INPs - from fundamental understanding to climate interventions

EUROCHA

Collaborators

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Learning from marine cloud brightening

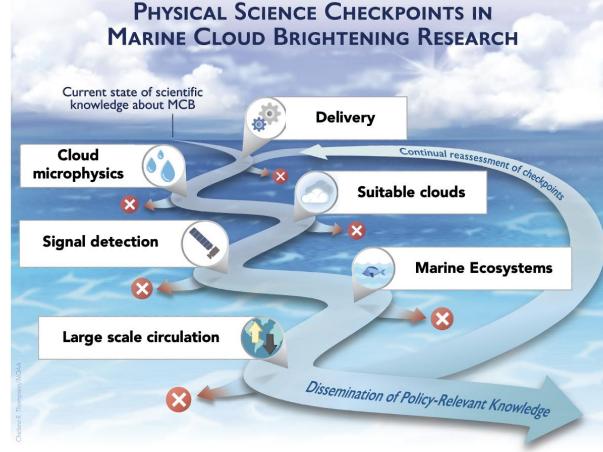


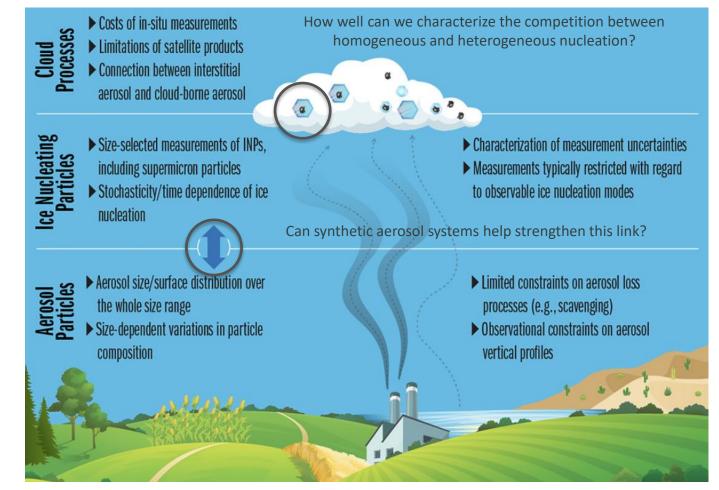
Image credit: Michael Diamond and Chelsea Thompson (CIRES and NOAA CSL, Boulder, CO - adapted

Marine cloud brightening triggering research questions across disciplinary boundaries

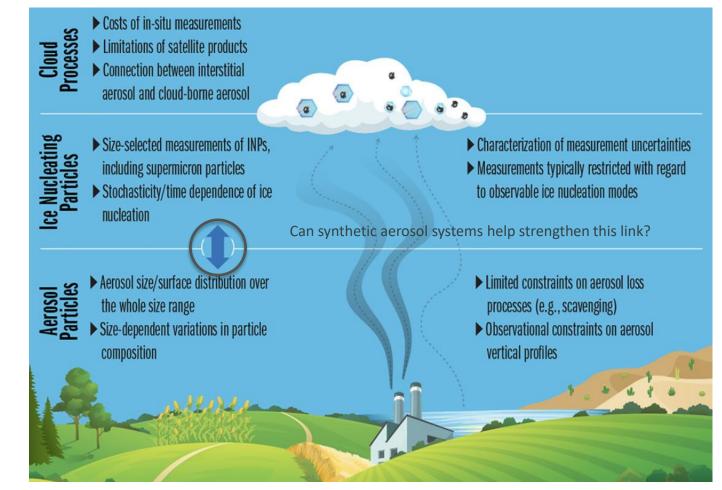
Microphysical processes as one of the biggest unknowns in assessing cloud-based radiation management



Two flavors of ice nucleation research



Burrows et al., Rev. of Geophysics, 2022



Burrows et al., Rev. of Geophysics, 2022

TUDelft

INP parameterizations based on physico-chemical properties of aerosol particles

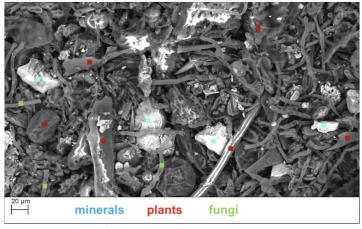


Ambient INPs

Soil particles emitted from terrestrial sources consist of complex mixtures of dust and biogenic particles.







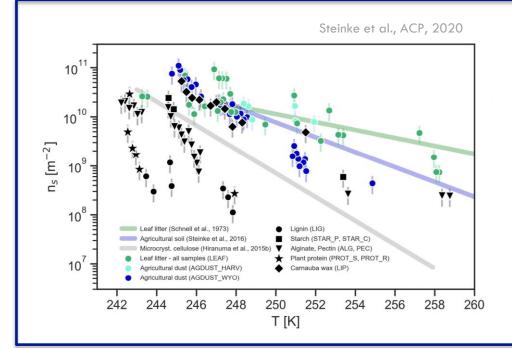




INP parameterizations based on physico-chemical properties of aerosol particles



Ambient INPs



• Large variability in ice nucleation propensities

 Individual biogenic/organic components are less ice-active than ambient samples

What is the relation between ambient samples and their individual components?



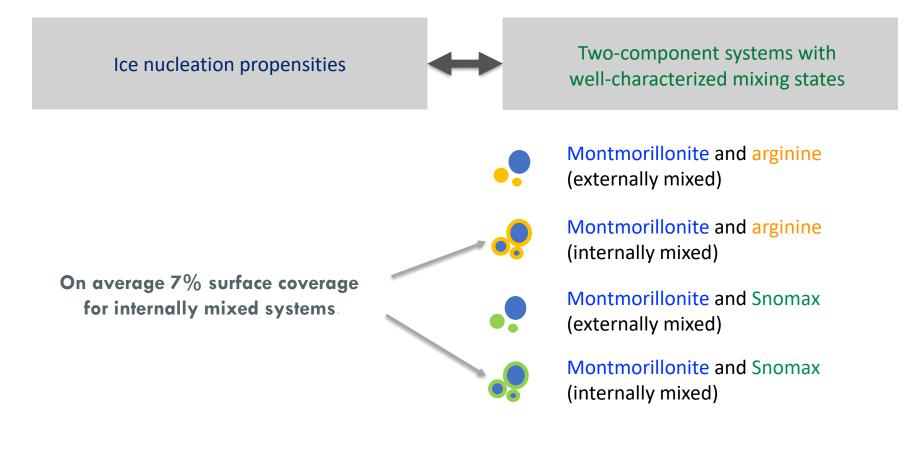
INP parameterizations based on physico-chemical properties of aerosol particles



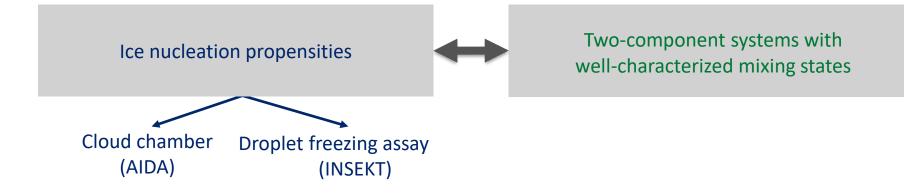
Ambient INPs

Synthetic aerosol proxies

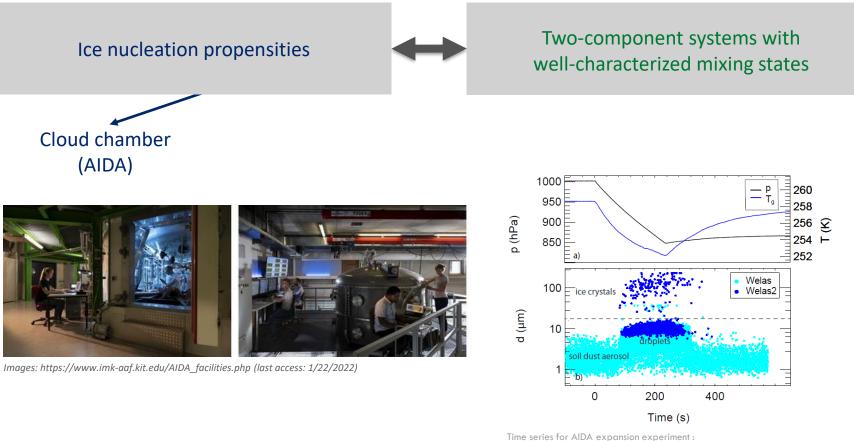






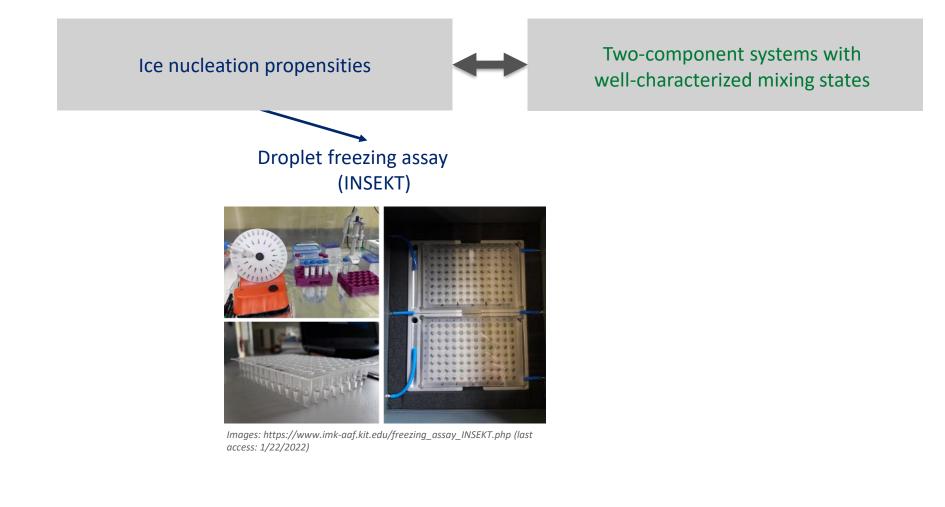






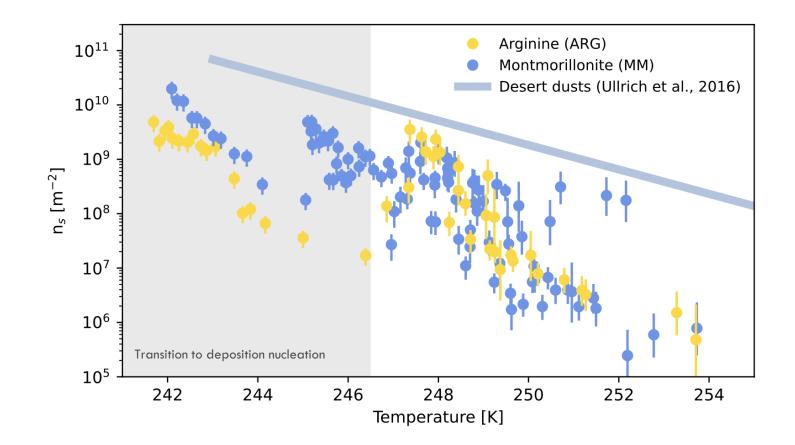
a) Decrease in gas temperature and pressure inside the AIDA chamber
b) Immersion freezing: Emergence of droplets and ice crystals





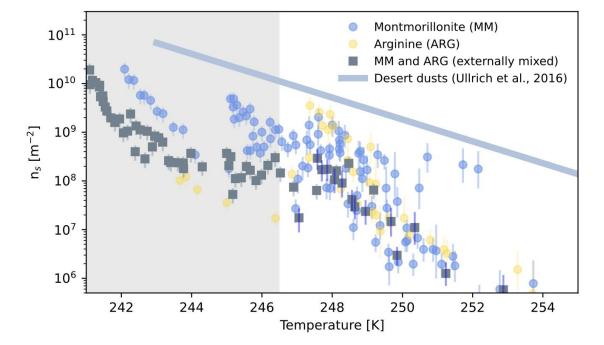


Montmorillonite and arginine





Montmorillonite and arginine

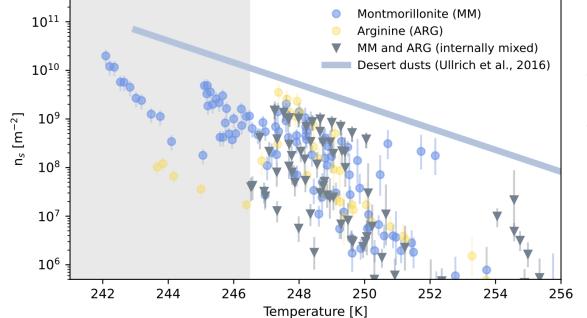


Externally mixed particles

- Equal number or more montmorillonite particles
- Average freezing efficiency similar to montmorillonite



Montmorillonite and arginine

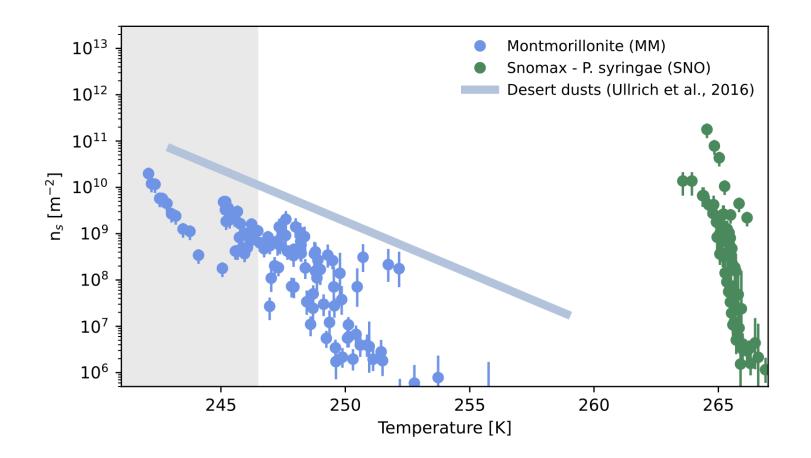




- Arginine adsorbed to montmorillonite
- Average freezing efficiency similar to montmorillonite

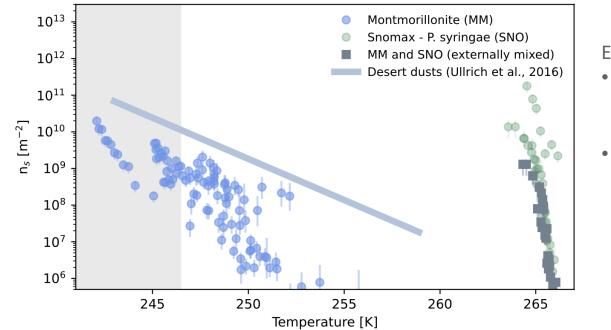


Montmorillonite and Snomax





Montmorillonite and Snomax

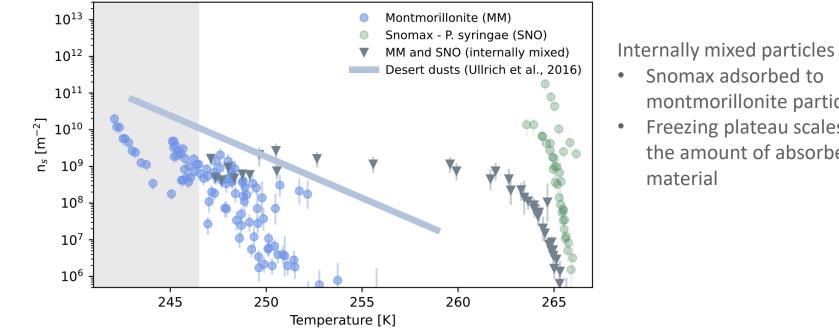


Externally mixed particles

- Only very few Snomax particles, and mostly montmorillonite
- Snomax clearly dominates freezing in the external mixture



Montmorillonite and Snomax

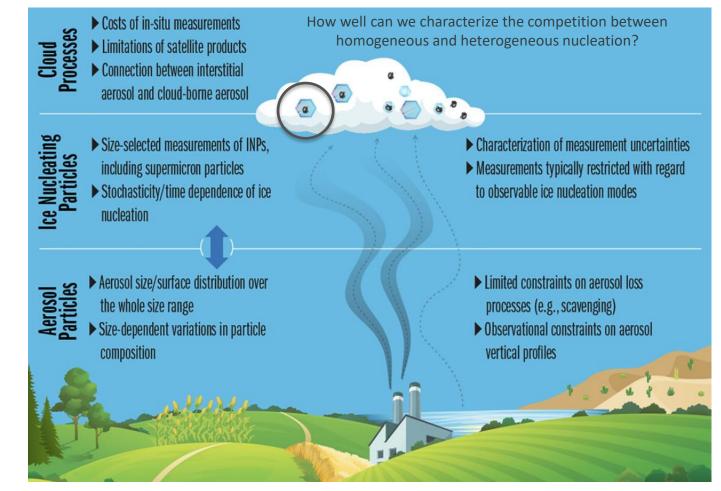




Snomax adsorbed to montmorillonite particles

Freezing plateau scales with the amount of absorbed





Burrows et al., Rev. of Geophysics, 2022

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Simulating cirrus cloud thinning (CCT) in the laboratory

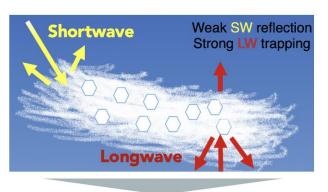




+

Solid (seeding) particles, crystalline silica, amorphous silica and calcium carbonate





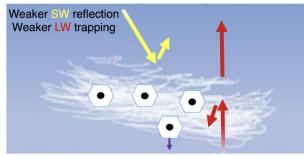


Image credit: IAC, ETH Zurich (https://iac.ethz.ch/group/atmospheric-physics/modellinggroup/aerosol-cloud-interactions-aci.html) - adapted



Investigating the competition between homogeneous and heterogeneous ice nucleation



Freezing of sulfuric acid droplets



Solid (seeding) particles, crystalline silica, amorphous silica and calcium carbonate

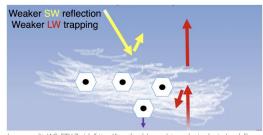
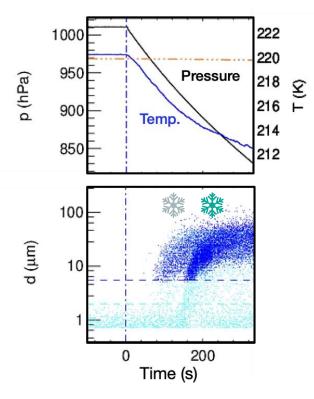


Image credit: IAC, ETH Zurich (https://iac.ethz.ch/group/atmospheric-physics/modellinggroup/aerosol-cloud-interactions-aci.html) - adapted



Simulating an ascending air parcel

- Pressure decreases from ambient level to 850 mbar
- Temperature decreases as well

Observing the formation of ice crystals

- Optical particle counters detect the formation of ice crystals
- Two different ice formation events are observed



Investigating the competition between homogeneous and heterogeneous ice nucleation



Freezing of sulfuric acid droplets



Solid (seeding) particles, crystalline silica, amorphous silica and calcium carbonate

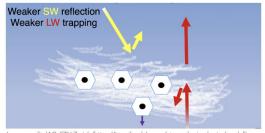
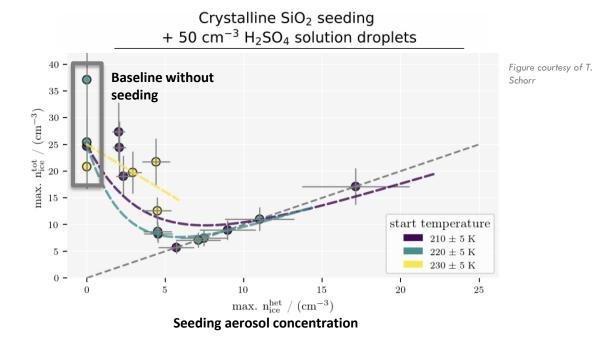


Image credit: IAC, ETH Zurich (https://iac.ethz.ch/group/atmospheric-physics/modellinggroup/aerosol-cloud-interactions-aci.html) - adapted The ice crystal concentration within a cloud critically depends on the mix between droplets and solid particles





Overseeding is complex – even in the lab!



Freezing of sulfuric acid droplets



Solid (seeding) particles, crystalline silica, amorphous silica and calcium carbonate

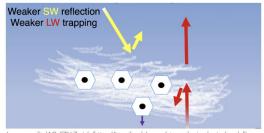
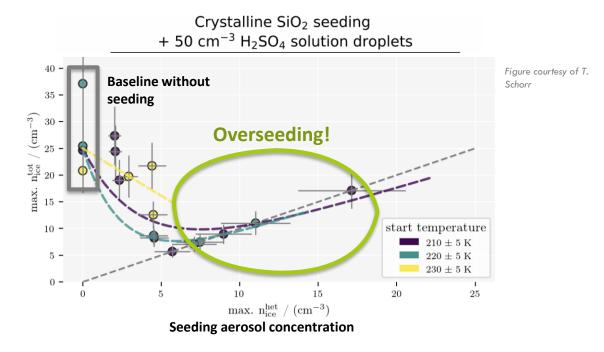


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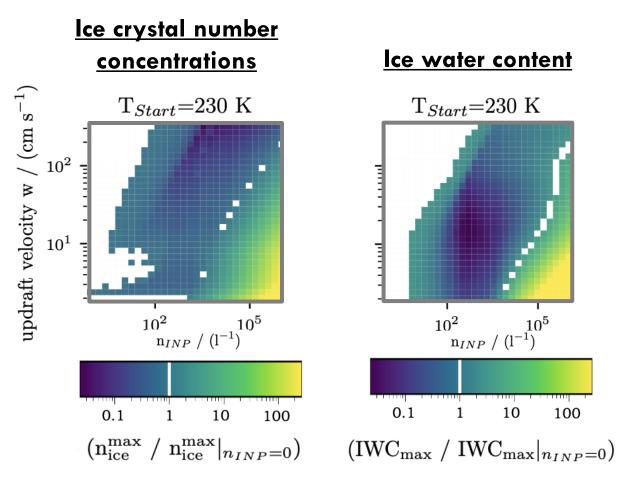


<u>Ice crystal number</u> <u>concentrations</u>

Ice water content

Simulations with the box model MAID along updraft trajectories





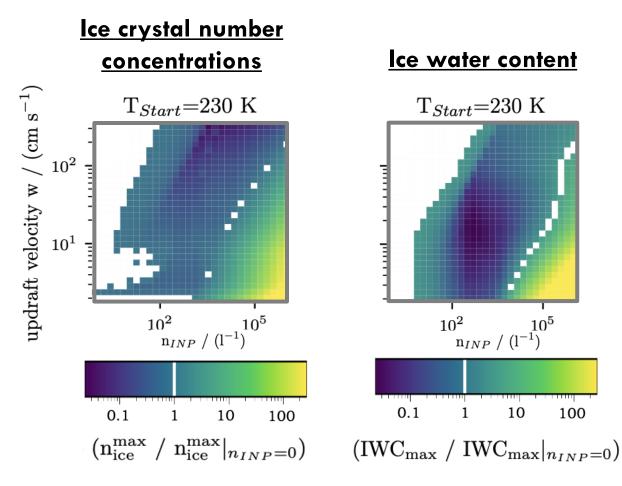
Simulations with the box model MAID along updraft trajectories



There are regions of successful seeding and overseeding.

Figures courtesy of T. Schorr

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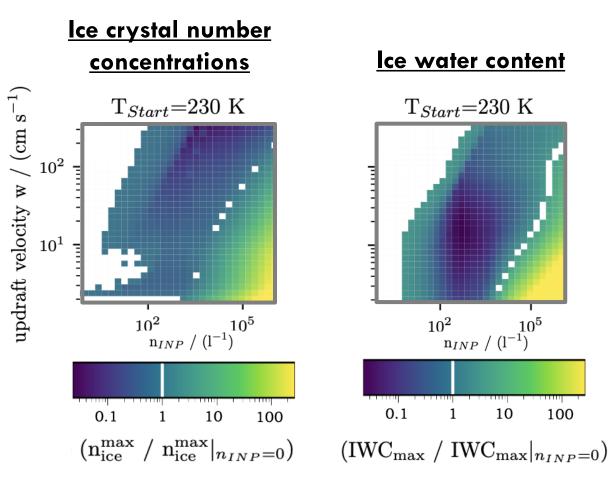
Simulations with the box model MAID along updraft trajectories



There are regions of successful seeding and overseeding.

At 210 and 220 K, a similar pattern is observed.





Simulations with the box model MAID along updraft trajectories



There are regions of successful seeding and overseeding.

> <u>Open question</u> How well is ice crystal growth captured?



Impact of updrafts with fluctuations - simulations

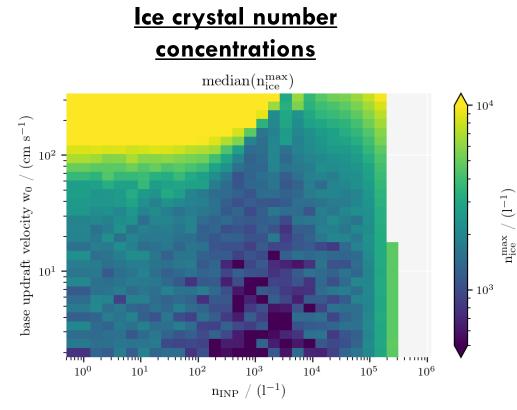


Figure courtesy of T. Schorr – all data available through KITopen (doi: 10.35097/1956)

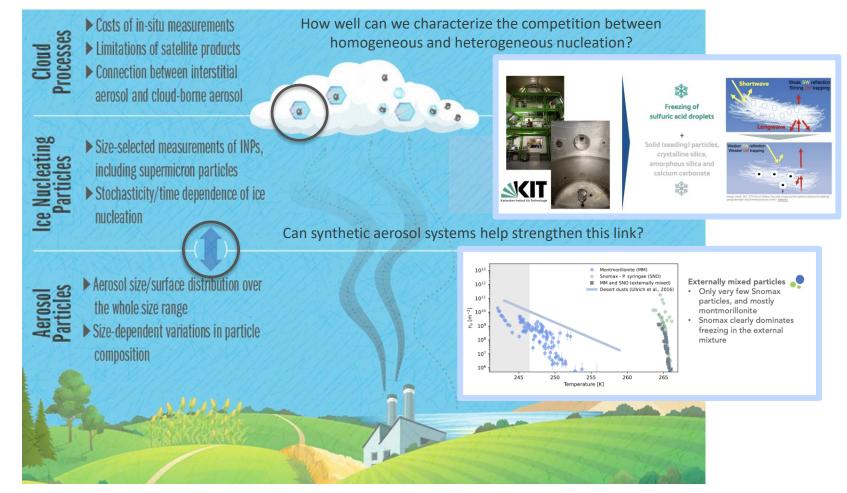
Simulations with the box model MAID along updraft trajectories with fluctuations (gravity waves)

Regions of successful seeding and overseeding are still visible, but the transitions are now blurred out.

Scenarios should be analyzed with a probabilistic approach, reflecting a higher variability in possible outcomes compared to the scenarios with uniform updrafts.



Two flavors of ice nucleation research



Burrows et al., Rev. of Geophysics, 2022

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