Reaching Inside Out

IBP PhD Congress

#12IBPPhD

April 26, 2019 Vol. 12

12 amazing talks that will change your life



+40 posters to charge up your scientific ideas

ETH zürich

eawag

dozen ways to communicate science...



Welcome!

#12th IBP PhD Congress



his year's PhD Congress is all about our research at the Institute of Biogeochemistry and Pollutant Dynamics (IBP) and how we collaborate and communicate INSIDE the very same. Next to promising opportunities within the IBP, REACHING OUT might be valuable for some of us to strengthen not only scientific bonds but also to allow for extensive communication beyond our own field. Let us use today to get an insight into the variety of research at the IBP to foster discussions. and interactions.

April 26. 2019 Forum Chriesbach Eawag, Dübendorf

Organizing Committee

Lisa Neu Regiane Sanches Natumi Samuel Bickel

Chairwoman and Chairman

Daniela Rechsteiner Philipp Staudacher

08:30 Registration & Coffee

Welcome by Chair People
Daniela Rechsteiner, Phillipp Staudacher
Opening Address
Prof. Dani Or



09:20 S

Session 1 - Tracing the Truth

Taylor Nelson

Using stable carbon isotopes to assess polyester biodegradation in soils

Anne-Marie Wefing

Tracing Atlantic waters in the Fram strait using $^{\mbox{\tiny 129}}\mbox{I}$ and $^{\mbox{\tiny 236}}\mbox{U}$

Jonas Mechelke

Tracing organic pollutants across the watersediment interface using different analytical methods



Poster Session A & Coffee

10:20

11:30

Session 2 - Action & Reaction

Annika Fiskal

Effects of eutrophication on sedimentary organic carbon cycling in five Swiss lakes

Benedict Borer

Microgravity promotes anoxic bacterial hotspots in unsaturated porous media

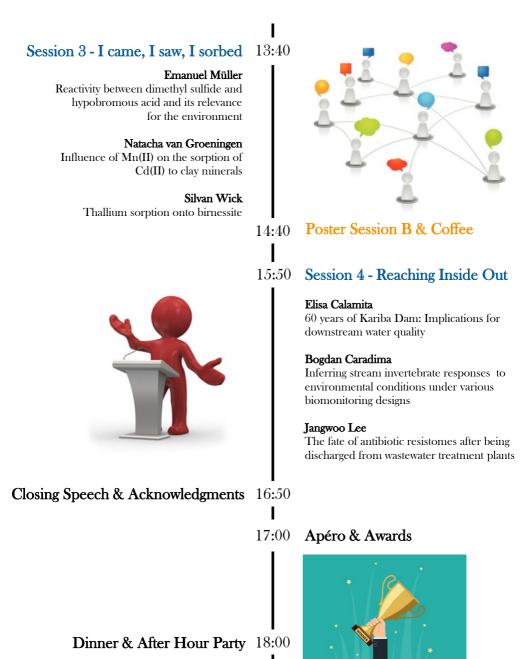
Davide Ciccarese

Jackpot events prevent ecosystem collapse in the face of environmental fluctuation



12:30 Lunch

ı



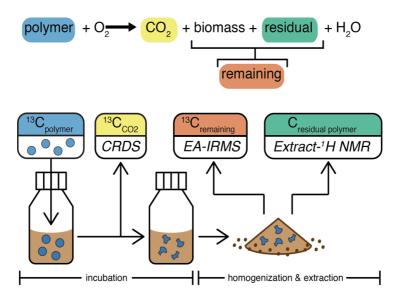
PRESENTATIONS

Taylor Nelson

Environmental Chemistry | ETH

Using stable carbon isotopes to asses polyester biodegradation in soils

The use of biodegradable polymers in agricultural applications promises to help overcome the accumulation of conventional, persistent plastics in soils; however, polymer biodegradation in soils remains poorly understood due to analytical challenges in studying this process. I will present a novel stable carbon isotope labeling approach that enables tracking of polymer carbon during biodegradation in soils. Applied to soil incubations of the polyester poly (butylene succinate) (PBS), the labeling not only allows continuously determining PBS mineralization to ¹³CO₂, but also to close mass balances on added ¹³C by quantifying ¹³C remaining in the soils. Modeling of the biodegradation data emphasizes the importance of quantifying remnant PBS in soils. The presented approach helps identify possible limitations on polymer biodegradation in soils.

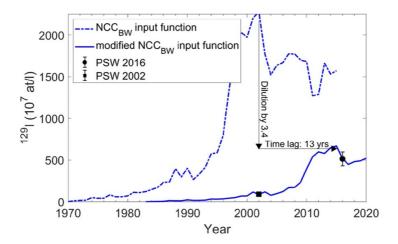


Novel analytical approach for tracking biodegradable polymer carbon into different carbon pools during biodegradation in soil.

Anne-Marie Wefing Environmental Physics | ETH

Tracing atlantic waters in the Fram Strait using 129 I and 236 U

The long-lived artificial radionuclides ¹²⁹I and ²³⁶U are known to be suitable tracers to study circulation patterns in the Nordic Seas and the Arctic Ocean due to their locally and timely constrained release by the two European nuclear reprocessing plants in Sellafield and La Hague. Seawater samples collected along a transect across the Fram Strait in 2016 revealed a significant influence of the Norwegian Coastal Current (NCC) in the surface waters outflowing the Arctic Ocean. Using a recently defined input function for ¹²⁹I and ²³⁶U entering the Arctic Ocean in the NCC, surface water transit times through the Arctic to the Fram Strait were estimated to be around 12 - 19 years.



Estimation of transit times in the outflowing polar surface waters (PSW) in the Fram Strait.

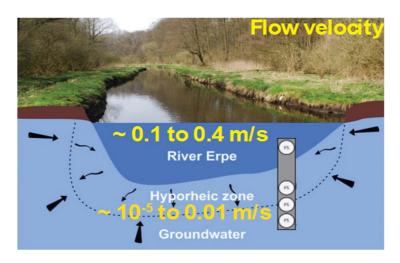
5

Jonas Mechelke

Environmental Chemistry UCHEM | EAWAG

Tracing organic pollutants across the water-sediment interface using different analytical methods

Rivers are no isolated pipes but can have multiple vertical and lateral flow paths that link them to the surrounding landscape. These links create hyporheic zones (HZ) that offer an abundance of sorption sites and excellent conditions for biotransformation. Still, only few studies have focused on the fate of organic pollutants in HZ and its contribution to the self-purification of rivers. In the context of the European training network HypoTRAIN, we developed, validated and partly applied different analytical methods (passive sampling, enantiomeric fractionation, improved water sample preparation, mass spectrometry workflows) at a river and in mesocosms to trace the attenuation of organic pollutants in the HZ. Advantages and limitations of the different methods will be presented with some illustrative examples.



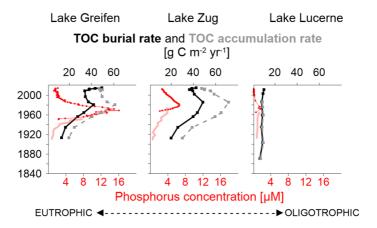
Passive sampling of polar organic pollutants across the water-sediment interface of river Erpe in Berlin.

Annika Fiskal

Environmental Microbiology | ETH

Effects of eutrophication on sedimentary organic carbon cycling in five Swiss lakes

Increased phosphorus (P) concentrations in lake water due to anthropogenic inputs can stimulate primary production and lead to oxygen depletion due to enhanced organic matter degradation. Yet, the effects on total organic carbon (TOC) accumulation and microbial respiration in underlying sediments are not well known. We study these effects using sedimentary records of five Swiss lakes covering the last 180 years. Our results show that sediments from lakes that experienced strongly elevated P concentrations have higher TOC accumulation, total respiration, and methanogenesis rates, but the zonation of redox reactions or microbial cell numbers are not significantly affected. Furthermore, despite recent decreases in P concentrations and artificial aeration, TOC accumulation remains high, perhaps due to recycling of sedimentary P to overlying water.



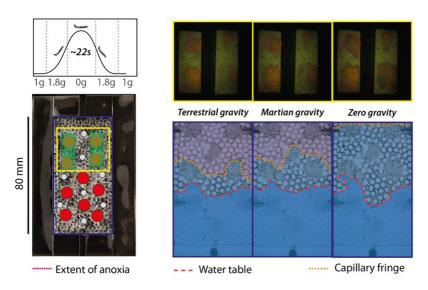
TOC burial rates (black solid lines), reconstructed TOC accumulation rates (dashed grey lines), measured water column total P concentrations (dark red dotted lines), and reconstructed water column total P concentrations (pale red solid lines) all plotted against sediment age at various lakes and lake stations. TOC burial rates are based on the amount of TOC that is currently present in sediments of different ages. Reconstructed TOC accumulation rates are corresponding estimates of the amount of TOC that was accumulating at the sediment surface at the time that each sediment layer was located at the sediment surface.

Benedict Borer

Soil and Terrestrial Environmental Physics | ETH

Microgravity promotes anoxic bacterial hotspots in unsaturated porous media

Human endeavours into deep space exploration and establishing colonies on nearby planets would invariably involve plant-based bio regenerative life support. Growing plants and their biomes in porous media under different gravitational fields may present new challenges due to capillary dominance of liquid distribution and related gas supply restrictions to roots and microorganism. We provide direct evidence that liquid reconfiguration under reduced gravity conditions promote bacterially mediated anoxic hot spots in unsaturated porous media. Experiments using sintered glass beads inoculated with selected bacterial species exhibited systematic onset of anoxic conditions during reduced gravity periods. Enhanced anoxic conditions in growth media could affect N₂O and CH₄ emissions to the cabin atmosphere, but offer favourable conditions for detoxifying Mars regolith through bioremediation of perchlorate.



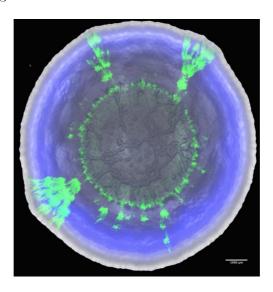
Microcosm, aqueous phase distribution and oxygen optode measurements during 3^{nl} Swiss Parabolic Flight campaign.

Davide Ciccarese

Environmental Microbiology UMIK | EAWAG

Jackpot events prevent ecosystem collapse in the face of environmental fluctuation

Microbial communities face temporal fluctuations in their local environmental conditions. These changes in local environmental conditions can affect the spatial self-organization of microbial communities. Spatial self-organization can have profound effects on the metabolic processes, ecology, and evolution of microbial communities. Our goal is to address the following two questions. How do temporal fluctuations in environmental conditions affect spatial self-organization? Do these temporal fluctuations affect the long-term stability and functioning of microbial communities? We addressed these questions using a cross-feeding community composed of two strains of the bacterium *Pseudomonas stutzeri*. We found that fluctuations between environments that promote mutualism or competition do indeed reduce the stability of the microbial community as a whole as a result of the strength of the mutualistic interaction.



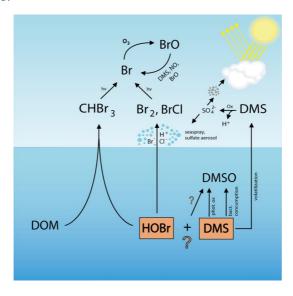
Confocal laser scanning image of a bacterial colony after 350 h of expansion under fluctuating environment.

Emanuel Müller

Inorganic Environmental Geochemistry | EAWAG

Reactivity between dimethylsulfide and hypobromous acid and its relevance for the environment.

Previously, we reported high reactivity between the climate-active compound dimethylsulfide (DMS) and the strong oxidant hypobromous acid (HOBr), which are both produced by marine algae. This high reactivity might have two consequences: (i) HOBr may present a sink for marine DMS and (ii) this reaction may compete with the reaction between HOBr and dissolved organic matter, which results in the ozone degrading compound bromoform. In a combined experimental and modeling approach we showed that HOBr is indeed an important sink for DMS. Furthermore, in batch and reactor experiments, performed at environmentally relevant [DMS]:[DOM] ratios, we demonstrated that the reaction between DMS and HOBr leads to reduced bromoform formation. The reaction between HOBr and DMS seems thus relevant in marine waters.

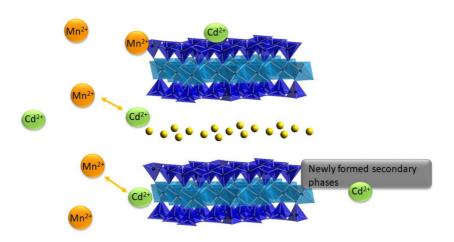


The reaction between HOBr and DMS potentially links the marine Br and S cycle.

Natacha Van Groeningen Soil Chemistry | ETH

Influence of Mn(II) on the sorption of Cd(II) to clay minerals

Cadmium is one of the main contaminant in rice paddy soils. Water-saturation of paddy soils can cause elevated dissolved concentrations of Mn²⁺ as a result of reductive dissolution of Mn(IV,III)-(oxyhydr)oxides. High concentrations of Mn²⁺ are expected to trigger a mobilization of trace elements (e.g., Zn²⁺ and Cd²⁺) due to competition for cation adsorption to mineral surfaces. Since clay minerals are considered major sorbent phases for cations in anoxic environments, our objective was to investigate how Mn²⁺ influences Cd²⁺ sorption onto two clay minerals. It was found that cadmium mobility and bioavailability in soils under reducing conditions can be affected by elevated Mn²⁺ concentration through competitive sorption and concomitantly by the formation of new secondary phases able to incorporate or sorb Cd.



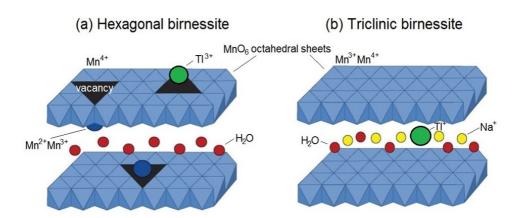
Mn² competing for sorption with Cd² onto a montmorillonite and possible formation of new secondary phases with incorporation or sorption into secondary phases.

Silvan Wick

Water Resources and Drinking Water W&T | EAWAG

Thallium sorption onto birnessite

Thallium (Tl) is a highly toxic trace element and may pose serious threat to human health. In the environment, Tl commonly occurs as monovalent Tl¹ and, to a lesser extent, as trivalent Tlⁿ. Birnessites are important sorbents for Tl in soils. It has been shown that hexagonal birnessite can oxidatively sequester Tlⁿ, whereas triclinic birnessite binds Tl¹ without oxidation. Using a combination of batch sorption experiments and X-ray absorption spectroscopy, we studied the mode and extent of Tl sorption onto synthetic δ-MnO₂ and triclinic birnessite. Our results provide insights into variations in the mode of Tl uptake by Mn-oxides, and serve as a basis for a better understanding of the impact of Mn-oxides on the mobility of Tl in soils.



Thallium uptake mechanisms by (a) hexagonal (lower crystalline analogue: δ -MnO2) and (b) triclinic birnessite.

Elisa Calamita Aquatic Chemistry | ETH

60 years of Kariba Dam: implications for downstream water quality

The fast growing African population triggers a rising demand of water, food and energy. Such needs lead to major anthropogenic pressures on African River systems. Among others, the ongoing boom of dam constructions will change water quantity and quality. In this study, we assess the water quality alteration by large dams in tropical regions and we use Lake Kariba as a test case. We aggregated a unified database of observed lake profiles of water temperature and dissolved oxygen for the sixty years of Lake Kariba. Moreover, we produced frequency maps to describe the interannual variation of water temperature and dissolved oxygen at each lake depth. Finally, through a modelling approach, we quantify the impact of the reservoir on downstream water temperature and dissolved oxygen concentrations.



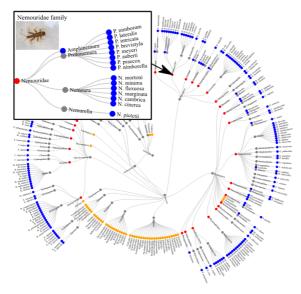
Kariba Dam located along the Zambezi River at the border between Zambia and Zimbabwe.

Bogdan Caradima

Systems Analysis, Integrated Assessment and Modeling SIAM | EAWAG

Inferring stream invertebrate responses to environmental conditions under various biomonitoring designs

Our ability to infer anthropogenic impacts from biomonitoring data of stream invertebrates depends on key aspects of biomonitoring design, including the taxonomic resolution, sampling locations, and sampling frequency. In this study, we prepare four datasets from Swiss federal and cantonal biomonitoring programs that differ in these key aspects of design. Using a multi-species distribution model, we analyze how differences among the datasets affect our ability to quantify the effect and relative importance of selected natural and anthropogenic environmental conditions, and to predict distributions of taxa. We show that multi-species models can contribute to the selection of specific taxa for identification at higher taxonomic resolutions, potentially facilitating the standardization and combination of multiple biomonitoring datasets at mixed taxonomic resolutions.



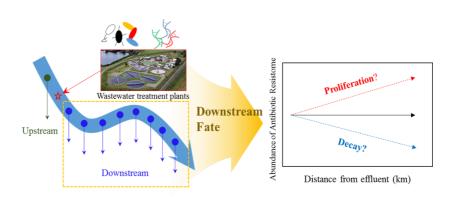
The taxonomy of stream invertebrate taxa in the Swiss Biodiversity Monitoring program, with the stonefly family Nemouridae highlighted. Identifying taxa at higher taxonomic resolutions is costly and technically difficult, but can reveal more diverse and significant responses to environmental conditions.

Jangwoo Lee

Surface Waters Research and Management SURF | EAWAG

The fate of antibiotic resistomes after being discharged from wastewater treatment plants

Since its introduction to human medicine, the consumption of antibiotics has increased rapidly, and the bacterial resistance has been developed accordingly. Wastewater treatment plants (WWTPs) have been indicated as major routes for discharging antibiotic resistomes. In this study, the impact of two Swiss WWTPs on their receiving rivers and the downstream fate of antibiotic resistomes were investigated. Antibiotic resistant bacteria were analyzed using heterotrophic plate counts, and resistance genes were measured by quantitative PCR. Antibiotic resistant bacteria and genes decreased rapidly within 2.0 – 2.5 km downstream distance, but some genes increased in the further downstream for certain campaigns. The detailed results will be discussed during the congress, and further investigated after analyzing flow cytometry, 16S rRNA amplicon-, and metagenome sequencing data.



Antibiotic resistant bacteria and genes downstream a wastewater treatment plant.

POSTER SESSION A

A01 Kathrin Baumann

Nitrogen turnover and microbial communities in lake sediments

A02 Sami Ben Said

A spatially organized microbial consortium for the conversion of cellulose to methane

A03 Charlotte Bopp

Using isotope effects to understand enzymatic oxygenation kinetics

A04 Mattia Cerri

Quantitative kinetics of polyester hydrolysis by simultaneous detection of embedded fluorogenic markers

A05 Alma Dal Co

Short-range interactions govern cellular dynamics in microbial multigenotype systems

A06 Francisca De Bruijn

Monitoring of agricultural derived natural estrogens in Swiss surface waters

A07 Werner Leonardo Desiante

Biotransformation linked to the adaptation history of stream biofilms

A08 Flora Desmet

Ocean acidification extreme events in the California Current System

A09 Deniz Disa

Spatio-temporal variabilities in coral reef biogeochemistry

A10 Tomy Doda

Density currents induced by differential cooling in lakes: field observations

A11 Barbara Günthardt

Suspect screening for phytotoxins - occurrence of natural toxins in surface waters

A12 Surya Gupta

Using vegetation attributes to represent soil structure effects in pedotransfer functions

A13 Xingguo Han

Eutrophication and organic matter sources control microbial communities in lake sediments

A14 Kevin Hoffmann

Environmental conditions controlling the behaviour of metal sulfide nanoparticles

A15 Urs Hofmann Elizondo

Marine biomes based on global species occurence projections

A16 Edith Horstmann

Noble gas analysis of black smoker sediments

A17 Joanna Houska

An unresolved puzzle: linking oxidation by-products in the water matrix to heir precursors

A18 Andrea Mancini

The fate of iron in cementitious environments

A19 Xingyu Liu

Sampling of labile As(III) in Chinese paddy rice soils using DGT technique

POSTER SESSION B

B01 Karin Kiefer

Broad groundwater screening reveals new pesticide transformation products

B02 Hannah Kleyer

Trends in bacterial community stability-diversity under hydration cycles

B03 Eike Köhn

Oxygen extreme events in the Eastern Tropical Pacific

B04 Alexandra Lightfoot

The role of gases in an arsenic contaminated aquifer

B05 Domitille Louchard

Phytoplankton community struture and carbon export in the Amazon River plume

B06 Yinyin Ma

Evolvability of spatial self-organization during microbial range expansion

B07 Marie-Sophie Maier

Carbon cycling in different aquatic compartments of the Danube Delta

B08 Karin MacKevett

Effects of organic matter quality on arsenic (im)mobilisation

B09 Alessandro Manfrin

Substituent effect on the direct photodegradation of benzotrifluorides

B10 Rachele Ossola

Understanding sulfate production from photosensitized degradation of cysteine

B11 Carla Perez Mon

Impact of temperatures and carbon and nutrients' increase on High-Arctic microbial communities

B12 Vanessa Povolo

Drivers of metabolism-dependent growth strategy transitions in microbial collectives

B13 Daniela Rechsteiner

Determination of natural estrogens in Swiss cattle and pig manure

B14 Damiano Righetti

Global patterns of phytoplankton diversity

B15 Lena Schinkel

POPs in microplastics in the South Atlantic gyre and their environmental risks

B16 Carina Schönsee

Using column chromatography to assess natural toxin mobility in the aquatic environment

B17 Katharina Sodnikar

Fate of double-stranded ribonucleic acid (dsRNA) plant incorporated protectants (PIPs) in agricultural soils

B18 Pascal Wiesli

Off-flavour control in land-based salmon production

B19 Lin Boynton

The effect of solution chemistry on DNA adsorption to soil minerals

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

Ackermann	Martin	Professor	martin.ackermann@env.ethz.ch
Ammann	Lorenz	PhD Student	lorenz.ammann@eawag.ch
Anliker	Sabine	PhD Student	sabine.anliker@eawag.ch
Ashta	Narain	MSc Student	nastha@student.ethz.ch
Bärenbold	Fabian	PhD Student	fabian.baerenbold@eawag.ch
Baumann	Kathrin	PhD Student	kathrin.baumann@eawag.ch
Ben Said	Sami	PhD Student	sami.bensaid@usys.ethz.ch
Benedetti	Fabio	Post Doc	fabio.benedetti@usys.ethz.ch
Berg	Jasmine	Post Doc	jasmine.berg@usys.ethz.ch
Berg	Michael	Professor	michael.berg@eawag.ch
Béziat	Pauline	MSc Student	pbeziat@student.ethz.ch
Bickel	Samuel	PhD Student	samuel.bickel@usys.ethz.ch
Biswakarma	Jagannath	PhD Student	jagannath.biswakarma@eawag.ch
Bolotin	Jakov	Technician	jakov.bolotin@eawag.ch
Bopp	Charlotte	PhD Student	charlotte.bopp@eawag.ch
Borduas-Dedekind	Nadine	Senior Scientist	nadine.borduas@usys.ethz.ch
Borer	Benedict	PhD Student	benedict.borer@usys.ethz.ch
Bouchet	Sylvain	Post Doc	sylvain.bouchet@usys.ethz.ch
Boynton	Lin	MSc Student	lboynton@student.ethz.ch
Bretzler	Anja	Post Doc	anja.bretzler@eawag.ch
Breuninger	Esther	PhD Student	esther.breuninger@usys.ethz.ch
Bürgmann	Helmut	Senior Scientist	helmut.buergmann@eawag.ch
Calamita	Elisa	PhD Student	elisa.calamita@usys.ethz.ch
Caradima	Bogdan	PhD Student	bogdan.caradima@eawag.ch
Cerri	Mattia	PhD Student	mattia.cerri@usys.ethz.ch
Chalifour	Annie	Post Doc	annie.chalifour@eawag.ch
Ciccarese	Davide	PhD Student	davide.ciccarese@eawag.ch
Clemens	Glombitza	Post Doc	clemens.glombitza@gmail.com
Dal Co	Alma	PhD Student	alma.dalco@gmail.com
Davis	Caroline	PhD Student	caroline.davis@eawag.ch
De Bruijn	Francisca	MSc Student	francisca.debruijn@agroscope.admin.ch
Deng	Longhui	PhD Student	longhui.deng@usys.ethz.ch
Desiante	Werner	PhD Student	werner.desiante@eawag.ch
Desmet	Flora	PhD Student	flora.desmet@usys.ethz.ch
Disa	Deniz	PhD Student	deniz.disa@usys.ethz.ch
Doda	Tomy	PhD Student	tomy.doda@eawag.ch
Du	Letian	MSc Student	letian.du@eawag.ch
Eggen	Hendrikus	Professor	rik.eggen@eawag.ch
Fang	Xu	PhD Student	xu.fang@usys.ethz.ch
Fantappiè	Giulia	PhD Student	giulia.fantappie@usys.ethz.ch
Fiskal	Annika	PhD Student	annika.fiskal@usys.ethz.ch
			•

Fragner	Lisa	MSc Student	lisa.fragner@eawag.ch
Furrer	Gerhard	Professor	gerhard.furrer@env.ethz.ch
Gajendra	Niroshan	PhD Student	niroshan.gajendra@gmail.com
Ghadiri	Elaheh	PhD Student	elaheh.ghadiri@eawag.ch
Grigg	Andrew	PhD Student	andrew.grigg@usys.ethz.ch
Gruber	Nicolas	Professor	nicolas.gruber@env.ethz.ch
Günthardt	Barbara	PhD Student	barbara.guenthardt@agroscope.admin.ch
Gupta	Surya	PhD Student	surya.gupta@usys.ethz.ch
Haaf	David	Research Assistant	david.haaf@eawag.ch
Han	Xingguo	Technician	xingguo.han@usys.ethz.ch
Hering	Janet	Professor	janet.hering@eawag.ch
Höfer	Christoph	Post Doc	christoph.hoefer@usys.ethz.ch
Hoffmann	Kevin	PhD Student	kevin.hoffmann@usys.ethz.ch
Hofmann Elizondo	Urs	PhD Student	urs.hofmann@usys.ethz.ch
Hofstetter	Thomas	Senior Scientist	thomas.hofstetter@eawag.ch
Hollender	Juliane	Professor	juliane.hollender@eawag.ch
Horstmann	Edith	PhD Student	edith.horstmann@eawag.ch
Houska	Joanna	PhD Student	joanna.houska@eawag.ch
Hülsmann	Matthias	PhD Student	matthias.huelsmann@eawag.ch
Janssen	Elisabeth	Senior Scientist	elisabeth.janssen@eawag.ch
Jones	Martin	Post Doc	martin.jones@eawag.ch
Joshi	Prachi	Post Doc	prachi.joshi@usys.ethz.ch
Kiefer	Karin	PhD Student	karin.kiefer@eawag.ch
Kleyer	Hannah	PhD Student	hannah.kleyer@usys.ethz.ch
Köhn	Eike	PhD Student	eike.koehn@usys.ethz.ch
Kretzschmar	Ruben	Professor	kretzschmar@env.ethz.ch
Kubeneck	Joëlle	PhD Student	luisa.kubeneck@usys.ethz.ch
Lagostina	Lorenzo	PhD Student	lorenzo.lagostina@usys.ethz.ch
Lauper	Benedikt	PhD Student	benedikt.lauper@eawag.ch
Le Bras	Zoé	PhD Student	zoe.lebras@usys.ethz.ch
Lee	Jangwoo	PhD Student	jangwoo.lee@eawag.ch
Leist	Lisa	PhD Student	leistlisa@web.de
Lever	Mark	Professor	mark.lever@usys.ethz.ch
Lightfoot	Alexandra	PhD Student	alex.lightfoot@eawag.ch
Lim	Sungeun	PhD Student	sungeun.lim@eawag.ch
Liu	Xiaowan	PhD Student	xiaowan.liu@eawag.ch
Liu	Xingyu	MSc Student	liuxin@student.ethz.ch
Louchard	Domitille	PhD Student	domitille.louchard@usys.ethz.ch
Ma	Yinyin	PhD Student	yinyin.ma@eawag.ch
MacKevett	Karin	MSc Student	karin.mackevett@eawag.ch
Maier	Marie-Sophie	PhD Student	marie-sophie.maier@usys.ethz.ch

Mairinger	Teresa	Post Doc	teresa.mairinger@eawag.ch	
Mancini	Andrea	PhD Student	andrea.mancini@psi.ch	
Manfrin	Alessandro	PhD Student	alessandro.manfrin@usys.ethz.ch	
Mansfeldt	Cresten	Post Doc	cresten.mansfeldt@eawag.ch	
Marcotullio	Sandro	MSc Student	sandrmar@student.ethz.ch	
Mechelke	Jonas	PhD Student	jonas.mechelke@eawag.ch	
Meiler	Simona	MSc Student	meilers@student.ethz.ch	
Mohammadi	Ali	MSc Student	moali@student.ethz.ch	
Moor	Kyle	Post Doc	kyle.moor@usys.ethz.ch	
Müller	Emanuel	PhD Student	emanuel.mueller@eawag.ch	
Naim	Sahar	PhD Student	sahar.naim@usys.ethz.ch	
Nelson	Taylor	PhD Student	taylor.nelson@usys.ethz.ch	
Neu	Lisa	PhD Student	lisa.neu@eawag.ch	
N'Guyen	Anouk	Teaching Coord.	anouk.nguyen@outlook.com	
Niederdorfer	Robert	Post Doc	robert.niederdorfer@eawag.ch	
Or	Dani	Professor	dani.or@env.ethz.ch	
Ossola	Rachele	PhD Student	rachele.ossola@usys.ethz.ch	
Partanen	Sarah	PhD Student	sarah.partanen@usys.ethz.ch	
Perez Mon	Carla	PhD Student	carla.perezmon@wsl.ch	
Pflug	Nicholas	Post Doc	nicholas.pflug@usys.ethz.ch	
Povolo	Vanessa	PhD Student	povolov@ethz.ch	
Rechsteiner	Daniela	PhD Student	daniela.rechsteiner@agroscope.admin.ch	
Reichert	Peter	Professor	peter.reichert@eawag.ch	
Remke	Stephanie	PhD Student	stephanie.remke@eawag.ch	
Ren	Dandan	PhD Student	dandan.ren@eawag.ch	
Righetti	Damiano	PhD Student	damiano.righetti@env.ethz.ch	
Rothwell	Katherine	Post Doc	katherine.rothwell@usys.ethz.ch	
Sanches Natumi	Regiane	PhD Student	regiane.sanchesnatumi@eawag.ch	
Sander	Michael	Senior Scientist	michael.sander@env.ethz.ch	
Sauzeat	Lucie	Post Doc	lucie.sauzeat@usys.ethz.ch	
Schinkel	Lena	PhD Student	lena.schinkel@empa.ch	
Schmid	Martin	Senior Scientist	martin.schmid@eawag.ch	
Schmit	Markus	PhD Student	markus.schmitt@usys.ethz.ch	
Schönenberger	Urs	PhD Student	urs.schoenenberger@eawag.ch	
Schönsee	Carina	PhD Student	carina.schoensee@agroscope.admin.ch	
Schubert	Carsten	Senior Scientist	carsten.schubert@eawag.ch	
Schulz	Katrin	PhD Student	katrin.schulz@usys.ethz.ch	
Schuwirth	Nele	Senior Scientist	nele.schuwirth@eawag.ch	
Seller	Carolin	PhD Student	carolin.seller@eawag.ch	
Sodnikar	Katharina	PhD Student	katharina.sodnikar@usys.ethz.ch	
Staudacher	Philipp	PhD Student	philipp.staudacher@eawag.ch	

Stopelli	Emiliano	Post Doc	emiliano.stopelli@eawag.ch
Tecon	Robin	Post Doc	robin.tecon@usys.ethz.ch
Thoma	Raoul	PhD Student	raoul.thoma@eawag.ch
Tolu	Julie	Senior Scientist	julie.tolu@eawag.ch
Van Groeningen	Natacha	PhD Student	natacha.vangroeningen@usys.ethz.ch
Wefing	Anne-Marie	PhD Student	awefing@phys.ethz.ch
Wehrli	Bernhard	Professor	wehrli@eawag.ch
Weiss	Frederik	PhD Student	frederik.weiss@eawag.ch
Wick	Silvan	PhD Student	silvan.wick@eawag.ch
Widmer	Lara	Research Assistant	lara.widmer@eawag.ch
Winkel	Lenny	Professor	lenny.winkel@eawag.ch
Winton	Robert	Post Doc	scott.winton@gmail.com
Zhou	Lingfeng	PhD Student	lingfeng.zhou@eawag.ch
Zhu	Biqing	PhD Student	biqing.zhu@usys.ethz.ch
Zimmermann	Matthias	PhD Student	matthias.zimmermann@eawag.ch