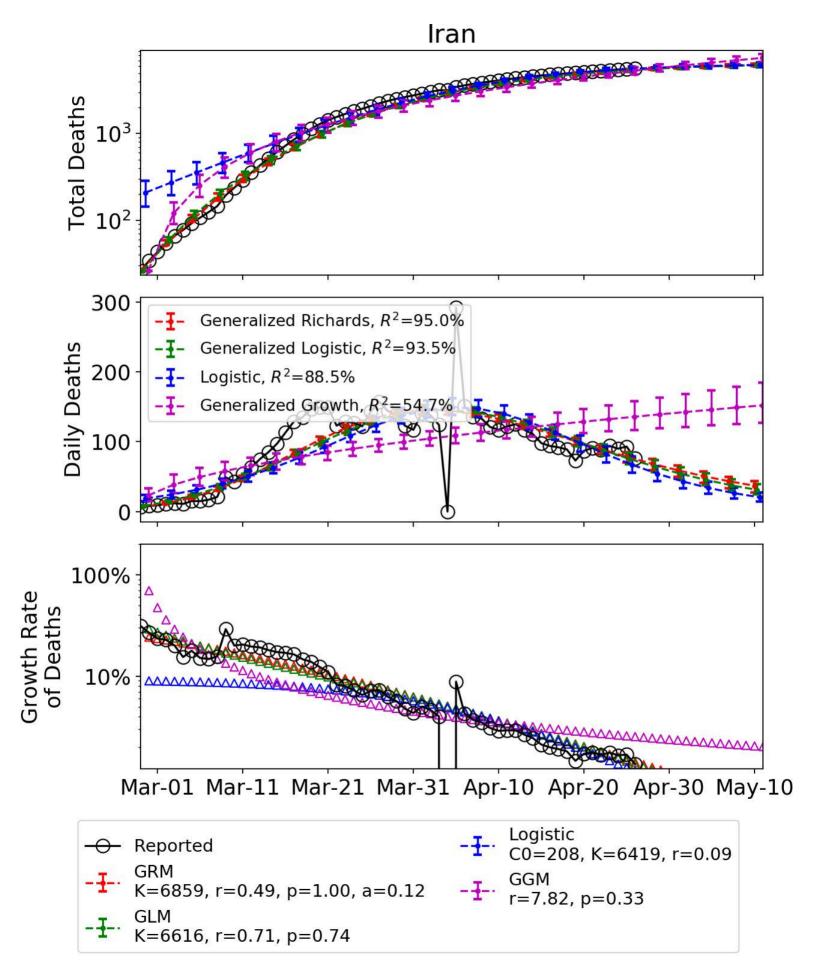


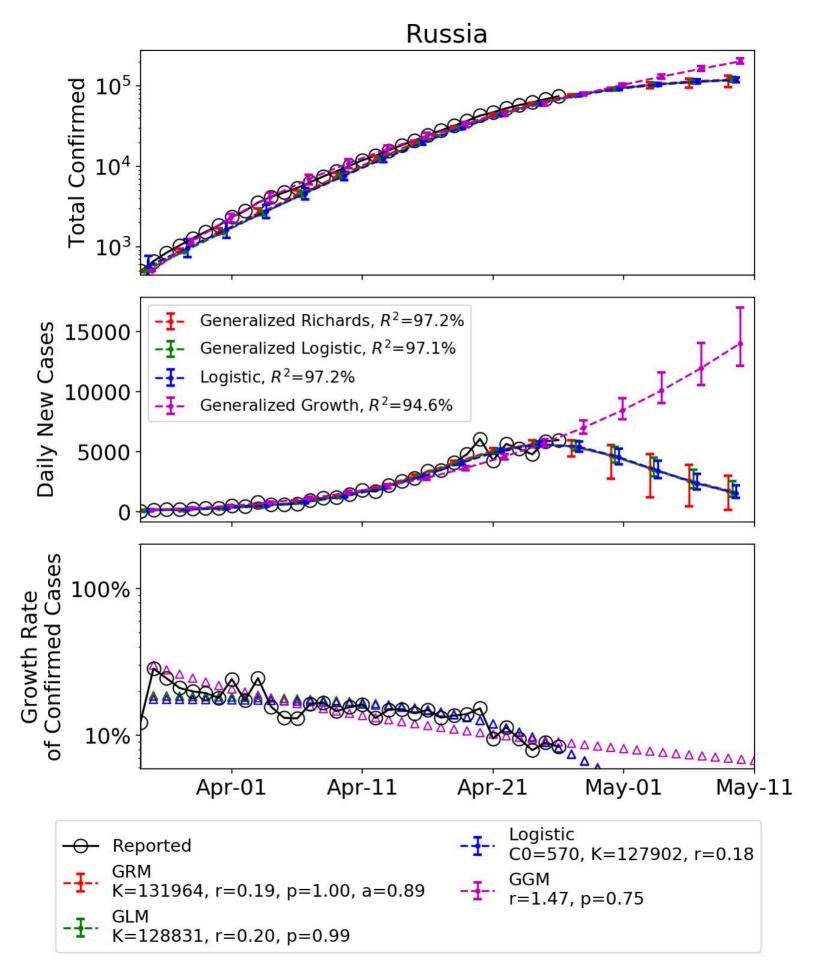


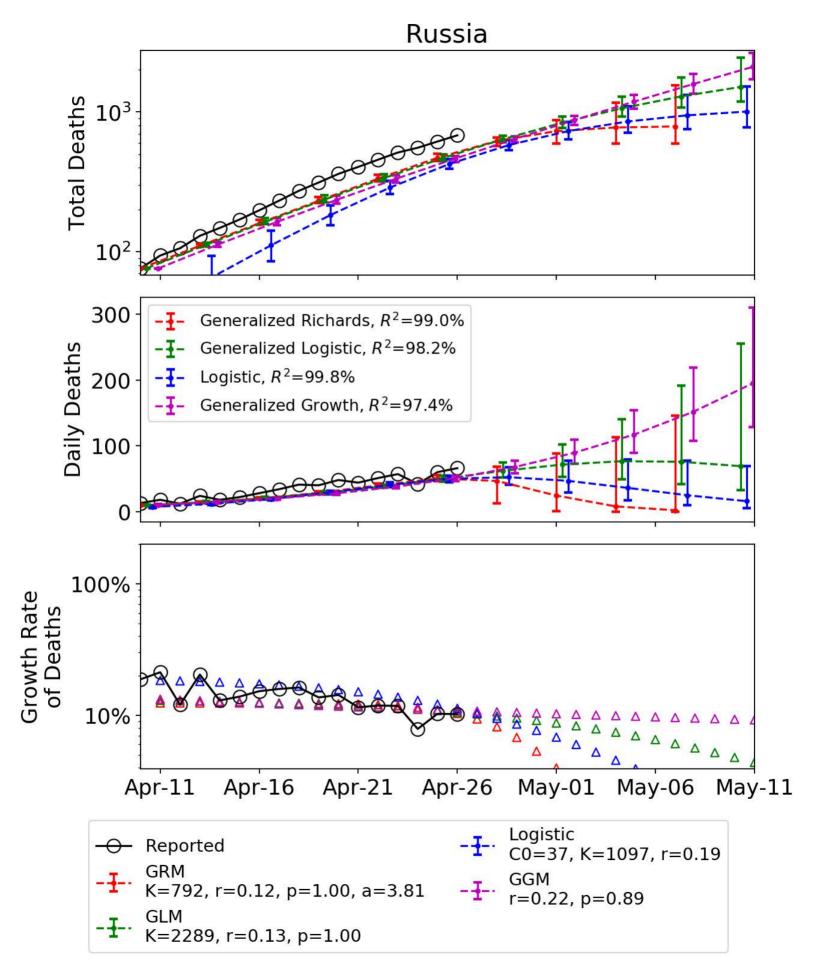


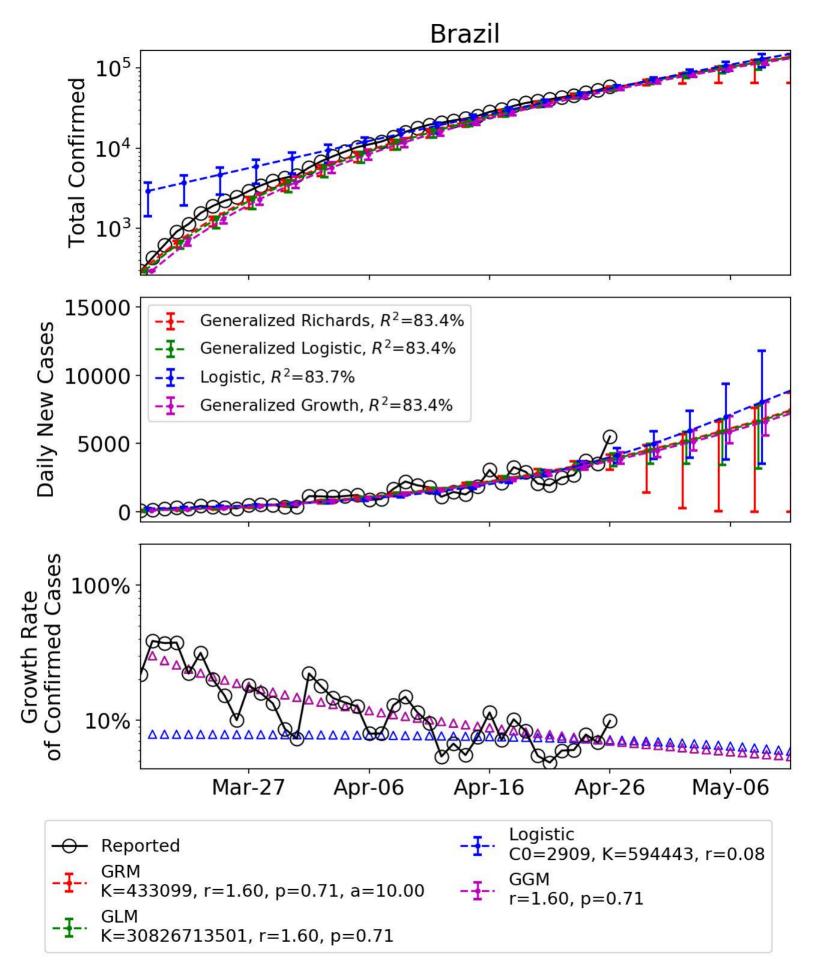


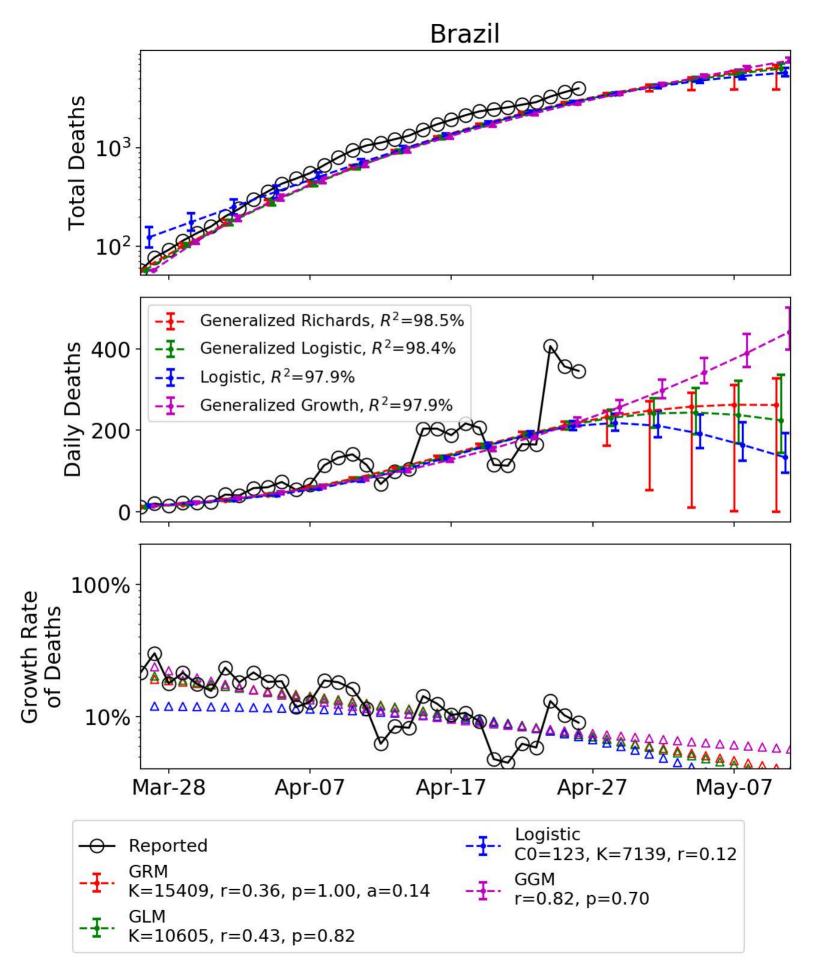
K=96940, r=1.17, p=0.77

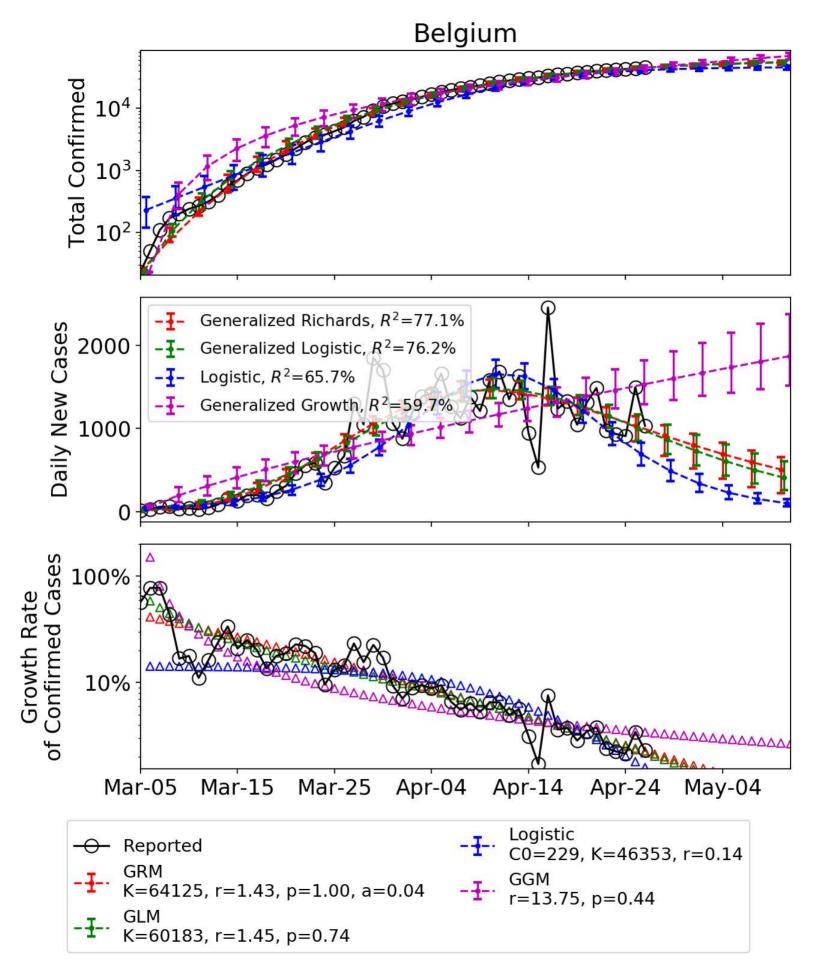


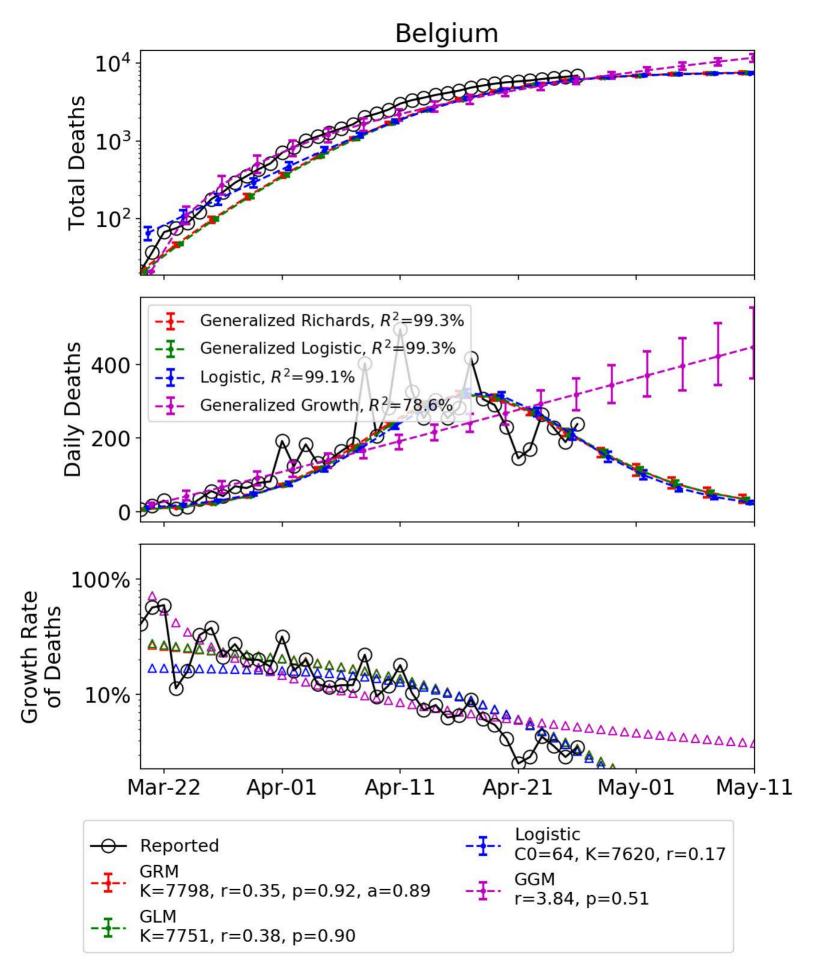




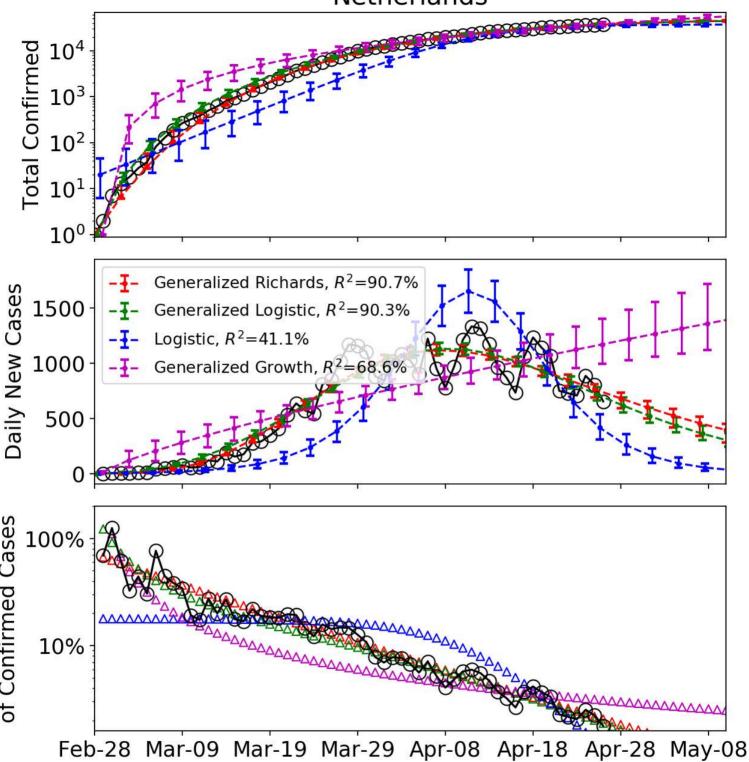


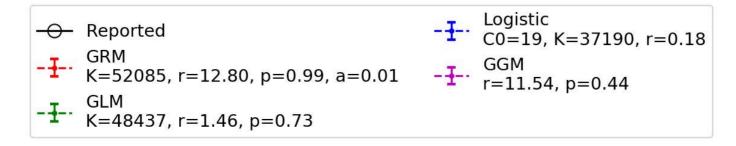






# Netherlands





**Growth Rate** 

## Netherlands **Total Deaths** 10<sup>3</sup> 10<sup>2</sup> Generalized Richards, $R^2 = 96.9\%$ Generalized Logistic, $R^2 = 95.6\%$ 200 Daily Deaths Logistic, $R^2 = 90.8\%$ Generalized Growth, $R^2 = 75.9\%$ 100 100% Growth Rate of Deaths 10% Apr-06 Apr-16 Mar-17 Mar-27 Apr-26 May-06 Logistic Reported C0=119, K=5024, r=0.13 **GGM** K=5887, r=1.12, p=1.00, a=0.06 r=5.11, p=0.41 K=5548, r=0.93, p=0.73

## Switzerland $10^{4}$ **Total Confirmed** 10<sup>3</sup> 10<sup>2</sup> 10<sup>1</sup> 1500 Generalized Richards, R<sup>2</sup>=88.0% Daily New Cases Generalized Logistic, $R^2$ =87.3% 1000 Logistic, $R^2 = 76.0\%$ Generalized Growth, $R^2 = 16.1\%$ 500 100% **Growth Rate** 10% 1% Apr-06 Apr-16 Mar-07 Mar-17 Mar-27 May-06 Apr-26 Logistic Reported C0=79, K=28811, r=0.19 **GGM** K=30748, r=0.50, p=1.00, a=0.21r=56.63, p=0.24 K=30465, r=0.99, p=0.80

## Switzerland 10<sup>3</sup> **Total Deaths** 10<sup>2</sup> 80 Generalized Richards, $R^2$ =96.9% Generalized Logistic, $R^2 = 95.7\%$ Daily Deaths 60 Logistic, $R^2 = 91.8\%$ Generalized Growth, $R^2 = 52.8\%$ 40 20 100% Growth Rate of Deaths 10% 1% Mar-25 Apr-04 Apr-14 May-04 Apr-24 Logistic Reported C0=57, K=1792, r=0.13 **GGM** K=1888, r=0.37, p=1.00, a=0.26 r=4.88, p=0.33

K=1837, r=0.55, p=0.79

